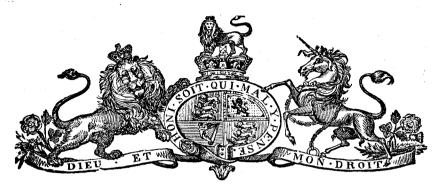
## TASMANIA.



1865.

## ANNO VICESIMO-NONO

## VICTORIÆ REGINÆ,

No. 22.

# AN ACT to provide temporarily for the Protection of Imported Game.

[29 September, 1865.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that encouragement should be given PREAMBLE. to the importation and propagation of Foreign Game, by providing temporarily for the protection of such Game from destruction: Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Iasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

1 For the purposes of this Act, the term "Game" shall mean and Interpretation. include all Birds and other Animals mentioned in the Schedule to this Act: Provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, at any time after the passing of this Act, by Proclamation, to name any other Bird or Animal which shall be included in the Schedule; and after the publication of any such Proclamation in the Government Gazette, and the expiration of the period mentioned in such Proclamation for the time of its coming into operation, the Birds or other Animals so named shall be deemed and considered as being included in the Schedule at the time of the passing of this Act.

2 If any person kills or takes any Game, or uses any dog, gun, net, Penalty for or other engine or instrument for the purpose of killing or taking any killing Game. Game, every such person shall for every head of Game so killed or taken, or every such offence of so using any dog, gun, net, or other engine or instrument, incur a penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds: Provided that nothing herein contained shall extend to any person killing or taking on his own land Game turned out or bred by himself.

killing Game.

### Imported Game.

Possession of Game illegal.

3 If any person buys or sells, or knowingly has in his house, possession, or control any Game, except live Game kept or to be kept in a mew or breeding-place, every person shall, for every head of Game so bought or sold, or found in his house, possession, or control, incur a penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Penalty for taking or destroying eggs of Game.

4 If any person wilfully takes out of the nest, or destroys in the nest, the eggs of any Bird of Game, or knowingly has in his house, possession, or control any such eggs, every such person shall, for every egg so taken or destroyed, or so found in his house, possession, or control, incur a penalty not exceeding Five Pounds: Provided, that nothing in this Section contained shall extend to the owner of any mew or breeding-place for Game in respect of eggs in or taken from the nest in such mew or breeding-place, or to any person to whom such owner may give any such eggs in respect of such eggs.

Apprehension of offenders.

5 When any person is found killing or taking any Game, or using any dog, gun, net, or other engine or instrument for the purpose of killing or taking any Game, or having in his possession or control any Game, or taking out of the nest, or destroying in the nest, the eggs of any Bird of Game, or having in his possession or control any such eggs contrary to the provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful for any person to require the person so found offending forthwith to desist from such offence, and to deliver up any Game or eggs so unlawfully in his possession, and also to tell his Christian name, surname, and place of abode; and in case such person so found offending, after being so required, does not immediately deliver up such Game or eggs, or refuses to tell his real name or place of abode, or gives such a general description of his place of abode as is illusory for the purpose of discovery, or wilfully continues to offend against this Act, it shall be lawful for the person so requiring as aforesaid, and also for any person acting by his order and in his aid, to apprehend such offender, and to seize such Game or eggs, and to convey such offender, or cause him to be conveyed as soon as conveniently may be, before a Justice of the Peace to be dealt with according to law: Provided always, that no person so apprehended shall, on any pretence whatsoever, be detained for a longer period than Twenty-four hours from the time of his apprehension before he is brought before some Justice of the Peace; and that if he cannot, on account of the absence or distance of the residence of any such Justice of the Peace, or owing to any other reasonable cause, be brought before a Justice of the Peace within such Twenty-four hours as aforesaid, then the person so apprehended shall be discharged, but may nevertheless be proceeded against for his offence by Summons or Warrant as if no such apprehension had taken place.

Recovery of penalties.
19 Vict. No. 8.

6 All offences against this Act shall be heard and determined, and all penalties be recovered in a summary way, by and before any Two or more Justices of the Peace in the mode prescribed by *The Magistrates Summary Procedure Act*; and any person aggrieved by any summary conviction under this act may appeal therefrom in the manner directed by *The Appeals Regulation Act*.

19 Vict. No. 10.

7 For the prevention of frivolous and unnecessary prosecutions, it shall be lawful for the Justices hearing any information or complaint under this Act to dismiss such information or complaint, which dismissal shall be a bar to any other proceeding whatever against the same person for the same matter.

Justices may dismiss frivolous complaints.

### Imported Game.

8 No Action shall be brought against any person for anything done Limitation of in pursuance of this Act unless such Action is commenced within Three Actions. months after the cause of Action has arisen, nor unless notice in writing Notice of Action. of such Action, and the cause thereof, is given to the Defendant One month at least before the commencement of the Action, and the Defendant may plead the general issue, and give this Act and the special matter General Issue. in evidence; and the Plaintiff shall not recover in such Action if tender Tender of amends. of sufficient amends has been made before Action brought, or if a sufficient sum of money has been paid into Court after Action brought; and Costs. if a verdict is given for the Defendant, or the Plaintiff is nonsuited or discontinues his Action, or if judgment is given against the Plaintiff, the Defendant shall recover his full costs as between Attorney and Client; and though a verdict is given against the Defendant, the Plaintiff shall not have costs against the Defendant unless the Judge who tries the case certifies his approbation of the Action, and of the verdict.

- 9 The Act of the Parliament of Tasmania of the 24th Victoria, Repeal of 24 Vict. No. 18, is hereby repealed: Provided that such repeal shall not No. 18. affect,-
  - 1. Any liability accruing before this Act commences and takes effect:
  - 2. Any punishment incurred or to be incurred in respect of any offence committed before this Act commences and takes effect:
  - 3. The institution of any legal proceeding, or any other remedy for enforcing any such liability, or punishment as aforesaid.

10 This Act shall continue and be in force until the end of the first Duration of Act. Session of the Parliament of Tasmania which is held in the year 1870 and no longer.

## SCHEDULE.

Pheasants.

Partridges.

Grouse.

Hares.

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