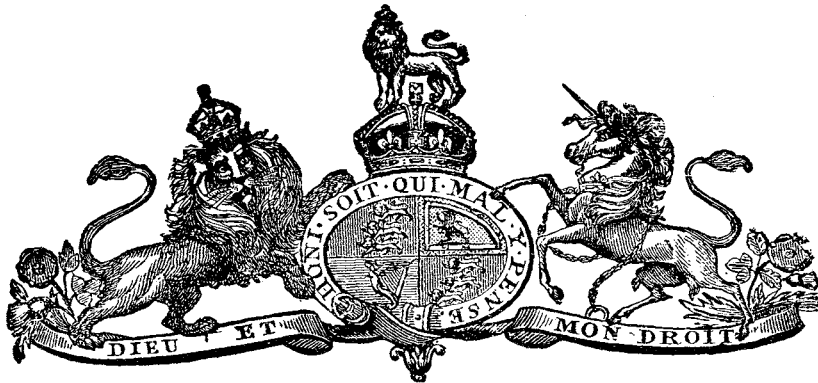


T A S M A N I A.



1 9 2 4.

ANNO QUINTO DECIMO

GEORGII V. REGIS.

No. 58.

ANALYSIS

- 1. Short title.
- 2. Interpretation.
- 3. Council may decline to supply electricity under certain circumstances.
- 4. Person taking possession of premises to be responsible for electricity used thereon after such taking possession.

AN ACT to further amend "The Devonport Lighting Act, 1900." [13 January, 1925.]

A.D.
1924.

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

1 This Act may be cited as "The Devonport Lighting Amendment Act, 1924." Short title.

2 In this Act, unless the context otherwise determines— Interpretation.
"Council" shall mean the Warden, councillors, and electors, of the Municipality of Devonport:
"The said Act" shall mean "The Devonport Lighting Act, 1900."

4d.]

Devonport Lighting.

A.D. 1924.

Council may decline to supply electricity under certain circumstances.

3 After Section Twenty-three of the said Act the following section is inserted :—

“**23a** The Council shall have the right to decline to supply any person with electricity, either for the purposes of light or motive power, in the following circumstances :—

- I. Should the Council deem the site at which the power is required to be more than a reasonable distance from the mains of the Council : or
- II. Where such supply of electricity would necessitate special substation arrangements : or
- III. Where, in the opinion of the Council, to supply the person so applying for electricity would be unprofitable to the Council : or
- IV. Where, in the opinion of the Council, the proposed method of the utilisation of the electricity to be supplied by the Council would prejudicially affect the operation of the system in use by the Council in respect of the supply of electricity by the Council : or
- v. Where the transformer equipment and/or installation of the person so applying for electricity is or are not in any respect satisfactory to the Council.”

Person taking possession of premises to be responsible for electricity used thereon after such taking possession.

4 After Section Twenty-nine of the said Act the following section is inserted :—

“**29a** Should any person take possession or enter into occupation of premises wherein an electrical installation is connected to the main or mains of the Council, and use any electrical energy whatsoever, without first forwarding an application in the prescribed form to the Council and obtaining the approval of the Council to such application, he will be held responsible for, and the Council may, if it thinks fit, recover from him, the cost of all current consumed subsequent to the last reading of the meter of the Council on the said premises, taken prior to his taking possession or entering into occupation as aforesaid, and, in the case of a contract, from the last charge made prior to his taking such possession or entering into occupation.”