NOTES FROM THE DIRECTOR

National Information Policy

n November 1986 General Council put Vational Information Policy at the top of its ist of priorities, along with membership reruitment and retention. It requested all tates hold NIP seminars within the next 12 nonths to familiarise the profession with NIP ssues and to ensure that all members of the Association were able to put forward a case or NIP.

So far this year three states — South Ausralia, Queensland and Western Australia ave held National Information Policy semnars and I was privileged to attend and speak it seminars held in Queensland and Western Australia on 29 May and 2 June respectively. Both seminars were tremendously successful, with very enthusiastic participation from a good number of delegates, and it was interestng to see that NIP is certainly creating an inerest among members of the Association.

As reported in an earlier issue of *InCite*, deneral Council made three major decisions in National Information Policy at its April neeting. Firstly, it adopted an NIP statement, which appeared in *InCite* No. 7, secondly it indorsed a proposal put forward by the Past President, Ian McCallum, to set up a program of model libraries, and thirdly, it established i working party to develop the Association's trategy on National Information Policy. It ilso made General Councillors the state conact for NIP.

The working party met on 25 May and conidered a number of areas for further action. Firstly, it looked more closely at the model lipraries proposal and asked Ian McCallum to repare a detailed paper for state Branches of he Association, outlining exactly how the orogram would work. The paper asks each tate and territory to identify a list of librares which could be used for visiting politiians, senior bureaucrats, etc. It is proposed hat the visits be tailor-made to suit the indiidual needs of the person being shown the lioraries. It is believed that the program will leighten public awareness and be far more efective than paper submissions on NIP. The AcCallum paper is now available and those

people interested may obtain a copy by contacting me at Head Office.

The working party also looked at the preparation of a lobbying kit and this is being prepared by Alex Byrne who is going to include things like the LAA Statement on NIP, a list of facts on NIP, a list suggesting people to lobby, information about lobbyists, suggested promotional activities, the McCallum paper on the model libraries program, a bibliography on National Information Policy, and LAA contacts who will be useful during the lobbying process. It is proposed that the kit will be ready by September 1987.

The third area of interest to the working party was an advertising campaign, and we are currently looking at the cost of running advertisements in newspapers and on radio, and possibly television. Such advertising is expensive and the possibility of obtaining sponsors for this campaign is currently being explored. The working party is also trying to get articles on NIP published in relevant journals, and a list of these is presently being drawn up.

The fourth area which the working party considered was a petition to the Government calling for a National Information Policy. The working party was not sure whether petitions are effective, and it was noted that it is absolutely vital that it is presented to the right person and is accompanied by a great deal of publicity. The idea of a petition would be to get signatures from the library profession and, more importantly, from library users, but it was recognised that such a petition would be a lot of work. It has therefore been decided to seek the views of some supportive politicians to judge the value of such an effort.

The working party also endorsed the Cabinet submission which is being prepared by the Department of Science. This has been in preparation for some time and the most recent draft is now available. The submission calls for the setting up of an Australian Council on Information Policy and the Association has endorsed the general thrust of this document. It is obvious that there will be no action on the Cabinet submission until after the 11 July election, but it is hoped that the submission will receive attention in the not too distant future.

The one message coming out of the seminars on National Information Policy is that as a profession librarians are not good lobbyists and that it is vitally important that we lift our game. As Ian McCallum pointed out last year when he and I attended a meeting with the Minister for Science, Barry Jones, we were probably the only librarians talking to a politician that month.

/

If we are to be successful inour National Information Policy campaign it is critical that the whole profession becomes aware of the importance of National Information Policy and plays its part by lobbying its Federal Member.

If you are interested in finding out more about what you can do to help in this campaign, please contact your state General Councillor or the Director or Educational and Industrial Services Manager at LAA Head Office.

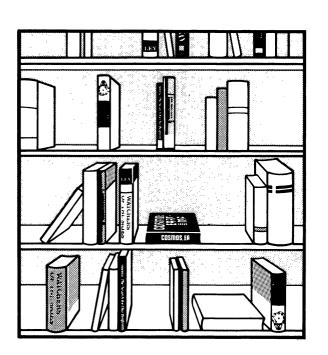
Professional Indemnity Insurance

The Association has recently looked at the possibility of offering professional indemnity insurance to its members. For a number of years there have been people within the profession who have raised the question of legal responsibility of librarians, and the matter of professional indemnity has been discussed, particularly in the field of medical libraries.

The Association has decided not to go ahead with offering professional indemnity insurance because the premiums are very expensive, and with the quotes we received in the vicinity of about \$600 per annum per person. The advice we received from our insurance brokers indicates that most librarians who are in permanent employment would be covered by a professional indemnity policy carried by their employer. The persons who are most at risk, and it should be emphasised that the risk is small compared to professions such as architecture and medicine, are librarians who are working on a consultancy basis. It would appear that there are only two insurance companies in Australia offering professional indemnity insurance.

Should any member require further information I would be happy to pass on what I know, however I must emphasise that there is only a slight risk to members of the Association and this is primarily in the area of the self-employed.

Jenny Adams Director



If you can't quite put your finger on all your library's resources . . . 3M can help you deter light-fingered "borrowers"!

3M's range of electro-magnetic and radio frequency book detection systems have been proven over the last fifteen years in libraries with both large and small budgets.

"Certainly (the system has) reduced book numbers going 'missing'. (Also) library staff able to relax more with the system providing objective security".

"Staff are able to get on with the business of providing top library service". Sydney Adventist High School, NSW. Alwyn Campbell, Teacher/Librarian.

Security Systems Division

3M Australia Pty Ltd (inc. in NSW) Sydney 498-9333; Canberra 47-4322; Melbourne 542-5222 Hobart 34-3104; Adelaide 243-6111; Perth 328-5244 Darwin 81-4545; Townsville 72-3855; Brisbane 391-7844 Newcastle 2-5461

