South Australia



Anno Quadragesimo Nono Elizabethae II Reginae A.D. 2000

CRIMINAL LAW CONSOLIDATION (APPEALS) AMENDMENT ACT 2000

No. 31 of 2000

[Assented to 6 July 2000]

An Act to amend the Criminal Law Consolidation Act 1935.

Criminal Law Consolidation (Appeals) Amendment Act 2000

SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS

1.	Short title									
2.	Amendmen	of s.	352-	Right	of	appeal	in	criminal	cases	

Amendment of s. 353—Determination of appeals in ordinary cases Transitional provision 3. 4.

The Parliament of South Australia enacts as follows:

Short title

- 1. (1) This Act may be cited as the Criminal Law Consolidation (Appeals) Amendment Act 2000.
 - (2) The Criminal Law Consolidation Act 1935 is referred to in this Act as "the principal Act".

Amendment of s. 352—Right of appeal in criminal cases

- 2. Section 352 of the principal Act is amended by inserting after paragraph (a) of subsection (1) the following paragraph:
 - (ab) if a person is tried on information and acquitted and the trial was by a judge sitting alone, the Director of Public Prosecutions may appeal against the acquittal on any ground with the leave of the Full Court;

Amendment of s. 353—Determination of appeals in ordinary cases

- 3. Section 353 of the principal Act is amended by inserting after subsection (2) the following subsection:
 - (2a) On an appeal against acquittal brought by the Director of Public Prosecutions, the Full Court may exercise any one or more of the following powers:
 - (a) it may dismiss the appeal;
 - (b) it may allow the appeal and direct a new trial;
 - (c) it may make any consequential or ancillary orders that may be necessary or desirable in the circumstances.

Transitional provision

4. The amendments effected by this Act only apply in relation to proceedings for offences alleged to have been committed after its commencement.