

No. IX.

An Act to facilitate the Proceedings of Justices of the Peace in the exercise of their summary Jurisdiction. [30th March, 1825.]

JUSTICES SUMMARY
JURISDICTION.

WHEREAS by an Act made and passed in the fourth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth intituled *“An Act to provide until the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven and until the end of the next Session of Parliament for the better Administration of Justice in New South Wales and Van Diemen’s Land and for the more effectual Government thereof and for other purposes relating thereto”* it is amongst other things enacted that Courts of General or Quarter Sessions should be holden in New South Wales and Van Diemen’s Land at such times and places as the Governor of New South Wales should appoint and that the said Courts should have power and authority to take cognizance of all matters and things cognizable in Courts of Sessions in England and also in a summary way to take cognizance of all crimes and misdemeanors committed by and of certain complaints made against such persons and the same to punish in such a manner as in and by the said Act is mentioned and directed And whereas it is expedient to facilitate the Proceedings of the Justices in Sessions assembled in the exercise of the summary Jurisdiction in them by the said Act vested Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor of New South Wales with the advice of the Council that the several and respective Justices assigned to keep the Peace and assembled in Sessions within the several Districts or places appointed by the Governor shall have power and authority to exercise the summary Jurisdiction vested in them by the said Act although no precept may have been issued or no grand or petty Jury should be returned for the purpose of attending such Sessions.

Preamble.

Justices assembled in Sessions may exercise a summary Jurisdiction without the issue of precept or attendance of grand or petty Jury.

No. X.