

9. Section twenty-one of the Principal Act is amended—

Prosecution
of offences.

- (a) by inserting in paragraph (a) of sub-section (3.), after the word "both", the words "or, in the case of a Minister of a State, or a member of a proclaimed public authority, a fine not exceeding Five hundred pounds or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or both; or, in the case of a corporation, a fine not exceeding One thousand pounds";
- (b) by inserting in paragraph (b) of sub-section (3.), after the word "both", the words "or, in the case of a Minister of a State, or a member of a proclaimed public authority, a fine not exceeding One thousand pounds or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years, or both; or, in the case of a corporation, a fine not exceeding Two thousand pounds:"; and
- (c) by adding at the end of sub-section (3.) the following proviso:—

"Provided that, in the case of a continuing offence, the offender shall, in addition to a fine as provided by the foregoing provisions of this section, be liable, for each day during which the offence continues, to a fine of an amount not exceeding one half of such maximum amount, provided by paragraph (a) or (b) of this sub-section, as is applicable to the case."

LOAN (UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF WORKS).

No. 9 of 1932.

An Act to authorize the Raising and Expending of a certain sum of money for the purposes of Financial Assistance to the States in the provision of Relief to persons out of Employment.

[Assented to 11th May, 1932.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, the Senate, and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Australia, as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the *Loan (Unemployment Relief Works) Act 1932.* Short title.

Treasurer may borrow £1,800,000.

2. The Treasurer may, from time to time, under the provisions of the *Commonwealth Inscribed Stock Act 1911-1927*, or under the provisions of any Act authorizing the issue of Treasury Bills, borrow moneys not exceeding in the whole the amount of One million eight hundred thousand pounds.

Purpose for which money may be expended.

3. The amount borrowed shall be issued and applied only for the expenses of borrowing and for the purpose of expenditure in accordance with this Act to provide relief to persons out of employment.

Grant to States.

4.—(1.) Out of the amount borrowed under the provisions of this Act there shall, subject to this Act, be granted to the States specified in this section, by way of financial assistance to those States, the amounts respectively specified opposite the names of those States for the purpose of expenditure to provide relief to persons out of employment :

Victoria, £475,000.

Queensland, £310,000.

South Australia, £195,000.

Western Australia, £145,000.

Tasmania, £75,000.

(2.) No payment shall be made under this section to a State—

(a) except for expenditure on approved works ; and

(b) unless the State provides an equivalent amount for expenditure on approved works.

(3.) For the purposes of this section “approved works” means works which have been approved by an Employment Council, established by the State in which the works are to be carried out, on which there are two representatives of the Commonwealth nominated by the Treasurer :

Provided that, for the purposes of paragraph (a) of the last preceding sub-section, no work shall be deemed to be an approved work unless—

(a) approval of the work has been concurred in by both the representatives of the Commonwealth on the Council ; or

(b) the work is approved by the Treasurer.

Relief of unemployment in New South Wales.

5.—(1.) For the purpose of granting financial assistance to the State of New South Wales, the Commonwealth may, out of the amount borrowed under the provisions of this Act, expend an amount not exceeding Six hundred thousand pounds on approved works in that State to provide relief to persons out of employment.

(2.) For the purposes of this section there shall be an Employment Council consisting of not less than five, nor more than seven, members appointed by the Governor-General.

(3.) The members of the Council shall hold office during pleasure.

(4.) One of the members shall be appointed by the Governor-General to be the Chairman of the Council.

(5.) Three members of the Council shall form a quorum.

(6.) No amount shall be expended under this section except on works recommended by the Council and approved by the Treasurer, and any works so recommended and approved shall be approved works within the meaning of sub-section (1.) of this section.

(7.) The Treasurer shall publish in the *Gazette* particulars, including the estimated cost, of the works which are, from time to time, approved under this section.

6. The Governor-General may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, prescribing all matters which are required or permitted to be prescribed, or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed, for carrying out or giving effect to this Act. Regulations

FINANCIAL AGREEMENTS ENFORCEMENT (NO. 4).

No. 10 of 1932.

An Act to amend the *Financial Agreements Enforcement Acts 1932*.

[Assented to 11th May, 1932.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, the Senate, and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Australia, as follows :—

1.—(1.) This Act may be cited as the *Financial Agreements Enforcement Act (No. 4) 1932*. Short title
and citation.

(2.) The *Financial Agreements Enforcement Act 1932**, as amended by the *Financial Agreements Enforcement Act (No. 2) 1932†*, and the *Financial Agreements Enforcement Act (No. 3) 1932‡*, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

(3.) Sub-section (4.) of section one of the *Financial Agreements Enforcement Act (No. 3) 1932* is repealed.

(4.) The Principal Act, as amended by this Act, may be cited as the *Financial Agreements Enforcement Acts 1932*.

* Act No. 3, 1932. † Act No. 7, 1932. ‡ Act No. 8, 1932.