

Venue.

19. Proceedings for any offence against this Act may be brought either in the State, part of the Commonwealth or Territory of the Commonwealth where the offence was committed, or in the State, part of the Commonwealth or Territory of the Commonwealth in which the offender is found.

Regulations.

20. The Governor-General may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, prescribing all matters which are required or permitted to be prescribed, or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed, for carrying out or giving effect to this Act, and in particular for prescribing penalties not exceeding One hundred pounds for offences against the regulations.

NEW GUINEA.

No. 63 of 1935.

An Act to amend the *New Guinea Act 1920-1932*.

[Assented to 9th December, 1935.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, the Senate, and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Australia, as follows:—

Short title and citation.

- 1.—(1.) This Act may be cited as the *New Guinea Act 1935*.
- (2.) The *New Guinea Act 1920-1932** is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.
- (3.) The Principal Act, as amended by this Act, may be cited as the *New Guinea Act 1920-1935*.

Executive Council.

2. Section twelve of the Principal Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following sub-sections:—

“(7.) The non-official members of the Legislative Council may choose one of their number to act as the deputy of the non-official member of the Executive Council and forward to the Administrator a notification in writing of the name of the member chosen.

“(8.) The Governor-General may appoint—

- (a) the non-official member chosen in pursuance of the last preceding sub-section; or
 - (b) if the Administrator has not received a notification in pursuance of that sub-section, any non-official member of the Legislative Council or any other person not being an officer of the Territory,
- to be the deputy of the non-official member of the Executive Council.

“(9.) Whenever, on account of illness or absence from the Territory, the non-official member of the Executive Council is unable to perform his duties as a member of the Executive Council, or when the non-official member has been exempted by the Administrator from attendance at any meeting of the Executive Council, the deputy of the non-official member may act as a member of the Executive Council in the place of the non-official member, and may, during such illness or absence from the Territory of the non-official member or in respect of any meeting from attendance at which he has been exempted, exercise and perform all the powers and functions of a member of the Executive Council.”

3. After section nineteen of the Principal Act the following section is inserted :—

“19A. The Administrator may, by notice published in the *New Guinea Gazette*, appoint such times for holding the sessions of the Legislative Council as he thinks fit, and may also, from time to time, in a similar manner, prorogue the Council.”

Sessions and
prorogation of
Legislative
Council.

PARLIAMENTARY PAPERS.

No. 64 of 1935.

An Act to amend the *Parliamentary Papers Act 1908*.

[Assented to 9th December, 1935.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, the Senate, and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Australia, as follows :—

1.—(1.) This Act may be cited as the *Parliamentary Papers Act 1935*.

Short title and
citation.

(2.) The *Parliamentary Papers Act 1908**, as amended by this Act, may be cited as the *Parliamentary Papers Act 1908–1935*.

2. Section three of the *Parliamentary Papers Act 1908* is amended by adding at the end thereof the following sub-section :—

Authority to
Government
Printer to
publish.

“(2.) Each House of the Parliament shall be deemed to have authorized the Government Printer to publish the reports of the debates and proceedings in that House.”