

“(10) Notwithstanding anything in the *Acts Interpretation Act 1931*, a member of the Schools Board may be removed from office by the Governor on any ground specified in paragraph (c), or paragraph (d), or paragraph (e) of subsection (8) of this section without any recommendation or consent made or given by the person or body by whom or by which the member was nominated for membership of the Board.

“(11) The members of the Schools Board shall be paid such travelling allowances and other allowances (if any) as may be fixed by by-laws made under this Part.”.

Meetings of
the Schools
Board.

3 Section forty-six B of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (2) thereof the word “seven” and substituting therefor the word “eleven”.

The Schools
Board
Certificate.

4 Section forty-six D of the Principal Act is amended—

(a) by omitting from subsection (1) thereof the words “, to be called Schools Board Certificates,”; and

(b) by omitting from subsection (2) thereof the words “Schools Board Certificates” and substituting therefor the words “certificates under this section”.

Transitory
provisions.

5—(1) On the first day of September 1966, the Schools Board shall be reconstituted in accordance with the provisions of section forty-six A of the Principal Act (being the section so numbered that is substituted by section two of this Act).

(2) The Governor may, at any time after the commencement of this Act, appoint persons to be members of the Schools Board in accordance with the provisions of section forty-six A of the Principal Act (being the section so numbered that is substituted by section two of this Act), and the terms of office of the persons so appointed shall commence on the first day of September 1966.

(3) The reconstitution of the Schools Board does not affect any rights or obligations of the Board.

LONG SERVICE LEAVE.

No. 11 of 1966.

AN ACT to amend the *Long Service Leave Act 1956*.

[20 July 1966.]

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

1—(1) This Act may be cited as the *Long Service Leave Act 1966*. Short title and citation.

(2) The *Long Service Leave Act 1956*, as subsequently amended, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

2 Section eight of the Principal Act is amended by inserting in paragraph (b) of subsection (2), after the word “and” (first occurring), the words “who has attained the age for retirement or”. Entitlement to long service leave.

NOTIFICATION OF BIRTHS.

No. 12 of 1966.

AN ACT to make provision with respect to the notification of births, and to repeal the *Notification of Births Act 1910*. [20 July 1966.]

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

1 This Act may be cited as the *Notification of Births Act 1966*. Short title.

2 The *Notification of Births Act 1910* is repealed. Repeal.

3 In this Act, “appropriate officer” means— Interpretation.

- (a) in relation to the districts comprised within the boundaries of the municipalities specified in Part I of the schedule—the Director of Public Health;
- (b) in relation to the districts comprised within the boundaries of the municipalities specified in Part II of the schedule—the Regional Medical Officer of Health, Launceston; and
- (c) in relation to the districts comprised within the boundaries of the municipalities specified in Part III of the schedule—the Regional Medical Officer of Health, Burnie.

4—(1) In the case of every child born in this State it is the duty of— Notification of births.

- (a) the father of the child, if he is actually resident in the house where the birth takes place at the time of its occurrence; or
- (b) any person (including the father of the child) in attendance on the mother at the time of, or within thirty-six hours after, the birth,