AN ACT to consolidate and amend the Law A.D. 1896 relating to the Election of Members of the Parliament of Tasmania [3 December, 1896.]

WHEREAS the Law relating to the Election of Members of the Parliament of Tasmania requires consolidation and amendment:

Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:

1 This Act may be cited as “The Electoral Act, 1896.”

2—(1.) The Acts mentioned in the Schedule (1.), to the extent to which the same are therein expressed to be repealed, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

(2.) Such repeal shall not affect anything duly done or suffered before the commencement of this Act, or any right acquired or accrued or any incapacity incurred before the commencement of this Act, and any person subject to any incapacity under any enactment hereby repealed shall continue subject thereto, and this Act shall apply to him as if he had become so subject in pursuance of the provisions of this Act.

(3.) Where in any Act any of the enactments hereby repealed are referred to, this Act shall hereafter be deemed to be referred to.

(4.) All acts, proceedings, matters and things which at the commencement of this Act shall, under the enactments hereby repealed,
or any of them, have been begun and be pending, shall and may respectively be continued, carried on, and completed under and in pursuance of the provisions of this Act in the like behalf.

(5.) All appointments of officers and other persons, and of polling-places lawfully made, and in force, and all Electoral Rolls and Polling Lists and copies thereof respectively, and all cancellations, notices, advertisements, impressions of stamps, rules, regulations, declarations, and all other books, papers, writings, and documents whatsoever which at the commencement of this Act shall lawfully have been made, kept, issued, made out, used, signed, certified, transmitted, or otherwise howsoever of virtue under the said enactments or any of them, shall respectively, except as herein otherwise provided, according to the tenor thereof, be and be deemed to be and have been of the same force and effect to all intents and purposes as if made, kept, issued, made out, used, signed, certified, transmitted, or otherwise of virtue under the provisions of this Act in the like behalf.

3 In the interpretation and construction of the provisions of this Act, the following words and terms shall have the respective meanings hereby assigned to the, unless inconsistent with or repugnant to the context; that is to say—

"Alphabetical order." shall be taken in reference to the initial letter of the Surname:

"Assembly District" shall mean an Electoral District for the return of a Member or Members to represent such District in the House of Assembly:

"Candidate," shall mean any person duly nominated for election under this Act as a Member for any District:

"Clerk of the Peace." shall, in respect of the Southern Districts, mean the Clerk of the Peace at Hobart, and in respect of the Northern Districts, the Clerk of the Peace at Launceston:

"Corrupt practice." shall mean any of the following offences; namely,—bribery, treating, undue influence, personation as defined by Part IV. of this Act, and aiding, abetting, counselling, and procuring the commission of the offence of personation:

"Council District" shall mean an Electoral District for the return of a Member or Members to represent such District in the Legislative Council:

"District," shall mean an Electoral District:

"Electoral expenses" shall mean and include all payments, including any pecuniary or other reward made by a Candidate or on his behalf and with his knowledge, for, on account of, or in respect of the conduct or management of the Election, but shall not include the personal expenses incurred by a Candidate in travelling in connection with any Election, or in attending any Electoral Meetings:

"Gazette." shall mean The Hobart Gazette:

"Prescribed," means prescribed by the Rules of Court:

"Roll," shall mean the Electoral Roll of any Electoral District:

"Rules of Court." mean Rules to be made as hereinafter mentioned.

Words in this Act referring to an officer, office, roll, list, election, district, or place shall be construed distributively as referring to each officer, office, roll, list, election, district, or place to whom or to which the provision is applicable.
4. Whenever any day provided or approved by or under this Act for any purpose shall in any year happen on a Sunday, Good Friday, or Christmas Day, or any day proclaimed by the Governor as set apart for a public fast or thanksgiving, or for a public holiday, then such provision or appointment shall take effect as for the day following, not being also one of the aforesaid days; and all further changes of time rendered necessary by any such alteration may also lawfully be made.

5. This Act shall be divided into Seven Parts, as follows:

   Part I.—Electoral Districts, Polling-places, and Officers.
   Part II.—Preparation and Revision of Electoral Rolls.
   Part III.—Mode of Election.
   Part V.—Trial of controverted Elections.
   Part VI.—Electoral Expenses.
   Part VII.—Miscellaneous Matters.

PART I.

ELECTORAL DISTRICTS, POLLING-PLACES, AND OFFICERS.

6. For the purpose of returning Members to serve in the Legislative Council and House of Assembly respectively, the Colony shall be divided into the Council Districts and the Assembly Districts set forth in the Schedule (2.), each of which Electoral Districts shall return the number of Members assigned to and set opposite the name of the District in the Schedule (2.).

7. The said Electoral Districts shall be severally designated by the names specified in the Schedule (2.) and shall respectively consist of and include the places and be comprised within the boundaries which are respectively specified, described, and set forth in the Schedule (3.).

8. The Polling-places specified in the Schedule (4.) shall be the Polling-places for the several Electoral Districts; but it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council from time to time to alter, increase, or diminish the number of such Polling-places: Provided that every such alteration shall be made, and notification thereof be given in the Gazette, in sufficient time to enable the Courts of Revision to assign to each elector his proper Polling-place as hereinafter provided.

9. The Governor in Council is hereby empowered, save as is hereinafter provided, to appoint a fit and proper person as and to be the Returning Officer of and for each Electoral District; and from time to time to remove any such Returning Officer; and as often as any vacancy by death, removal, or resignation may occur, to appoint some other person to be Returning Officer in the place of the person so dying or being removed or resigning as aforesaid; and the same person may be appointed Returning Officer of any Two or more Districts; and every such appointment shall be notified in the Gazette.
A.D. 1806.

Mayorsof Hobart and Launceston Returning Officers for certain Districts.

Wardens of certain Municipalities Returning Officers for certain Districts.

Schedule (5.)

Appointm ent of Returning Officers where same person Returning Officer for several Districts. Returning Officer’s Declaration. Schedule (6.)

Resignation of Returning Officer.

Resignation of Returning Officer after issue of Writ.

Electoral.

10 The Mayor of Hobart for the time being shall be the Returning Officer of and for the Council District of Hobart and for the Assembly District of Hobart, and the Mayor of Launceston for the time being shall be the Returning Officer of and for the Council District of Launceston and for the Assembly District of Launceston; and in the event of a vacancy in the office of Mayor of Hobart or Launceston, as the case may be, at the time of any election of a Member of the Legislative Council or House of Assembly for any such District, or in the event of the Mayor being a candidate at any such election, or of his inability from sickness or absence to act at any such election, then the Town Clerk for the time being of Hobart or Launceston shall, for the purposes of such election, be the Returning Officer of the District of and for which the Mayor in whose place he acts is hereinbefore appointed Returning Officer.

11 The Wardens of the Rural Municipalities the names of which are set opposite to the Council and Assembly Districts set forth in the Schedule (5.) shall be the Returning Officers of and for such Electoral Districts respectively; and in the event of a vacancy in the office of Warden of any such Rural Municipality at the time of any election of a Member of the Legislative Council or House of Assembly for any such District, or in the event of the Warden being a candidate at any such election, or of his inability from sickness or absence to act at any such election, then the Council Clerk for the time being of such Rural Municipality shall, for the purposes of such election, be the Returning Officer of the District of and for which the Warden in whose place he acts is hereinbefore appointed Returning Officer.

12 In case elections should be appointed to be held on the same day in more Districts than one for which any Mayor or Town Clerk, or any Returning Officer, the Governor in Council Officers as may be necessary to preside and otherwise enable the Poll to be taken on the same day in such Districts.

13 Every person shall, on acquiring the office of Returning Officer of any District and before acting as such Returning Officer, make and subscribe before a Justice of the Peace a Declaration in the form contained in the Schedule (6.)

14 No person being the Returning Officer of any District shall, without the consent of the Governor, resign his office as such Returning Officer after the issue of any Writ for the election of a Member to serve in the Parliament of Tasmania for such District until such Writ is executed and returned by such Returning Officer, unless the Governor otherwise directs.

15 In case the Returning Officer of any District, after the issue of a Writ to him for the election of a Member to serve in the Parliament of Tasmania for such District, resigns with the consent of, or is removed by the Governor, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Governor to appoint some other fit and proper person to be Returning Officer in the place and stead of the Returning Officer who so resigned or is removed as aforesaid; and such Writ may, so far as the same may not be already executed, be executed and returned by the Returning Officer so to be appointed as aforesaid.
16 Every Returning Officer shall, on or before the First day of November in every year, publish in the Gazette and in the District, and twice in a newspaper published in Hobart and twice in a newspaper published in Launceston, the situation of his office or place of business; and wherever any Notice is by this Act required to be given or sent to the Returning Officer of any District, it shall be sufficient if such Notice is delivered or left at such published office or other place of business, or is sent by the post addressed to such Returning Officer at such published office or place of business.

PART II.

THE PREPARATION AND REVISION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS.

Publication of Documents.

17 Where by this Act any document is required or directed to be published in any Electoral District, a copy of such document shall be affixed on or near to the door of every Church, Chapel, Post Office and Police Office or place of holding Petty Sessions within such District; and in case there is no Church, Chapel, Post Office, Police Office or place of holding Petty Sessions within such District, then such document shall be affixed in such conspicuous places within such District as the Returning Officer thinks proper; and such document shall be kept affixed as aforesaid during the time appointed in each case for that purpose.

18 In case any document required by this Act to be published in any District is destroyed, mutilated, effaced, or removed before the expiration of the period for which the same is required to be published, the person required to publish such document shall, as soon as conveniently may be, publish in like manner in its place another document to the like purport and effect with the document so destroyed, mutilated, effaced, or removed.

19 Any person who wilfully destroys, mutilates, effaces, or removes any document required by this Act to be published in any District, during the period for which the same is required to be published, shall for every such offence forfeit a penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds.

20 No list or other document shall be invalidated by reason that it has not been affixed in every place and for the full time required by the Act for the publication thereof; but the person charged with the duty of publishing such list or other document who makes default in such publication shall forfeit a penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Lists of Electors.

21 On or before the First day of November in every year, the Clerk of the Peace at Hobart shall cause to be delivered to the Returning Officer of each Council and Assembly District a sufficient number of all Forms required by such Returning Officer for the purposes of this Part of this Act, and a printed copy of the Roll then in force for the District.
On or before the First day of November in every year, the Clerk of the Peace shall cause to be published in the Gazette, and in at least one newspaper published in Hobart and one newspaper published in Launceston, a Notice, according to the form in the Schedule (7.), or to the like effect, signed by such Clerk of the Peace, requiring all persons entitled to vote in the Election of Members to represent the several Council and Assembly Districts, and whose names are not upon the Roll then in force for the District in respect of which they claim to vote, or who being upon such Roll do not retain the same qualification or continue in the same place of abode as described in such Roll, or who claim to vote in respect of an income, salary, or wages qualification, if they are desirous to have their names inserted in the Roll about to be made, or to deliver or transmit to the Returning Officer of the District in respect of which they claim to vote, or on or before the Twenty-fourth day of November then next ensuing, notices in writing signed by such persons of their claim to vote in such District.

On or before the First day of November in every year, the Returning Officer of each Council District shall cause to be published in such District, for the period of Twenty-three days then next ensuing, a Notice according to the form in the Schedule (8.), or to the like effect, signed by such Returning Officer, requiring every person entitled to vote in the Election of a Member or Members to represent such Council District whose name is not upon the Roll then in force for such District, and also every person entitled as aforesaid who, being upon such Roll, does not retain the same qualification or continue in the same place of abode as described in such Roll, to deliver or transmit to such Returning Officer, on or before the Twenty-fourth day of November then next ensuing, a Notice in writing, signed by such person, of his claim to vote as aforesaid; and every such person, and any person whose name being upon such Roll may be desirous to make a new claim, shall, on or before the said Twenty-fourth day of November, deliver or transmit to the said Returning Officer a Notice signed by him of his claim, according to the form in the said Schedule (8.), or to the like effect.

On or before the First day of November in every year, the Returning Officer of each Assembly District shall cause to be published in such District for a period of Twenty-three days then next ensuing, a Notice according to the form in the Schedule (9.), or to the like effect, signed by such Returning Officer, requiring every person entitled to vote in the Election of a Member or Members to represent such Assembly District whose name is not upon the Valuation or Assessment Roll then in force for the District, and who claims to be entitled to vote in respect of an income, salary, or wages qualification, to deliver or transmit to such Returning Officer, on or before the Twenty-fourth day of November then next ensuing, a Notice in writing of his claim to vote as aforesaid according to the form in Schedule (9.), or to the like effect, signed by such person in the presence of a witness.

Every person claiming to be entitled to vote in the Election of a Member or Members to represent an Assembly District in respect of an income, salary, or wages qualification shall in every year deliver or transmit, on or before the Twenty-fourth day of November in any such
year, the Notice of Claim to vote as mentioned in the last preceding
Section; and the Returning Officer is hereby expressly required to add
the words "Objected to" before the name of every person on the copy
of the Roll then in force for the District in respect of an income, salary,
or wages qualification who shall not, on or before the Twenty-fourth day
of November preceding, have delivered or transmitted to such Returning
Officer such Notice of Claim to vote.

26 If any person wilfully makes a false Notice of Claim under this
Act he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds, to be
recovered in a summary way before any Two Justices of the Peace in
the mode prescribed by The Magistrates Summary Procedure Act.

27 Notices of claims to vote, required to be delivered or transmitted
to the Returning Officers, may be signed by any Two or more Claimants
for the same District.

28 The Returning Officer of each Electoral District shall, on or
before the Fourteenth day of December in every year, make out a List
of all persons whose names appear upon any Valuation or Assessment
Roll in force on the Twenty-fourth day of November then last past as
being the Owners or Occupiers of property of such description and
value within such Electoral District as to entitle such persons to vote
in respect of such Electoral District, but whose names do not appear on
the Electoral Roll in force for the District; and such List shall be
deemed to form, and shall in all respects be dealt with, as part of the
List of Claimants to vote under this Act.

29 The Returning Officer of each District shall, on or before the
Fourteenth day of December in every year, make out, according to the
form in the Schedule (10.), an alphabetical List of all persons who on or
before the Twenty-fourth day of November then next preceding have
claimed as aforesaid; and in every such List the surname and Christian
name of every Claimant, with the place of his abode, the nature of
his qualification, with the local or her description of the property,
and the name of the occupying tenant thereof, shall be written as the
same are stated in the claim; and the said Returning Officer is hereby
expressly required, if he has reasonable cause to believe that any person
whose name appears in such List of Claimants, or in the copy of the Roll
then in force for the District received by him from the Clerk of the Peace,
is not entitled to have his name upon the Roll then next to be made,
to add the words "Objected to" before the name of every such person
on the margin of such List of Claimants or of the said Copy Roll: and
the said Returning Officer is also hereby expressly required to add
the word "Dead" before the name of any person in the said Copy Roll
whom he has reasonable cause to believe to be dead.

30 The Returning Officer shall cause a sufficient number of copies
of such List of Claimants, and of the said Copy Roll, with all such
marginal additions as aforesaid, to be printed or written, and shall, on
or before the Fifteenth day of December in every year, send such copies
of such List of Claimants and of the said Copy Roll, to the same
in the District until the First day of January then next ensuing;
and the said Returning Officer shall likewise keep a copy of such List
of Claimants, and of the said Copy Roll, with the marginal additions
Penalty for
Giving false
Certificate.
19 Vict. No. 8.

Notices of claims
may be signed
by any Two or
more Claimants.

Returning
Officer
to make out List
of Claimants
from Valuation
and Assessment
Rolls.

Returning
Officers to prepare
List of
Claimants;
Schedule (10.)

to object to per-
sons not entitled;

to add the word
"Dead."

Returning
Officer
to publish List of
Claimants and
Copy of existing
Roll with the mar-
ginal additions;

to keep copies of
same for inspec-
tion and sale.
Returning Officer to object to persons not appearing by Valuation or Assessment Roll to be entitled.

Returning Officers may inspect, &c. Valuation and Assessment Rolls.

List of Electors.

Provides for default in making out List of Electors.

Persons on existing Roll may object to persons named on List.

Notice of objection to be given to Returning Officer;

Schedule (11.) and to person objected to.

Schedule (12.)

respectively as aforesaid, signed by him, to be perused by any person, without payment of any fee at all reasonable hours, and shall deliver printed or written copies thereof, signed by him, to all persons applying for the same, on payment of One Shilling for each copy.

31. Whenever the name of any person appears in the List of Claimants, or in the copy of the Electoral Roll in force for any Electoral District, as claiming or being entitled to vote by virtue of being the Owner or Occupier of any property within such District, and such person does not appear by the Valuation or Assessment Rolls in force within such District to be the Owner or Occupier, as the case may be, of property of sufficient value within the District to entitle him to have his name inserted or continued in such Electoral Roll, then the Returning Officer of such District shall, at the proper time, write upon such List of Claimants or such Electoral Roll the words “Objected to” opposite the name of every such person as aforesaid.

32. The Returning Officer of each Electoral District may, for the purposes of the last preceding Section, at all reasonable times, inspect and make copies and extracts of and from all the Valuation and Assessment Rolls in force within such Electoral District, without payment of any fee for so doing, anything contained in The Property Valuation Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

33. The List of Claimants, if any, so to be made out by the Returning Officer of each District, together with the said Copy Roll received from the Clerk of the Peace, with the marginal additions respectively as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be the List of Electors for such District for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

34. In case no List of Electors is made out for any District in any year, or in case such List has not been published as required by this Act, the Roll then in force for that District shall be taken to be the List of Electors for that District for the year then next ensuing, and the provisions herein contained respecting any such List of Electors shall be taken to apply to such Roll as aforesaid.

35. In every year every person whose name is upon the Roll for the time being in force for any District may object to any other person whose name is upon the List of Electors for such District as not having been entitled on the Twenty-fourth day of November then next preceding to have his name inserted in such List of Electors for such District; and every person so objecting, save and except Returning Officers objecting in the manner hereinbefore mentioned, shall, on or before the First day of January in every year, give or cause to be given to the Returning Officer of the District to which the List of Electors containing the name of the person so objected to relates, a Notice according to the form in the Schedule (11.), or to the like effect; and the person so objecting shall also, on or before the said First day of January, give or cause to be given to the person so objected to, or leave or cause to be left at his place of abode, as described in such List, a Notice of Objection according to the form in the Schedule (12.), or to the like effect; and every such Notice of Objection shall be signed by the party so objecting as aforesaid; and whenever the place of abode of the person objected to, as described in the said List, is not in the District to which such List relates, and

60° VICTORIÆ. No. 49.
the name of the occupying tenant of the whole or any part of the qualifying property, together with his place of abode, appears in such List, the person so objecting shall also, on or before the same day, give to or leave, or cause to be given or left, at the place of abode of any such occupying tenant a duplicate Notice signed as aforesaid.

36 The said Returning Officer shall in every year insert in a List, according to the form in the Schedule (13.), the names of all persons against whom Notice of Objection has been given to him as aforesaid in that year, and the names of all persons against whose names, as they appear in the Electoral Roll then in force, he has written the words "objected to" or "dead" as hereinbefore required; and shall cause a sufficient number of copies of such List to be printed; and shall on or before the Fifth day of January in such year sign such copies of such List, and publish the same in the District until the holding of the Court of Revision hereinafter mentioned; and the said Returning Officer shall likewise keep a copy of such List, signed by him, to be perused by any person, without payment of any fee, at all reasonable hours, and shall deliver a copy of such List to any person requiring the same on payment of One Shilling for each copy.

37 Any person whose name is on the List of Electors for any District may, on or before the First day of January in every year, notify to the Returning Officer the name of the Polling-place in such District at which such person desires to vote, and the Returning Officer shall, before delivering such List of Electors to the Court of Revision as hereinafter mentioned, write opposite to the name of such person on such List of Electors the name of such Polling-place.

Delivery of Notices.

38 It shall be sufficient in every case of Notice to any person objected to in any List of Electors; or to the occupying tenant whose name and place of abode appears in any such List of Electors as aforesaid, if the Notice so required to be given as aforesaid is sent by the post, directed to the person to whom the same is sent at his place of abode as described in the said List; and whenever any person is desirous of sending any such Notice of Objection by the post, he shall deliver the same, duly directed, open and in duplicate, to the Postmaster of any Post Office, who shall compare the said Notice and the duplicate, and, on being satisfied that they are alike in their address and in their contents, shall forward one of them to its address by the post, and shall date, sign, and return the other to the party bringing the same; and the production by the party who posted such Notice of such signed duplicate shall be evidence of the Notice having been given to the person at the place mentioned in such duplicate on the day on which such Notice would in the ordinary course of post have been delivered at such place; and if no place of abode of the person objected to is described in the said List, or if such place of abode is situate out of this Colony, then if shall be sufficient if Notice is given to the Returning Officer, and to such occupying tenant as aforesaid, if any.
A.D. 1896.

Places for holding Courts of Revision. Schedule (14.)

Justices to hold Courts of Revision.

Retaining Officers to publish time and place of holding Courts of Revision.

Chairman of Court.

General powers of Courts of Revision.

39 The places opposite the respective Districts mentioned in the Schedule (14.) shall be the places within such Districts at which Courts of Revision shall be held under this Act for the purpose of revising the List of Electors for such respective Districts, provided that the Governor in Council may from time to time alter such places and appoint new places within such Districts respectively at which such Courts of Revision shall be held under this Act.

40 On such day as the Retaining Officer shall appoint, between the Twenty-second day of January and the Twenty-second day of February in every year, a Court of Revision shall be held at the places aforesaid by the Justices of the Peace resident within each District assembled in Special Sessions, for the purpose of revising the List of Electors for such District entitled to vote in the election of a Member or Members to represent such District in the Legislative Council or House of Assembly, as the case may be; and every such Court shall have power to adjourn from time to time, but so that no such adjourned Court shall be held after the Tenth day of March in any year.

41 The Retaining Officer shall, at least Seven days before the holding of the Court of Revision, publish in the District, and in the Gazette, and in at least one newspaper published in Hobart and one newspaper published in Launceston, notice of the time and place at which such Court of Revision will be held.

42 The Justices of the Peace who are present at the time and place appointed for the sitting or adjourned sitting of any Court of Revision shall, by a majority of votes, nominate one of their number to be Chairman of such Court of Revision during such sitting, or adjourned sitting, as the case may be; and if there is an equality of votes in the election of Chairman, it shall be decided by lot which of the Justices, having an equal number of votes, shall be Chairman.

43 The Retaining Officer shall attend every sitting of the Court of Revision, and shall, at the first opening of the Court, produce and deliver to the said Court the List of Electors for the District for the then current year, with the marginal additions as aforesaid, and List of persons objected to in the said year relating to the District, and also one or more printed copies of the Roll then in force for the District, and the original Notices of Claims and Notices of Objection given to him as aforesaid, and a Certificate under his hand that such List of Electors contains the names of all persons upon any Valuation or Assessment Roll who are entitled to vote for the District for the then current year; and the said Retaining Officer shall, if required, answer upon oath all such questions as the Court may put to him, and produce all documents, papers, and writings in his possession, custody, or power touching any matter herein mentioned.

44 Every Court of Revision shall have power to require the attendance of all such witnesses, and the production of all such documents, as appear to the Court to be material or necessary touching the matters in question before the Court, and shall have all the same powers, authorities and jurisdiction in summoning and compelling the attendance of
Electoral.

witnesses, the production of documents, the administering of oaths, the examination of witnesses, and committing for contempt, as are now possessed by any Court of General Sessions of the Peace; and, for the purposes of this Act, the Returning Officer shall have the powers and authority of a Clerk of the Peace with respect to the process of such Court of Revision.

45 It shall be lawful for any Court of Revision, by order in writing under the hand of the Chairman of the Court, to require any person who disobeys any lawful summons, order, or direction of such Court, or who misconducts himself, or is guilty of any improper behaviour in such Court, to pay a fine not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

46 If any person, who has given to the Returning Officer of any District due notice of his claim to have his name inserted in the List of Electors for such District, has been omitted by such Returning Officer from such List, it shall be lawful for the Court, upon the revision of such List, to insert therein the name of the person so omitted, in case it is proved to the satisfaction of such Court that such person gave due notice of such his claim to the said Returning Officer, and that he was entitled on the Twenty-fourth day of November next then preceding to be inserted in the said List of Electors.

47 It shall be lawful for any person whose name is on the List of Electors for any District to oppose the claim of any person so omitted as aforesaid to have his name inserted in such List; and such person intending to oppose any such claim shall, in the Court to be holden as aforesaid for the revision of such List, and before the hearing of the said claim, give notice in writing to the Court of his intention to oppose the said claim, and shall thereupon be admitted to oppose the same, by evidence or otherwise, without any previous or other notice, and shall have the same rights, powers, and liabilities as to costs, appeal, and other matters relating to the hearing and determination of the said claim, as any person who has duly objected to the name of any other person being retained on such List of Electors, and who appears and proves the requisite Notices as hereinafter mentioned.

48 The Court of Revision shall correct any mistake which is proved to have been made in the List of Electors, and shall expunge the name of every person whose qualification, as stated in the List, is insufficient in law to entitle such person to vote, and also the name of every person who is proved to be dead; and wherever the Christian name, or the place of abode, or the nature of the qualification, or the local or other description of the property of any person who is included in the List, and the name of the occupying tenant thereof, is wholly omitted in any case where the same is by this Act directed to be specified therein, or if any person whose name is included in the List, or his place of abode, or the nature or description of his qualification is, in the judgment of the Court, insufficiently described for the purpose of being identified, the Court shall expunge the name of every such person from such List, unless the matter or matters so omitted or insufficiently described be supplied to the satisfaction of the Court before the revision of the List is completed, in which case the Court shall then and there insert the same in such List; and whether any person is objected to or not, no evidence shall be given of any other qualification than that which is
A.D. 1896.

Mode of proceeding in cases of objection.

49 Where the name of any person inserted in any List of Electors has been objected to by the Returning Officer as herein-before required, or has been objected to by any other person, and such other person so objecting appears by himself, or by some one on his behalf, in support of such objection, and proves that he gave the Notice or Notices respectively required by this Act to be given by him, the Court shall then in either such case require it to be proved that the person so objected to was entitled on the Twenty-fourth day of November then next preceding to have his name inserted in the List of Electors in respect of the qualification described in the List; and in case the same is not proved to the satisfaction of the Court, or in case it is proved that such person was then incapacitated by any law from voting in the Election of a Member or Members to represent such District, the Court shall expunge the name of every such person from the List; and where any person whose name appears on the List of Electors for any District is objected to on the ground of having changed his place of abode or not having sent in a fresh Notice of Claim, it shall be lawful for the Court on revising such List to retain the name of such person on the List of Electors, provided that such person, or some one in his behalf, proves that he possessed on the Twenty-fourth day of November the same qualification in respect of which his name has been inserted in the List, and also, in any case in which such person has changed his place of abode, supplies his true place of abode, which the Court shall insert in the List; and a Declaration, duly made by such person before a Justice of the Peace, that the Declarant retains the qualification in respect of which his name has been inserted in the List of Electors for the District, shall, in the absence of any proof to the contrary, be received as conclusive evidence that the Declarant still retains such qualification as aforesaid.

50 Every such Court shall, upon the hearing in open Court, finally determine upon the validity of the claims and objections; and the Chairman shall in open Court write his initials against the names respectively expunged or inserted, and against any part of the List in which any mistake has been corrected, or any omission supplied, or any insertion made, and shall sign his name to every page of the List so settled.

51 The Court of Revision shall, if there are more Polling-places than One for the District, write opposite to the name of each Elector entitled to be upon the Roll the Polling-place at which such Elector may vote; and the said Court shall cause to be made out for such District a List, to be called the Polling List of such District, in which the names of the Electors of the District assigned to each Polling-place shall be arranged under the head of each Polling-place in alphabetical order; and such List shall, for the purposes of identification, specify the places of abode of the Electors, and in the case of property situate in a City or Town the number of the house, if any; and the Chairman of the Court shall sign his name to every page of such List, and shall transmit such List to the Clerk of the Peace with the List of
Electors as hereinafter provided: Provided always that the Court of Revision shall in every case assign to any Elector the polling-place at which such Elector shall have notified his desire to vote.

52 If in any year the Polling List of any District is omitted to be regularly made out, or is not perfected, then the Polling List for the preceding year shall, so far as the same can be applied, be the Polling List of such District for that year; and if the name of any person included in the Electoral Roll for the current year is omitted from such Polling List, then the Returning Officer shall determine where such person shall vote, and such person shall vote at that place and no other, anything in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

53 If in any case it appears to the Court of Revision that any person has under this Act made or attempted to sustain any groundless or frivolous and vexatious claim or objection or title to have any name inserted or retained in any List of Electors, it shall be lawful for the Court, in its discretion, to make such Order as it thinks fit for the payment by such person of the costs, or any part of the costs, of any person in resisting such claim or objection or title; and in every such case the Chairman of the said Court shall make an Order in writing, specifying the sum which the Court orders to be paid for such costs, and by, and to whom, and when, and where, the said sum shall be paid, and shall date and sign the said Order, and deliver it to the person to whom such sum is therein ordered to be paid: Provided always, that the said sum so ordered to be paid by way of costs shall not in any case exceed the sum of Ten Pounds.

54 Any such Order for the payment of costs as aforesaid may be made in any case notwithstanding any party gives notice of his intention to appeal against any decision of the Court in the same case as hereinafter provided; but in case of such appeal the said Order for the payment of costs shall be suspended, and shall abide the event of such appeal, unless the Court of Appeal otherwise directs: Provided that whenever any Court of Revision has made any such Order for the payment of any sum of money for costs by any person who has made any objection as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for the said Court to hear or admit proof of any other objection or notice of objection made or signed by the same person until the sum of money so ordered to be paid by him for costs is paid to the person entitled to receive the same, or deposited in the hands of the Chairman in Court for the use of the person so entitled.

55 In case any sum of money, by the Order of any Court of Revision as aforesaid directed to be paid by any person by way of fine or for costs, is not paid according to the terms of such Order, such sum shall be recoverable in a summary way before any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace in the mode prescribed by The Magistrates 19 Vic. No. 8. Summary Procedure Act.

Recovery of fines and costs.

56 The List of Electors for each District, signed as aforesaid, shall be forthwith transmitted by the Chairman of the Court of Revision to the Clerk of the Peace at Hobart if the District is one of the Southern Districts, and to the Clerk of the Peace at Launceston if the District is.
A.D. 1852.

Schedule (15). Clerk of the Peace to sign book and deliver it to Returning Officer of District to which it relates.

One of the Northern Districts, and the said Clerks of the Peace at Hobart and Launceston respectively shall forthwith cause each such List of Electors transmitted to him as aforesaid to be copied and printed in a Book in the form in the Schedule (15.), with the names arranged in alphabetical order; and the Clerk of the Peace shall sign and deliver the said Book, on or before the Tenth day of April in the then current year, to the Returning Officer of the District to which the same relates to be by him and his successors in the office of Returning Officer safely kept for the purposes hereinafter mentioned; and shall keep and preserve all original Lists so transmitted amongst the Records of his Office.

If Roll omitted to be made out preceding Roll continued.

Copies of Rolls and Polling Lists to be printed for sale, &c.

Copies of Rolls and Polling Lists shall be printed, and shall keep printed copies of the Electoral Roll and Polling List of each District, and shall supply the Returning Officer of each District with a sufficient number of copies of the Roll and Polling List of his District, and shall deliver copies of any such Roll or Polling List to any person applying for the same on payment of Two Shillings for each copy of the Roll, and One Shilling for each copy of the Polling List; and the Clerk of the Peace shall sign one printed copy of each of the Rolls and Polling Lists, and preserve the same as a Record of his Office.

Indemnity for delay.

Electoral Rolls not invalidated by delay in printing same.

The Clerks of the Peace at Hobart and Launceston are hereby freed and discharged from all suits and proceedings whatsoever, to which they or either of them might otherwise be liable by reason of any such delay as aforesaid in copying and printing any such List of Electors for any Electoral District in a Book, and signing and delivering such Book to the Returning Officer of such District on or before the Tenth day of April in any year, unless such delay in any case arises from the neglect or default of the said Clerks of the Peace respectively.

The Electoral Roll, or document purporting to be the Electoral Roll, of any Electoral District for the year commencing the Eleventh day of April in any year, shall not be deemed to be, or be, in any manner invalidated or be questioned by reason solely that the List of Electors for such District was not copied and printed in a Book, and such Book signed and delivered to the Returning Officer of such District on or before the Tenth day of April as required by this Act, anything in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.
Appeals from Courts of Revision.

62 It shall be lawful for any person who, under the provisions hereinbefore contained, has made any claim to have his name inserted in any List of Electors, or made any objection to any other person as not entitled to have his name inserted in any List of Electors, or whose name has been expunged from any List of Electors, and who in any such case is aggrieved by or dissatisfied with any decision of the Court of Revision on any point of law material to the result of such case, either by himself or by some person on his behalf, to give to the Court before its rising, on the same day on which the decision is pronounced, a notice in writing that he is desirous to appeal, and in such notice shall shortly state the decision against which he desires to appeal; and the Chairman of the Court shall thereupon state in writing the facts which according to the judgment of the Court have been established by the evidence in the case, and which are material to the matter in question, and shall also state in writing the decision of the Court upon the whole case, and also the decision upon the point of law in question appealed against; and the Chairman shall read the said statement to the Appellant in open Court, and shall then and there sign the same.

63 The Appellant, or some one on his behalf, shall at the end of such statement as aforesaid make a declaration in writing under his hand to the following effect; that is to say, "I appeal from this decision," and the Chairman shall then endorse upon every such statement the name of the District to which the same relates, and also the Christian name and surname and place of abode of the Appellant and of the Respondent in the matter of the said appeal, and shall sign and date such endorsement; and the Chairman shall deliver such statement, with such endorsement thereon, to the Appellant, to be by him transmitted to the Registrar of the Supreme Court in the manner hereinafter mentioned; and the Chairman shall also deliver a copy of such statement, with the said endorsement thereon, to the Respondent in such appeal who requires the same.

64 In the matter of every such appeal the party in whose favour the decision appealed against was given shall be the Respondent; but if there is no such party, or if such party or some one on his behalf in open Court declines, and states in writing that he declines, to support the decision appealed against as Respondent, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Court to name any person who may be interested in the matter of the said appeal and who consents, or the Returning Officer, to be, and such person so consenting, or such Returning Officer so named, shall be deemed to be, the Respondent in such appeal.

65 If it appears to the Court of Revision that the validity of any number of such claims or objections determined by the Court depends, and has been decided by the Court upon the same point of law, and the parties or any of them aggrieved by or dissatisfied with the decision thereon have given notice of an intention to appeal therefrom, it shall in such case be lawful for the Court to declare that the appeals against such decision ought to be consolidated; and the Chairman shall in such case state in writing the case, and the decision thereon, in manner hereinbefore mentioned, and that several appeals depend upon the same.
A.D. 1896.

Appellant and Respondent to be named.

Appellant's declaration.

Consolidated appeals to be conducted as any single appeal.

Agreement for contribution to costs may be made Rule of Court.

Conduct of appeal not duly prosecuted may be given to other persons.

If person interested refuses to be a party, &c.

decision and ought to be consolidated, and shall read such statement and sign the same as hereinbefore mentioned; and thereupon it shall be lawful for the Court to name any person interested, and consenting, for and on behalf of himself and all other persons in like manner interested in such appeals, to be the Appellant or Respondent respectively in such consolidated appeal, and to prosecute or answer the said appeal in like manner as any Appellant or Respondent might in his own case under the provisions of this Act.

66 The person so named Appellant in such consolidated appeal as aforesaid, or some one on his behalf, shall, at the end of the said statement, make and sign a declaration in the form or to the effect following; that is to say—

"I, for myself and on behalf of all other the persons who are interested as Appellants in this matter, and whose names are hereunder written, do appeal against this decision, and agree to prosecute this Appeal:"

And the person so named Respondent in such consolidated appeal, or some one on his behalf, shall in like manner make and sign a declaration in writing in the form or to the effect following; that is to say—

"I, for myself and on behalf of all other the persons who are interested as Respondents in this matter, and whose names are hereunder written, do agree to appear and answer this Appeal:"

And the name and, where necessary, the particulars of every party intended to be joined in such consolidated appeal, shall be written under the aforesaid declaration of the Appellant or Respondent respectively to which they may respectively refer: Provided always that it shall be lawful for the Court, if necessary, in any case to name the Returning Officer to be, and such Returning Officer so named shall be, the Respondent in such consolidated appeal without any such declaration being made or signed by him as hereinbefore mentioned.

67 In and with regard to every such consolidated appeal the like proceeding shall be had and taken, and the like rules and regulations shall apply, as in the case of any separate appeal under this Act; and every Order, Judgment, or Decision of the Supreme Court shall be equally valid and effectual for all the purposes of this Act, and binding and conclusive upon all the parties named in or referred to as parties to such consolidated appeal as aforesaid; and if in any case all or any of the parties to such consolidated appeal make or enter into any agreement as to the mode of contributing amongst themselves to the costs and expenses of such appeal, the said agreement may, upon the application of any party thereto, be made a Rule of the Supreme Court if the said Court thinks fit.

68 If any such consolidated appeal is not duly prosecuted or answered, it shall be lawful for the Supreme Court, or for any Judge thereof, to give to any party interested in such appeal upon his application the conduct and direction of such appeal, or of the answer thereto, respectively, as the case may require, instead of or in addition to any person named as aforesaid as Appellant or Respondent, and in such manner and upon such terms as the said Court or Judge may direct, or to make such other order in the case as may seem meet: Provided also, that if, after the said Court of Revision has as aforesaid declared that the appeal in any case ought to be with others
consolidated, any party interested in such appeal objects or refuses to be a party to or to be bound by any such consolidated appeal, then and in such case the appeal in which such person is interested may proceed separately, but such person so objecting or refusing shall be liable to pay costs to the other party, but shall not be entitled to receive any costs of or in such appeal unless the Supreme Court otherwise orders.

69 All appeals or matters of appeal from or in respect of any decision of any Court of Revision entertained in manner hereinbefore mentioned shall be prosecuted, heard, and determined in and by the Supreme Court of Tasmania according to the ordinary Rules and Practice of the said Court with respect to special cases, so far as the same may be applicable, and not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, or in such manner and form, and subject to such Rules and Regulations, as the said Court from time to time, by any Rule or Order made for regulating the practice and proceedings in such appeals, orders and directs.

70 Every Appellant who intends to prosecute his appeal shall, within Thirty days next after the decision to which such appeal relates, transmit to the Registrar of the Supreme Court the statement in writing so signed by the Chairman of the Court of Revision as aforesaid, and shall also therewith give or send a notice, signed by him, stating therein his intention to prosecute the said appeal; and the said Appellant shall also give or send a notice signed by him to the Respondent in the said appeal stating his said intention duly to prosecute such appeal in the said Court; and the Registrar shall forthwith enter every appeal of which he has received due notice from the Appellant as aforesaid in a book to be kept by him for that purpose.

71 The Judges of the Supreme Court shall make arrangements for hearing the appeals entered as aforesaid, and shall appoint such certain day or days either in Term time or in time of Vacation as they may think fit and necessary, but as early as conveniently may be, for the purpose of hearing and deciding such appeals; and the said Judges shall cause public notice to be given of the time and place appointed by them for that purpose, and of the order in which such appeals will be heard.

72 No appeal or matter of appeal whatsoever shall in any case, except where the conduct and direction of the appeal, or of the answer thereto, has been given by order of the Supreme Court, or of a Judge thereof, to any person, be entertained or heard by the said Court unless notice has been given by the Appellant to the Registrar at the time and in the manner hereinbefore mentioned; and no appeal shall be heard by the said Court in any case where the said Respondent does not appear, unless the said Appellant proves that due notice of his intention to prosecute such appeal was given or sent to the said Respondent Ten days at least before the day appointed for the hearing of such appeal: Provided always, that if it appears to the said Court that there has not been reasonable time to give or send such notice in any case, it shall be lawful for the said Court to postpone the hearing of the appeal in such case as to the Court seems meet.
73 No appeal or notice of appeal under this Act shall be received or allowed against any decision of the Court of Revision upon any question of fact only, or upon the admissibility or effect of any evidence or admission adduced or made in any case to establish any matter of fact only: Provided always, that if the Supreme Court is of opinion in any case that the statement of the matter of the appeal is not sufficient to enable such Court to give judgment in law, it shall be lawful for the said Court to remit the said statement to the Chairman of the Court of Revision by whom it was signed, in order that the case may be more fully stated.

74 No appeal shall be allowed or entertained against any order or notice by a Court of Revision for the payment of costs as hereinbefore provided.

75 Every judgment or decision of the Supreme Court shall be final and conclusive in the case upon the point of law adjudicated upon, and shall be binding at the trial of any Election Petition as hereinbefore provided.

76 Whenever by any Judgment or Order of the Supreme Court any Decision or Order of any Court of Revision is reversed or altered so as to require any alteration or correction of the Electoral Roll of any District, notice of such Judgment or Order of the said Court shall be forthwith given by the said Court to the Returning Officer having the custody of such Roll; and the said notice shall be in writing under the hand of the Registrar of the said Court, and shall specify exactly every alteration or correction to be made, in pursuance of the said Judgment or Order, in the said Roll; and such Returning Officer shall, upon the receipt of the said notice, alter or correct the said Roll, and the Polling List for such District, accordingly, and shall sign his name against every such alteration or correction in the said Roll and Polling List, and shall forthwith send a copy of such notice and of such alteration in the Roll and Polling List to the Clerk of the Peace, and shall safely keep and hand over to his successor every such notice received by him from the Supreme Court as aforesaid, together with the said Roll and Polling List.

77 A copy of any Order or Decision of the said Supreme Court, such copy purporting to be signed by the Registrar of the said Court, shall be sufficient evidence in all cases, without proof of the signature of the said Registrar, and shall have the like force and effect as any entry made in any List of Electors or Electoral Roll under this Act.

78 No right of voting at any Election of a Member or Members shall be affected by any appeal pending in the Supreme Court at the time of the issuing of the Writ for such Election, but it shall be lawful for every person to exercise the right of voting at such Election as effectually, and every vote tendered thereat shall be as good, as if no such appeal were pending; and the subsequent decision of any appeal which is pending in the said Court at the time of the issuing of the Writ for any such Election shall not in any way whatsoever alter or affect the Poll taken at such Election, nor the return made thereat by the Returning Officer.
Electoral.

79 It shall be lawful for the Supreme Court to make such Order respecting the payment of the costs of any appeal, or of any part of such costs, as the Court thinks fit: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for the said Court in any case to make any Order for costs against or in favour of any Respondent, or person named as Respondent as aforesaid, unless he appears before the said Court in support of the decision of the Court of Revision in question.

PART III.

MODE OF ELECTION.

80 Whenever and as often as the House of Assembly of the Parliament of Tasmania shall cease to continue, or shall be dissolved by the Governor, the Poll for all the Assembly Districts in respect of which the Election is contested shall be taken on the same day.

81 Whenever and so often as the House of Assembly of Tasmania shall cease to continue, or shall be dissolved by the Governor, the Writs for the Election of the Members of the House of Assembly shall be issued with as much expedition as the same can be done; and every Writ issued as aforesaid shall be forthwith forwarded by the Chief Secretary to the Returning Officer of the District in respect of which such Writ is issued, and such Writ shall be made returnable to the Governor within the period of Fifty days after the House of Assembly ceased to continue or was dissolved, anything contained in any Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

82 Not more than Ninety days shall elapse between the dissolution of the House of Assembly and the next meeting of the Parliament of Tasmania.

83 The Writ for the Election of any Member to serve in the Parliament of Tasmania for any District shall be issued by the Governor, directed to the Returning Officer of such District, and shall be returnable within Thirty days from the date thereof. Every such Writ shall specify the following particulars:—

1. The period within which Candidates may be nominated for election at such Election.
2. Some Polling-place to be the principal Polling-place for the purposes of such Election.
3. The day for taking the Poll at the different Polling-places in the event of the Election being contested.
4. The day on which the Writ is made returnable by the Governor. Provided that in the case of any vacancy arising in the Legislative Council or the House of Assembly, the Writ shall be issued within Seven clear days after the happening of such vacancy.

84 All such Writs may be framed in any manner and form which is sufficient for carrying the provisions of this Act into effect.
A.D. 1896.

Notice by advertisement to be given of period for nomination and for taking the Poll.

Returning Officer to give notice of nomination and Poll.

Schedule (16.)

Period for nomination.

Day for taking Poll.

Mode of nomination.

Schedule (17.)

85 The Chief Secretary shall, as soon as may be practicable after the issue of any Writ, give public notice by advertisement in the Gazette, and at least one newspaper published in Hobart and one newspaper published in Launceston, and one published in or nearest to the District for which such Writ is issued, of the period for Nomination and the day for taking the Poll in such Writ.

86 The Returning Officer of each District shall endorse on the Writ the day on which he received it, and shall also forthwith, on receipt of such Writ, give public notice of the period of Nomination and day for taking the Poll named in such Writ, and such notice shall be in the form of the Schedule (16.) and shall be published by advertisement in the Gazette, and, as regards the Southern Districts, once in a newspaper published in Launceston and not less than twice nor more than three times in a newspaper published in Hobart, and, as regards the Northern Districts, by advertisement once in a newspaper published in Hobart and not less than twice nor more than three times in a newspaper published in Launceston.

87 The commencement of the period within which Candidates may be nominated for election at any Election shall not be less than Three clear days, nor more than Six clear days, after the Writs shall have been issued for such Election; and the duration of such period shall not be less than Three clear days, nor more than Eight clear days, from the commencement of such period, and shall expire at Four o’clock in the afternoon of the last day named in the Writ for such purpose.

88 The day for taking the Poll at the different Polling-places in the event of any Election being contested shall not be less than Four clear days, nor more than Twelve clear days, from the last day of the period of Nomination.

89 Any two or more Electors of any District may at any time during the period of Nomination for any Election for such District named in the Writ, by writing under their hands in the form of the Schedule (17.), stating the particulars mentioned in the said Schedule (17.), nominate to the Returning Officer any person or any number of persons named and described in such writing, not exceeding the number of Members then to be elected, as a Candidate or Candidates at such Election, and there shall be written at the foot of such Nomination a statement under the hand of the person or persons nominated, in the form of the Schedule (17.), declaring the consent of such person or persons to become a Candidate or Candidates at such Election, and such Nomination, together with the consent written thereon, shall be delivered to the Returning Officer; and no other persons than those so nominated and consenting as aforesaid, and by or for whom, or on whose behalf such sum as is hereinafter mentioned has been paid, shall be eligible to be elected at such Election.

Provided that in the event of any person so nominated being absent from the Colony at the time of such nomination no such written consent shall be necessary: Provided also, that the said form in the Schedule (17.) may be in writing or printed, or partly written or partly printed, but shall be signed by the persons nominating and consenting respectively.
So soon as may be after the expiration of the period of Nomination, and until and on the day of Election, the Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the District a List specifying the names and descriptions of all Candidates so nominated as aforesaid, and the names and descriptions of their proposers respectively; and such List shall have the name of the Returning Officer affixed at the foot thereof.

Provided that in case any person is nominated to the Returning Officer as a Candidate for election at any Election by more than Five persons, such Returning Officer shall publish the names and descriptions of not more than Five of the persons who so nominated such Candidate.

If at any Election, other than the Periodical Election of a Member of the Legislative Council, there is not a greater number of Candidates so put in Nomination than the number of Members then to be elected, the Returning Officer, upon the closing of the period of Nomination, shall at the principal Polling-place declare the Candidates so nominated to be duly elected, and shall make his Return accordingly.

In the event of more Candidates being so put in Nomination as aforesaid at any Election than the number of Members then to be elected, a Poll shall take place at the different Polling-places for the District on the day appointed in the Writ for that purpose, in order to ascertain which of the Candidates so put in Nomination shall be declared elected.

In the event of more Candidates being nominated than the number of persons to be elected, the Returning Officer shall upon the expiration of the period of Nomination cause the names of all the Candidates put in Nomination to be printed on placards in alphabetical order, and to be numbered thereon in figures in regular succession; and shall cause one or more of such placards to be placed in each room of each Polling-place, and also in some conspicuous position on the outside of each Polling-place.

Each Candidate may appoint any number of persons, not exceeding Three at each Polling-place, to be Scrutineers at the Election, who shall be entitled to be present in the room in which the Ballot-papers are received, and who shall, before acting as such Scrutineers, make and subscribe in the presence of the Returning Officer or a Deputy Returning Officer a Declaration in the form contained in the Schedule (18.): Provided that when there are less than One hundred Electors' names on the Polling List at any Polling-place no more than One Scrutineer may be appointed at such Polling-place.

The power of appointing Scrutineers may, in default of appointment by any Candidate who has been nominated without his previous authority and consent, be exercised by the persons nominating such Candidate.

The Clerk of the Peace shall, before and in time for the Poll at any Election, forward to the Returning Officer of the Electoral District for which the Election is about to take place a number of Ballot-papers.
equal to the number of Electors upon the Roll of the District; and the Returning Officer shall supply to each Deputy Returning Officer a number of Ballot-papers equal to the number of Electors whose names are on the Polling List as entitled to vote at the Polling-place at which the Deputy Returning Officer is appointed to preside; and such Ballot-papers shall contain the names of all persons duly nominated as Candidates at such Election, arranged alphabetically in the order of their surnames, according to the form in the Schedule (19.), and no other matter or thing whatever; and such Ballot-papers shall be signed or stamped on the back thereof by the Clerk of the Peace, and shall also, immediately upon their receipt, be countersigned or stamped on the back thereof by the Returning Officer.

97 The Returning Officer shall preside at the principal Polling-place, and shall appoint a Deputy to act for him and take the Poll at each of the other Polling-places; and such Deputy shall be appointed by writing under the hand of the Returning Officer.

98 Each Deputy Returning Officer shall, before the day of Poll at any Election, make and subscribe before the Returning Officer or some Justice of the Peace a Declaration in the form contained in the Schedule (20.).

99 At every Election the Returning Officer shall cause rooms and writing materials; and copies of Electoral Roll and Polling List; and Ballot-boxes; and appoint Polling Clerks.

100 The Election at each Polling-place shall be held before the Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer; and the voting at such Election shall commence at Eight o’clock in the forenoon and shall finally close at Six o’clock in the evening of the same day, unless adjourned by reason of riot or interruption as hereinafter provided.

Provided that every Elector who is within the room in which the Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer is presiding at Six o’clock in the evening, and who has not voted, shall be allowed to vote.

101 The Returning Officer or the Deputy Returning Officer, as the case may be, shall immediately before the commencement of the voting at any election exhibit the Ballot-box open to such of the Scrutineers
Every Election under this Act shall be conducted in the manner following:—

1. Each Elector shall enter unattended into the room in which the Ballot-box is kept; and shall first sign his name, or place his mark opposite to his name, upon a certified copy of the Electoral Roll; and the Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer presiding at the Polling-place shall then check or mark off upon a certified copy of the Roll such Elector's name as having voted, and shall then deliver a Ballot-paper to the Elector, who shall immediately take such Ballot-paper into one of the inner rooms or compartments provided for the purpose, and shall there, alone and secretly and without delay, record his vote in the manner hereinafter described.

2. In every case in which only one Candidate is to be elected for any District, the Elector shall expunge the name or names of the Candidate or Candidates for whom he does not intend to vote, so that he leaves only One name not struck out, and if he leaves the names of more than One Candidate not struck out such Ballot-paper shall be invalid.

3. In every case in which more than One Candidate is to be elected for any District, each Elector shall have one vote only, but may vote in the alternative for as many Candidates as he pleases, provided he votes for not less than one-half of the number of Members to be elected; and his vote shall be deemed to be given in the first place for the Candidate opposite whose name upon the Ballot-paper is placed the figure 1; but in the event of its not being required to be used for the return of such Candidate, it may be transferred to the other Candidates in succession, in the order of priority indicated by the figures set opposite their respective names; and the Elector shall insert opposite to the names of the Candidates for whom he wishes to vote, the figures 1, 2, 3, and so on, in the order of his preference. He shall not strike out from the Ballot-paper the name of any Candidate.

4. As soon as the Elector has expunged the name or names of the Candidate or Candidates for whom he does not wish to vote as directed in Sub-section (2), or has marked the Ballot-paper as directed in Sub-section (3), he shall fold up the Ballot-paper in such manner that the signature or stamp of the Returning Officer or Clerk of the Peace shall appear on the outside of the folded Ballot-paper, and shall immediately take the same into the room in which the Ballot-box is kept, and, after exhibiting to the Returning Officer the signature or stamp on the back of such Ballot-paper, shall place the Ballot-paper in the Ballot-box; and immediately the Elector has so placed his Ballot-paper in the Ballot-box he shall leave the room, and shall not re-enter during the same Election.

5. No Two persons shall remain in the inner room at the same time, nor shall any person take any Ballot-paper out of the room in which the Ballot-box is kept excepting into the said inner room or compartment, and then only for the purpose of recording his vote as hereinbefore directed; and any person wilfully contravening any of the provisions herein contained shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and may be punished accordingly.
A.D. 1896.

Only Elector to be in inner room.

Provides for blind men voting.

Roll to be evidence of Electors retaining qualification.

No enquiry at Elections except questions set forth in Schedule (21.)

Oaths to be administered to Electors.

Schedule (22.)

Schedule (23.)

Persons not entitled to vote unless questions answered or Oaths taken.

Persons answering falsely guilty of a Misdemeanor.

No other Oaths to be taken.

103 No person other than the Elector who is for that time tendering his vote shall be entitled to be present in the inner room in which the Ballot-papers are filled up by the Electors; and any person other than such Elector actually recording his vote who intrudes into such room shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor.

104 In the case of any Elector who is blind or otherwise physically incapacitated from voting, or is unable to read the names of the Candidates on the Ballot-paper, the Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer presiding at the Polling-place shall write such Elector's name in the Elector's signing-place on the certified copy of the Electoral Roll, and attest the same under his hand, and openly in the Ballot-room, in the presence of any Scrutineers who may be present, record the vote of such Elector upon the Ballot-paper in the manner herein-before required in accordance with the Elector's instructions.

105 At every Election of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any District, the Electoral Roll so made as aforesaid shall be deemed and taken to be conclusive evidence that the persons therein named continue to have the qualifications which are annexed to their names respectively in the Roll in force at such Election.

106 No enquiry shall be permitted at any Election as to the right of any person to vote, except only as follows; that is to say, the Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer shall, if he thinks fit, or if required by any Scrutineer, put to any person tendering himself as an Elector, before or at the time the Ballot-paper is delivered to him, and not afterwards, the questions contained in the Schedule (21.) or either of them, and no other.

107 The Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer shall, if he thinks fit, or if required by any Scrutineer, at the time aforesaid, administer an Oath to any person so claiming to vote, in relation to his identity, and to his having previously voted, in the form in the Schedule (22.) ; and the Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer shall likewise, if he thinks fit, or if required by any Scrutineer, administer the Oath against Bribery in the form in the Schedule (23.).

108 No person so required to answer either of such questions, or take any such Oath as aforesaid, shall be qualified or permitted to vote until he has answered such question, or taken such Oath.

109 If any person wilfully makes a false answer to either of such questions, such persons shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and may be punished accordingly.

110 No Elector shall at any Election be required to take any Oath, except as aforesaid, in proof of his right to vote, or otherwise; and no person claiming to vote at any such Election shall be excluded from voting thereat except by reason of its appearing to the Returning Officer, or Deputy Returning Officer, upon putting such questions as aforesaid, or either of them, that the person so claiming to vote is not the person whose name appears on the Electoral Roll, or that he has previously voted at the same Election, or except by reason of such
person refusing to answer the questions, or take the Oaths aforesaid, or any of them.

Result of Poll.

111 The Deputy Returning Officer of each Polling-place shall, as soon as practicable after the close of the Poll, and in the presence of such of the Scrutineers as choose to be present, open the Ballot-boxes and shall count the votes given for each candidate, and shall immediately thereafter make out and sign an abstract of the result of the voting at that Polling-place, and shall then make up the Ballot-papers taken from the Ballot-box into a separate parcel, sealed with his own seal and the seals of such Scrutineers as desire to affix their seals, and shall transmit to the Returning Officer such parcel so sealed as aforesaid, and shall also transmit at the same time to the Returning Officer in separate parcels securely fastened—

i. The unused and spoilt Ballot-papers;

ii. The certified copies of Rolls supplied to the said Deputy Returning Officer on which the fact of any person having received a Ballot-paper has been noted; and

iii. An account in which such Deputy Returning Officer shall charge himself with the number of Ballot-papers originally delivered to him, the number thereof delivered to and used by voters, and the number not so delivered or left unused, and the number set aside for separate custody (which account is hereinafter referred to as the Ballot-paper account).

Every such Ballot-paper account shall be verified as well by the signatures of the said Deputy Returning Officer and the Poll Clerk (if any) as also by the signatures of such of the Scrutineers as shall be present and shall consent to sign the same.

Provided always that, in the cases of the Cities of Hobart and Launceston, the Deputy Returning Officer at each Polling-place shall, as soon as practicable after the close of the Poll, transmit to the Returning Officer the Ballot-boxes unopened with the Ballot-papers therein, or shall take from the Ballot-boxes all the Ballot-papers which have been deposited therein, and shall, without unfolding them, make them up into a parcel, sealed with his seal and the seals of such of the scrutineers as desire to affix them thereto, and shall transmit the same to the Returning Officer as hereinafter directed.

112 Each Deputy Returning Officer shall severally indorse such parcels as aforesaid with a description of the contents thereof, and with the name of the District, the name of the place of polling, and the date of the polling, and sign with his name the said indorsement.

Deputies to indorse parcels.

113 The Returning Officer shall, as soon as practicable after the close of the Poll, and in the presence of such of the Candidates and such of the Scrutineers for each Candidate as may desire to be present, open all the sealed parcels of Ballot-papers received by him from the several Deputy Returning Officers and the Ballot-box used at the principal Polling-place, and shall then proceed to count the votes given at all the Polling-places for the District, and shall make out and sign an Abstract of the result of the Poll, and shall at the principal Polling-place, and as soon as may be practicable after he has counted all the votes, openly declare the name or names of the person or persons who
have been duly elected at such Election; and in every case in which the mode of election has been the erasure of One or more names upon the Ballot-paper, he shall declare the total number of votes given for each Candidate; and in the event of the number of votes being found to be equal for any Two or more Candidates, such Returning Officer shall, by his casting vote, decide which of the said Candidates shall be elected: Provided, however, that no Returning Officer shall vote at any Election for the Electoral District of which he is the Returning Officer except in the case of an equality of votes as aforesaid: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for any Deputy Returning Officer to vote at any Election for the Electoral District for which he is registered as an Elector in like manner as if he had not been appointed and acted as Deputy Returning Officer for such Electoral District; and such Returning Officer shall return to the Clerk of the Peace such of the Ballot-papers as are not used at such Election.

114 The name of the person or persons so elected, together with the date of his or their election, shall be inserted in or endorsed on the Writ by the Returning Officer, and such Writ shall be returned to the Governor within the time for that purpose specified therein.

115 In every case in which more than one Candidate is to be elected for any District, the Returning Officer shall deal with the Ballot-papers as follows:

1. He shall first arrange the Ballot-papers by placing in a separate parcel all those which have the figure 1 set opposite to the name of the same Candidate, and in so doing he shall reject all Ballot-papers which have not the official signatures or stamps on the back thereof, or which have anything written or marked thereon by which the voter can be identified, and all Ballot-papers on which no number has been placed by the voter to indicate the Candidate for whom he wishes to vote, and all Ballot-papers on which the same number has been placed against more names than one; and all Ballot-papers whereon the number of Candidates marked in the order of the voters' preference is fewer than one-half the number of Members to be elected.

2. He shall then proceed to ascertain the "quota" of votes necessary for the election of a Candidate by dividing the aggregate number of all the Ballot-papers contained in all the parcels by the number of Members to be elected, and the result, disregarding any fractional remainder, shall be the "quota."

3. He shall then proceed to count the number of Ballot-papers in each parcel, and every Candidate who has a number of first votes equal to or greater than the quota shall be declared elected, and every Ballot-paper which has been once counted in the quota for a Candidate who is declared elected shall not be counted for any other Candidate.

4. As many Ballot-papers in each parcel as are in excess of the quota shall be set aside in the manner hereinafter directed to be counted for other Candidates as hereinafter provided, and on all such Ballot-papers so set aside the name of any Candidate for whom the requisite number
of Ballot-papers has already been counted shall be deemed to be cancelled, and the Returning Officer shall then severally transfer such Ballot-papers to the Candidates indicated thereon respectively as the next in the order of the voter's preference, and the votes thus transferred shall be deemed to have been given for the Candidates to whom they shall be transferred as herein directed, and shall be deemed to be first votes.

v. The Ballot-papers which are set aside from any parcel after the first count of votes as hereinafore directed shall be selected from that parcel in such manner that they shall include as nearly as practicable in respect of each Candidate the same proportion of Ballot-papers having the figure 2 set opposite to his name as the number of such Ballot-papers included in the whole parcel bears to the total number of Ballot-papers in the whole parcel; and if any doubt or dispute shall arise as to the number of Ballot-papers which should be included in respect of any Candidate among the Ballot-papers set aside from any parcel, the decision of the Returning Officer shall be final.

vi. If in any case the number of Ballot-papers transferred to another Candidate as the second in the order of preference indicated thereon shall exceed the number required to give the quota of votes to that Candidate, the excess to be transferred to other Candidates shall be selected from the total number of the Ballot-papers previously transferred as aforesaid in such manner that the excess shall include as nearly as practicable in the case of each Candidate the same proportion of Ballot-papers having the figure 3 set opposite to his name as the number of such Ballot-papers included in the total number of Ballot-papers previously transferred as aforesaid bears to such total number; and if any doubt or dispute shall arise as to the number of Ballot-papers which should be included in such excess in respect of any Candidate, the decision of the Returning Officer shall be final.

This process shall be repeated until no Candidate has more than a quota of first votes, or votes deemed first.

vii. If, after all the Ballot-papers have been counted and respectively assigned to the several Candidates as hereinafore directed, it is found that no Candidate, or an insufficient number of Candidates, has obtained the quota of votes necessary for his or their election, then and in such case the Candidate who has obtained the lowest number of votes shall be excluded from the Poll, and all the Ballot-papers previously counted for such Candidate shall be deemed to have been unused and to have his name cancelled thereon, and they shall be respectively transferred to and counted for the other Candidates who have not received the requisite quota of votes and who are indicated on such Ballot-papers respectively as the next in the order of the voter's preference.

viii. The same process of excluding the Candidate lowest on the Poll and transferring to other Candidates the Ballot-papers previously counted for the excluded Candidate shall be repeated until number...
of Candidates reduced to number of Members to be elected.

Who shall be deemed the lowest Candidate in certain cases.

Returning Officer to have casting vote.

Remaining Candidates elected.

Example. Appendix.

Ballot-papers marked defaced &c. to be rejected.

Adjournment of Election in case of riot.

repeated as often as may be necessary until the requisite number of Candidates have received the necessary quota of votes, or until the number of Candidates has been reduced to the number of Members to be elected.

ix. If at any time after the first counting of the Ballot-papers it becomes necessary to exclude the lowest Candidate from the Poll as hereinbefore directed, and it shall be found that two or more Candidates have the same number of votes and occupy together the lowest position on the Poll, then and in every such case whichever one of such Candidates was found to have received the least number of votes upon the first counting of the Ballot-papers shall be deemed to be the lowest on the Poll; and if at any time it becomes necessary to exclude from the Poll one or more of any number of Candidates who have received the same number of votes upon the first counting of the Ballot-papers, the Returning Officer shall decide which one or more of such Candidates shall be excluded from the Poll.

x. When, by successive applications of the directions hereinbefore contained, the number of Candidates is reduced to the number of Members to be elected, the Candidates constituting such reduced number shall be declared elected.

(An example of marking Ballot-papers in order of preference, and of the mode of determining an election by a “quota” as aforesaid, is set forth in the Appendices A and B at the end of this Act.)

The Returning Officer shall not count the votes on any Ballot-papers which he may reject as invalid, but he shall collect all such invalid Ballot-papers and seal them up in a separate parcel after the counting of the votes has been concluded, and shall transmit such parcel to the Clerk of the Legislative Council, or the Clerk of the House of Assembly, together with the other Ballot-papers and documents used at the election, in accordance with the provision hereinafter contained for the transmission of such other Ballot-papers and documents as aforesaid.

116 The Returning Officer, in ascertaining the state of the Poll from the Ballot-papers taken at the several Polling-places at any Election, shall reject as invalid every Ballot-paper which is wilfully written upon, defaced, or in any way distinguished or marked otherwise than is by Law required, or which has not the official signatures or stamps on the back thereof.

117 Where the proceedings at any Election are interrupted or obstructed by any riot or open violence, the Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer, as the case may be, shall not for such cause finally close the Poll, but shall adjourn the taking the Poll at the particular Polling-place at which such interruption or obstruction has happened until the following day, and if necessary shall further adjourn such Poll until such interruption or obstruction has ceased, when the Returning Officer, or Deputy Returning Officer, as the case may be, shall again proceed with the taking the Poll at the Polling-place at which the same has been interrupted or obstructed; and whenever the Poll has been so adjourned by any Deputy Returning Officer, such Deputy shall forthwith give notice of such adjournment to the Return-
ing Officer, who shall not finally declare the state of the Poll or make proclamation of the Member chosen until the Poll so adjourned at such Polling-place as aforesaid has been finally closed, and the Abstract of the Poll and the Ballot-papers delivered or transmitted to such Returning Officer.

118 All Ballot-papers used at the Election of a Member of the Legislative Council, together with all the Ballot-paper Accounts of the Deputy Returning Officers, the certified copies of the Electoral Roll used at such Election, and the abstract of the result of the Poll, shall be sealed up by the Returning Officer and transmitted to the Clerk of the Legislative Council, and all Ballot-papers taken at the Election of a Member of the House of Assembly, together with all such Ballot-paper Accounts, certified copies of the Electoral Roll, and abstract as aforesaid, shall be in like manner sealed up by the Returning Officer and transmitted to the Clerk of the House of Assembly, who shall safely keep the same for the period of three years from the receipt thereof; and the sealed packets containing the same shall be in like manner sealed up and kept for three years; and the handed over by the Returning Officer and transmitted to the Clerk of the House of Assembly, who shall safely keep the same for the period of Three years from the receipt thereof; and the sealed packets containing the same shall be described to be the Election papers of the Elections to which they respectively relate, specifying in each case the Electoral District and the date of the Election, and be signed by the Returning Officer; and in case any question at any time arises touching any Election, such papers, or any of them, relating to such Election shall upon production thereof, and proof either by evidence, or by a certificate thereon under the hand of the Clerk for the time being of the Legislative Council or House of Assembly, as the case may be, that the same came to and were in his custody as such Clerk, be received in evidence in the Supreme Court and in any Court of Justice in this Colony.

119 For the purposes of the Periodical Elections of Members of the Legislative Council appointed by “The Constitution Amendment Act, 1885,” to be held in every year, the Writ for every such Election may be issued before the Member to retire by rotation shall have retired.

120 In the event of any vacancy occurring in the Legislative Council by death, resignation, disqualification, or otherwise, at any time within one month immediately before the latest day upon which the Writs for the purposes of the Periodical Elections hereinbefore mentioned are by law required to be issued, the Writ for the return of a Member to fill the said vacancy in the Legislative Council shall not be issued until the day upon which the Writs for the said Periodical Elections shall be issued, anything to the contrary in this Act contained notwithstanding; and the election of a Member to fill such vacancy shall be held on the day appointed for such Periodical Election.

121 If at any such Periodical Election hereinbefore mentioned there is not a greater number of Candidates put in nomination than the number of Members to be elected thereat, the Returning Officer, upon the day appointed for taking the Poll for such Election, shall at the principal Polling-place declare the Candidates so nominated to be duly elected, and shall make his Return accordingly.

122 At the time of the nomination to the Returning Officer of any person or persons as a Candidate or Candidates for any election for any Electoral District, there shall be paid to the Returning Officer by or on behalf of every person nominated the sum of Twenty-five Pounds,
in gold, bank notes, or marked cheque, to be dealt with as hereinafter provided; and no person by or for whom or on whose behalf such payment shall not have been so made shall be or be deemed to be a Candidate at any Election.

123 Where a Poll shall take place at any Election the Returning Officer shall apply the moneys so paid to him as aforesaid by all such Candidates as shall not afterwards have received at the same election a number of votes equal at least to one-fourth part of the votes received by the successful Candidate, if only one, or by such one of the successful Candidates, if there shall be more than one, as shall have received the smallest number of votes, in and towards defraying the necessary expenses (whether incurred before or after such payment) of all such acts and things relating to such Election as he may reasonably and properly do or provide, and the balance of such moneys, if any, shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund. And after every Election the Returning Officer shall repay to each of the Candidates who shall have been returned without a Poll, or who shall so have received a number of votes equal at least to such fourth part, whether declared elected or not, or to the person or persons who have made such payments on behalf, all moneys so paid by or for him or them respectively.

Provided that in case of an Election under Section one hundred and fifteen of this Act for the Assembly District of Hobart, or for the Assembly District of Launceston, the Candidates (if any) to be deemed to have received less than a fourth part of the votes at aforesaid shall be the Candidate or Candidates excluded from the Poll whose votes when so excluded shall be less than a fourth of the lowest number of votes which at such Election shall return a Candidate.

124 Every Returning Officer shall keep a separate account for each Election held by him of all moneys received and expended or repaid by him as aforesaid at and about such Election; and shall, not less than three nor more than six months after the declaration of the Poll at such Election, forward to the Auditor-General a copy of such account certified under his hand, together with all receipts, accounts, and vouchers relating to the same; and the said Auditor shall forthwith examine and compare the same respectively, and if the said account is found correct, the said Auditor shall sign the same in token of his allowance thereof; and for the said purposes the Auditor-General shall have all the powers conferred upon him by "The Audit Act, 1888."
endeavour to procure, any money or valuable consideration to or for any Elector, or to or for any person on behalf of any Elector, or to or for any other person, in order to induce any Elector to vote or refrain from voting, or corruptly does any such act as aforesaid, on account of such Elector having voted or refrained from voting at any Election under this Act:

ii. Every person who, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, gives, or procures, or offers, promises, or promises to procure or to endeavour to procure, any office, place, or employment to or for any Elector, or to or for any person on behalf of any Elector, or to or for any other person in order to induce such Elector to vote, or refrain from voting, or corruptly does any such act as aforesaid, on account of any Elector having voted or refrained from voting at any Election under this Act:

iii. Every person who, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, makes any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement as aforesaid, to or for any person, in order to induce such person to procure or endeavour to procure, the Return of any person as a Member of the Parliament of Tasmania, or the vote of any Elector at any Election under this Act:

iv. Every person who, upon or in consequence of any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement or agreement, procures or engages, promises, or endeavours to procure, the Return of any person as a Member of the Parliament of Tasmania, or the vote of any Elector at any Election under this Act:

v. Every person who advances or pays, or causes to be paid, any money to or to the use of any other person, with the intent that such money, or any part thereof, shall be expended in bribery at any Election under this Act, or who knowingly pays or causes to be paid any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery at any such Election:

Provided always, that the aforesaid enactment shall not extend or be construed to extend to any money paid or agreed to be paid for or on account of any legal expenses bona fide incurred or concerning any such Election.

126 The following persons shall also be deemed guilty of Bribery under this Act, and shall be punished accordingly:

i. Every Elector who, before or during any Election under this Act, directly or indirectly, by himself, or by any other person on his behalf, receives, agrees, or contracts for any money, gift, loan, or valuable consideration, office, place, or employment, for himself, or for any other person, for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting at any such Election:

ii. Every person who, after any such Election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receives any money or valuable consideration on account of any person having voted or refrained from voting, or having induced any other person to vote or to refrain from voting at any such Election.
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Personation, &c.

Persons offending may be given in charge.

Aiders and abettors to be punished as principals.

Refreshments illegal.

What is Treating.

46 & 47 Vict.
c. 51, s. 1.

127 If any person not entitled to vote by virtue of this Act votes or offers to vote at any Election under this Act, or if any person votes or offers to vote a second time at the same Election, or personates or attempts to personate any other person, whether such other person is then living or dead, for the purpose of voting at any such Election, such person shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be liable to be imprisoned with or without hard labour for any term not exceeding Two years at the discretion of the Court; and if, at any such Election, it appears to the Returning Officer, or Deputy Returning Officer presiding, that there is reasonable ground to suspect that any person having voted or offered to vote at any such Election has been guilty of any such offence as aforesaid, he may thereupon, without warrant, commit the person so offending for examination before some Justice of the Peace upon such charge; and all Constables are hereby required to take such person into custody upon such committal, and to convey him as soon as may be before some Justice for examination, and in the meantime to confine such person in some watch-house.

128 Every person who aids, abets, counsels, or procures the commission of any such last-mentioned Misdemeanor shall be liable to be indicted and punished as a principal offender.

129 The giving or causing to be given to any Elector during the hours of polling on the day of Election at any Election under this Act, any meat, drink, or entertainment by way of refreshment, or any money or ticket to enable such Elector to obtain refreshment, on account of such Elector having voted or being about to vote at such Election, shall be deemed an illegal act; and the person so offending shall forfeit the sum of Fifty Pounds for each offence to any person who sues for the same, together with full costs of suit.

What is undue influence.

De., s. 2.

130 The following persons shall be deemed guilty of Treating, and shall be punished accordingly:

1. Any person who corruptly, by himself or by any other person, either before, during, or after an Election under this Act, directly or indirectly gives or provides, or pays wholly or in part the expense of giving or providing, any meat, drink, entertainment, or provision to or for any person for the purpose of corruptly influencing that person or any other person to give or refrain from giving his vote at the Election, or on account of such person or any other person having voted or refrained from voting, or being about to vote or refrain from voting at such Election, shall be guilty of Treating;

ii. And every elector who corruptly accepts or takes any such meat, drink, entertainment, or provision shall also be guilty of Treating.

131 Every person who shall directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, make use of or threaten to make use of any force, violence, or restraint, or inflict or threaten to inflict, by himself or by any other person, any temporal or spiritual injury, damage, harm, or loss upon or against any person in order to induce or compel such person to vote or refrain from voting, or on account of such person having voted or refrained from voting at any such Election, or who shall
by abduction, duress, or any fraudulent device or contrivance, impede or prevent the free exercise of the right to vote of any Elector, or shall thereby compel, induce, or prevail upon any Elector either to give or to refrain from giving his vote at any such Election, shall be guilty of undue influence.

132 Whereupon the trial of an Election Petition respecting an Election for the Legislative Council or the House of Assembly the Supreme Court declares that any corrupt practice other than treating or undue influence has been proved to have been committed in reference to such Election by or with the knowledge and consent of any Candidate at such Election, or that the offence of treating or undue influence has been proved to have been committed in reference to such Election by any Candidate at such Election, that Candidate shall not be capable for a period of Four years of being elected to or sitting in the Legislative Council or the House of Assembly, and if he has been elected his election shall be void; and he shall further be subject to the same incapacities as if at the date of the said trial he had been convicted on an information of a corrupt practice.

133 Upon the trial of an Election Petition respecting any such Election, in which a charge is made of any corrupt practice having been committed in reference to such Election, the Supreme Court shall declare whether any of the Candidates at such Election has been guilty by his Agents of any corrupt practice in reference to such Election; and if any Candidate at such Election is so declared guilty by his Agents of any corrupt practice in reference to such Election, that Candidate shall not be capable of being elected to or sitting in the Legislative Council or the House of Assembly for the Electoral District in respect of which the Election was held for Two years after the date of the trial, and if he has been elected his election shall be void.

134—(1.) A person who commits any corrupt practice other than personation, or aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of the offence of personation, shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and on conviction on information shall be liable to be imprisoned, with or without hard labour, for a term not exceeding One year, or to be fined any sum not exceeding Two hundred Pounds.

(2.) A person who commits the offence of personation, or of aiding, abetting, counselling, or procuring the commission of that offence, shall be guilty of Felony, and any person convicted thereof on information shall be punished by imprisonment for a term not exceeding Two years, with or without hard labour.

(3.) A person who is convicted on information of any corrupt practice shall (in addition to any punishment as above provided) be not capable during a period of Four years from the date of his conviction—

i. Of having his name inserted in any list of Electors, and voting at any Election.

ii. Of holding any public, judicial, or municipal office, and if he holds any such office, the office shall be vacated.

(4.) Any person so convicted of a corrupt practice in reference to any Election shall also be incapable of being elected to and of sitting in the Legislative Council or the House of Assembly during the Four years next after the date of his conviction; and if at that date he has
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been elected to the Legislative Council or House of Assembly, his election shall be vacated from the time of such conviction.

Illegal Practices.

135—(1.) No payment or contract for payment shall, for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of a Candidate at any Election, be made—

1. To an Elector on account of the use of any house, land, building, or premises for the exhibition of any address, bill, or notice, or on account of the exhibition of any address, bill, or notice; or—

2. On account of any committee-room in any public-house.

(2.) Subject to such exception as may be allowed in pursuance of this Act, if any payment or contract for payment is knowingly made in contravention of this Section, either before or during or after an Election, the person making such payment or contract shall be guilty of an illegal practice; and any person receiving such payment, or being a party to any such contract, knowing the same to be in contravention of this Act, shall also be guilty of an illegal practice.

(3.) Provided, that where it is the ordinary business of an Elector, as an advertising agent, to exhibit for payment bills and advertisements, a payment to or contract with such Elector, if made in the ordinary course of business, shall not be deemed to be an illegal practice within the meaning of this Section.

136—(1.) If any person votes, or induces or procures any person to vote, at any Election, knowing that he or such person is prohibited, whether by this or any other Act, from voting at such Election, he shall be guilty of an illegal practice.

(2.) Any person who, before or during an Election, knowingly publishes a false statement of the withdrawal of a Candidate at such Election for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of another Candidate, shall be guilty of an illegal practice.

(3.) Provided, that a Candidate shall not be liable, nor shall his election be avoided, for any illegal practice under this Section committed by his Agent other than his Election Agent.

137 A person guilty of an illegal practice, whether under the foregoing Sections or under the provisions hereinafter contained in this Act, shall, on summary conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding One hundred Pounds, and be incapable during a period of Four years from the date of his conviction of being registered as an Elector or voting at any Parliamentary Election held for or within the Electoral District in which the illegal practice has been committed.

Illegal Payment, Employment, and Hiring.

138 Where a person knowingly provides money for any payment which is contrary to the provisions of this Act, or for replacing any money expended in any such payment, such person shall be guilty of illegal payment.
No Elector who, within Six months before or during any Election for the Legislative Council or House of Assembly, shall have been retained, hired, or employed for all or any of the purposes of the election for reward by or on behalf of any Candidate at any Election held under this Act as Agent, Secretary, Canvasser, or Scrutineer, or in other like employment, shall be entitled to vote at such Election; and if he shall so vote he shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and his vote shall be void.

No person shall, for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of a Candidate at an Election held under this Act, be engaged or employed for payment or promise of payment for any purpose or in any capacity whatever, except for any purposes or capacities mentioned in the Schedule (24.)

Subject to such exception as may be allowed in pursuance of this Section, either before, during, or after an election, the person engaging or employing him shall be guilty of illegal employment, and the person so engaged or employed shall also be guilty of illegal employment if he knew that he was engaged or employed contrary to law.

Any person who corruptly induces or procures any other person to withdraw from being a Candidate at an Election in consideration of any payment or promise of payment shall be guilty of illegal payment, and any person withdrawing in pursuance of such inducement or procurement shall also be guilty of illegal payment.

Every bill, placard, or poster having reference to an Election shall bear upon the face thereof the name and address of the printer and publisher thereof; and any person printing, publishing, or posting, or causing to be printed, published, or posted, any such bill, placard, or poster as aforesaid which fails to bear upon the face thereof the name and address of the printer and publisher, shall, if he is the Candidate or the Election Agent of the Candidate, be guilty of an illegal practice, and if he is not the Candidate or the Election Agent of a Candidate, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding One hundred Pounds.

A person guilty of an offence of illegal payment, employment, or hiring, shall, on summary conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding One hundred Pounds.

A Candidate, or an Election Agent of a Candidate, who is personally guilty of an offence of illegal payment, employment, or hiring, shall be guilty of an illegal practice.

No Elector employed for reward to be entitled to vote. 30 & 31 Vict. c. 192, s. 11.
Prohibition of persons guilty of corrupt or illegal practices, &c. from voting.

46 & 47 Vict. c. 51, s. 36.

Names of offenders to be expunged from Electoral Roll and inserted in a separate List.

1. That no corrupt or illegal practice was committed at such Election by the Candidate or his Election Agent, and the offences mentioned were committed contrary to the orders and without the sanction or connivance of such Candidate or his Election Agent; and

2. That such Candidate and his Election Agent took all reasonable means for preventing the commission of corrupt and illegal practices at such Election; and

3. That the offences mentioned were of a trivial, unimportant, and limited character; and

4. That in all other respects the Election was free from any corrupt or illegal practice on the part of such Candidate and of his Agents;

then the Election of such Candidate shall not, by reason of such offences, be void, nor shall the Candidate be subject to any incapacity under this Act.

Disqualification of Electors.

145 Every person guilty of a corrupt or illegal practice, or of illegal employment, payment, or hiring at an Election, is prohibited from voting at such Election, and if any such person votes his vote shall be void.

146 Whenever it is proved before the Court of Revision that any person who is or claims to be placed on the List of Electors for any District has been convicted of a corrupt or illegal practice, or of illegal employment, payment, or hiring under this Act, or that judgment has been obtained against any such person for any penal sum hereby made recoverable in respect of any such offences, then and in that case such Court shall, in case the name of such person is in the List of Electors, expunge the same therefrom, or shall, in case such person is claiming to have his name inserted therein, disallow such claim; and the names of all persons whose names are so expunged from the List of Electors, and whose claims are so disallowed, shall be thereupon inserted in a separate list, to be entitled “The List of Persons disqualified for offence against ‘The Electoral Act,’” which last-mentioned list shall be appended to the Electoral Roll, and shall be printed and published therewith, whenever the same is, or is required to be, printed or published.

Colours.

147 No Candidate before, during, or after any Election under this Act shall, in regard to such election, by himself or agent, directly or indirectly, give or provide to or for any person any cockade, ribbon, or other mark of distinction; and every person giving or providing, or receiving or wearing, any such cockade, ribbon, or other mark of distinction, or making any payment for or on account of any such cockade, ribbon, or mark of distinction, or of any chairing, or bands of music, or flags or banners at any such Election, shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of Fifty Pounds to any person who sues for the same, together with full costs of suit.

148 No person shall exhibit any flags during any Election, and for every such offence shall forfeit a penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds.
Legal Proceedings.

149—(1.) A proceeding against a person in respect of the offence of a corrupt or illegal practice, or any other offence under this Act or any former Act, shall be commenced within three months after the offence was committed.

(2.) For the purposes of this Section the issue of a summons, warrant, writ, or other process shall be deemed to be a commencement of a proceeding where the service or execution of the same on or against the alleged offender is prevented by the absconding, or concealment, or act of the alleged offender; but, save as aforesaid, the service or execution of the same on or against the alleged offender, and not the issue thereof, shall be deemed to be the commencement of the proceeding.

150 Any person charged with a corrupt practice may, if the circumstances warrant such finding, be found guilty of an illegal practice, (which offence shall for that purpose be an offence for which an Information may be filed in the Supreme Court); and any person charged with an illegal practice may be found guilty of that offence notwithstanding that the act constituting the offence amounted to a corrupt practice; and a person charged with illegal payment, employment, or hiring may be found guilty of that offence notwithstanding that the act constituting the offence amounted to a corrupt or illegal practice.

151 The pecuniary penalties imposed by this Part of this Act shall be recoverable by action in the Supreme Court of Tasmania.

152 It shall be lawful for the Court before which any criminal prosecution is instituted for any offence against the provisions of this Part of this Act to order payment to the Prosecutor of such costs and expenses as appear to the said Court to have been reasonably incurred in and about the conduct of such prosecution.

153 In case of any information by a private Prosecutor for any offence against the provisions of this Part of this Act, if judgment is given for the Defendant, he shall be entitled, if the Court so certifies, to recover from the Prosecutor the costs sustained by the Defendant by reason of such information, such costs to be taxed by the proper Officer of the Court.

154 It shall not be lawful for the Court to order payment of the costs of a prosecution for any offence against the provisions of this Part of this Act, unless the Prosecutor, before or upon the granting of the information, enters into a recognizance, with two sufficient sureties, in the sum of Fifty Pounds, with the conditions following; that is to say, that the Prosecutor shall conduct the prosecution with effect, and shall pay to the Defendant, in case he is acquitted, his costs.

155 No information for corrupt or illegal practices or illegal employment, payment, or hiring shall be triable before any Court of General Sessions of the Peace.

156—(1.) On any prosecution under this Act, whether on Information or summarily, and in any action for a pecuniary forfeiture under this Act, the person prosecuted or sued, and the husband or wife
A.D. 1896.

Prosecution on summary conviction.

19 Vict. No. 8.

Appeal.

19 Vict. No. 10.

Disputed Returns and Elections how dealt with.

18 Vict. No. 17.

Mode of presentation of Election Petition.

160 All complaints of the undue return or undue election of Members to serve in the Council or Assembly shall be made by petition addressed to the Supreme Court of Tasmania, and left with the Clerk of such Court, hereinafter referred to as an Election Petition.

No such petition shall be taken cognizance of nor any proceedings be had thereon unless the same is—

1. Received by the Clerk of the Supreme Court within Twenty-one days next after the declaration of the poll at the election whereof it is alleged that an undue return or undue election has been made or had;
2. Signed by a person who was a candidate at such election; or
3. Signed by a number of electors who either voted or were qualified to vote at the said election, amounting to not less than one-tenth of the whole number of electors on the roll of the district for which such election took place.

157 All offences under this Act punishable on summary conviction may be prosecuted in the manner provided by The Magistrates Summary Procedure Act.

158 Any person summarily convicted of any offence against this Act who feels himself aggrieved by any Order made by any Justices of the Peace under this Act, may appeal against the conviction in the mode prescribed by The Appeals Regulation Act.

PART V.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS.

159 All disputed Returns and Elections of Members to serve in the Council or Assembly, as the case may be, whether such disputes arise out of or relate to—

1. The capability of any person to be elected a Member of the Council or Assembly, as the case may be, by reason that such person is not qualified as by "The Constitution Act," or any amendment thereof, is required:
2. Any alleged error in the Return of any Returning Officer:
3. The allegation of bribery or corruption against any person concerned in any Election:
4. Any other allegation affecting the validity of any Election under this Act:

shall be enquired into and determined in manner hereinafter provided.

of such person, may, if he or she think fit, be examined as an ordinary witness in the case.

(2.) On any such prosecution or action as aforesaid, it shall be sufficient to allege that the person charged was guilty of a corrupt or illegal practice, payment, employment, or hiring within the meaning of this Act, as the case may be; and the certificate of the Returning Officer at an Election that the Election mentioned in the certificate was duly held, and that the person named in the certificate was a Candidate at such Election, shall be sufficient evidence of the facts therein stated.

All offences under this Act punishable on summary conviction may be prosecuted in the manner provided by The Magistrates Summary Procedure Act.

Any person summarily convicted of any offence against this Act who feels himself aggrieved by any Order made by any Justices of the Peace under this Act, may appeal against the conviction in the mode prescribed by The Appeals Regulation Act.
The following enactments shall be made with respect to an Election Petition:

1. The petition shall be signed by the petitioner, or all the petitioners if more than one.

2. Upon the receipt of the petition by the Clerk of the Supreme Court, or within three days afterwards, security for the payment of all costs, charges, and expenses that may become payable by the petitioner—
   (a) To any person summoned as a witness on his behalf:
   or
   (b) To the Member whose election or return is complained of (who is hereinafter referred to as the respondent),

shall be given on behalf of the petitioner or petitioners, as the case may be.

3. The security shall be to an amount of one hundred pounds; it shall be given either by bond to Her Majesty, to be entered into by any number of sureties not exceeding four, or by a deposit of money in manner prescribed, or partly in one way and partly in the other.

On receipt of the petition by the Clerk of the Supreme Court he shall send a copy thereof to the Returning Officer of the district to which the petition relates, who shall forthwith publish the same in such district and in the Gazette, and in one newspaper published in Hobart, and in one newspaper published in Launceston.

Notice of the presentation of an Election Petition, and of the nature of the proposed security, accompanied with a copy of the petition, shall, within the prescribed time, not exceeding five days after the presentation of the petition, be served by the petitioner on the respondent; and it shall be lawful for the respondent, where the security is given wholly or partially by bond, within a further prescribed time, not exceeding five days from the date of the service on him of the notice, to object in writing to such bond on the ground that the sureties, or any of them, are insufficient, or that a surety is dead, or that he cannot be found or ascertained from the want of a sufficient description in the bond, or that a person named in the bond has not duly acknowledged the same.

Any objection made to the security given shall be heard and decided on in the prescribed manner. If an objection to the security is allowed it shall be lawful for the petitioner, within a further prescribed time, not exceeding five days, to remove such objection, by a deposit in the prescribed manner of such sum of money as may be deemed by a Judge of the Supreme Court to make the security sufficient.

If no objection made the security is decided to be insufficient, and such objection is not removed in manner hereinbefore mentioned, no further proceedings shall be had on the petition; otherwise, on the expiration of the time limited for making objections, or after objection made, on the sufficiency of the security being established, the petition shall be deemed to be at issue.
A.D. 1896.
Mode of trial of Election Petitions.

165 The following enactments shall be made with respect to the trial of Election Petitions:

i. Every Election Petition shall be tried before the Judges of the Supreme Court, in open Court without a jury.

ii. Notice of the time and place at which an Election Petition will be tried shall be given not less than Fourteen days before the day on which the trial is held, in the prescribed manner.

iii. The Court may adjourn the trial from time to time and from any one place to any other place, as to the Court may seem expedient.

iv. At the conclusion of the trial the Court shall determine whether the Member whose return or election is complained of, or any and what other person, was duly returned or elected, or whether the election was void, and shall forthwith certify in writing such determination to the Governor, and upon such certificate being given such determination shall be final to all intents and purposes; and the Governor shall, within Three days after such certificate has been received by him, if Parliament is then sitting; and if Parliament is not sitting then within Three days after the commencement of the next Session, communicate such determination by Message to the Legislative Council if such petition related to the election of a Member of the Council, or to the House of Assembly if such petition related to the election of a Member of the Assembly.

v. Whereupon the application of any party to a petition made in the prescribed time and manner to a Judge of the Supreme Court, it appears to such Judge that the case raised by the petition can be conveniently stated as a special case, the said Judge may direct the same to be stated accordingly, and any such special case shall, as far as may be, be heard before the Supreme Court, and the decision of the Court shall be final; and the said Court shall certify to the Governor its determination in reference to such special case; and the Governor shall within Three days after such certificate has been received by him, if Parliament is then sitting, and if Parliament is not sitting then within Three days after the commencement of the next Session, communicate such determination by Message to the Legislative Council if such petition related to the election of a Member of the Council, or to the House of Assembly if such petition related to the election of a Member of the Assembly.

166 Every certificate sent to the Governor in pursuance of this Act shall be under the hand of the Registrar of the Supreme Court.

167 The Supreme Court in hearing and deciding any special case, and in trying any petition, shall have the same powers, jurisdiction, and authority with reference to such special case and petition respectively and the proceedings thereon, as such Court would have if such special case or petition were an ordinary cause within the jurisdiction of such Court at law or in equity.

168 On the trial of an Election Petition under this Act, unless the Judges otherwise direct, any charge of a corrupt practice may be gone into, and evidence in relation thereto received before any proof has been
given of agency on the part of any Candidate in respect of such corrupt practice.

169 The trial of an Election Petition under this Act shall be proceeded with notwithstanding the acceptance by the respondent of an office of profit under the Crown.

170 The trial of an Election Petition under this Act shall be proceeded with notwithstanding the Prorogation of Parliament.

171 An Election Petition under this Act shall be served as nearly as may be in the manner in which a writ of summons is served, or in such other manner as may be prescribed.

172 An Election Petition under this Act shall be in such form and state such matters as may be prescribed.

173 Two or more candidates may be made respondents to the same petition, and their case may, for the sake of convenience, be tried at the same time; but for all the purposes of this Act such petition shall be deemed to be a separate petition against each respondent.

174 Where under this Act more petitions than one are presented relating to the same election or return, all such petitions shall be dealt with as one petition, unless the Court shall otherwise direct.

175 The Judges of the Supreme Court may from time to time make, and may from time to time revoke and alter, General Rules and Orders for the regulation of the practice, procedure, and costs of Election Petitions, and the trial thereof, and the certifying and reporting thereon.

Any General Rules and Orders made as aforesaid shall be of the same force as if they were enacted in this Act.

Any General Rules and Orders made in pursuance of this Section shall be laid before Parliament within Three weeks after they are made, if Parliament be then sitting, and if Parliament be not then sitting, within Three weeks after the beginning of the then next Session of Parliament.

Any General Rules and Orders made under the provisions of any Act hereby repealed shall, notwithstanding such repeal, continue to be in force, and shall be deemed to have been made under this Act, until they are revoked or altered under the provisions of this Section.

176 Witnesses shall be subpoenaed and sworn in the same manner, as nearly as circumstances admit, as in a trial at nisi prius, and shall be subject to the same penalties as for perjury.

177 On the trial of an Election Petition the Court may, by Order under the hand of a Judge, compell the attendance of any person as a witness who appears to the Court to have been concerned in the election to which the petition refers, and any person refusing to obey such Order shall be guilty of contempt of Court. The Court may examine any witness so compelled to attend, or any person in Court, although such witness is not called or examined by any party to the petition. After the examination of a witness as aforesaid by the Court, such
A.D. 1896.

Witness not excused from answering questions tending to criminate.

Court may give certificate that witness had answered questions.

Certificate a bar to proceedings against witnesses.

Expenses of witnesses.

Withdrawal of Petition and substitution of new petitioners.

**744** A.D. 1896.

Witness not excused from answering questions tending to criminate.

Court may give certificate that witness had answered questions.

Certificate a bar to proceedings against witnesses.

Expenses of witnesses.

Withdrawal of Petition and substitution of new petitioners.

**178** No person who is called as a witness before the Court on the trial of an Election Petition shall be excused from answering any question relating to any corrupt practice at, or connected with, any election forming the subject of enquiry by the Court on the ground that the answer thereto may criminate or tend to criminate himself.

Where any witness shall answer every question relating to the matters aforesaid which he shall be required by the Court to answer, and the answer to which may criminate or tend to criminate him, he shall be entitled to receive from the Court a certificate stating that such witness was, upon his examination, required by the Court to answer questions or a question relating to the matters aforesaid, the answers or answer to which criminated or tended to criminate him, and had answered all such questions or such question; and if any information or action be at any time thereafter pending in any Court against such witness for any offence under this Act, or for which he might have been prosecuted or proceeded against under this Act, committed by him previously to the time of his giving his evidence and at or in relation to the election concerning or in relation to which the witness may have been so examined, the Court shall, on production and proof of such certificate, stay the proceedings in such last-mentioned information or action, and may, at its discretion, award to such witness such costs as he may have been put to in such information or action; but no statement made by any person in answer to any question put by or before such Judge shall, except in cases of information for perjury, be admissible in evidence in any proceeding, civil or criminal.

**179** The reasonable expenses incurred by any person in appearing to give evidence at the trial of an Election Petition, according to the scale allowed to witnesses on the trial of civil actions, may be allowed to such person by a certificate under the hand of the prescribed officer, and such expenses, if the witness was called and examined by the Court, shall be deemed to be costs of the petition.

**180** An Election Petition under this Act shall not be withdrawn without the leave of the Court or a Judge upon special application, to be made in and at the prescribed manner, time, and place.

No such application shall be made for the withdrawal of a petition until the prescribed notice has been given in the District to which the petition relates of the intention of the petitioner to make an application for the withdrawal of his petition.

On the hearing of the application for withdrawal, any person who might have been a petitioner in respect of the election to which the petition relates, may apply to the Court or a Judge to be substituted as a petitioner for the petitioner so desirous of withdrawing the petition.

The Court or a Judge may, if it or he think fit, substitute as a petitioner any such applicant as aforesaid; and may further, if the proposed withdrawal is in the opinion of the Court or a Judge induced by any corrupt bargain or consideration, by Order direct that the security given on behalf of the original petitioner shall remain as security for any costs that may be incurred by the substituted petitioner,
and that, to the extent of the sum named in such security, the original petitioner shall be liable to pay the costs of the substituted petitioner.

If no such order is made with respect to the security given on behalf of the original petitioner, security to the same amount as would be required in the case of a new petition, and subject to the like conditions, shall be given on behalf of the substituted petitioner before he proceeds with his petition, and within the prescribed time after the order of substitution.

Subject as aforesaid, a substituted petitioner shall stand in the same position as nearly as may be, and be subject to the same liabilities, as the original petitioner.

If a petition is withdrawn, the petitioner shall be liable to pay the costs of the respondent.

Where there are more petitioners than one, no application to withdraw a petition shall be made except with the consent of all the petitioners.

181 An Election Petition under this Act shall be abated by the death of a sole petitioner or of a survivor of several petitioners.

The abatement of a petition shall not affect the liability of the petitioner to the payment of costs previously incurred.

On the abatement of a petition the prescribed notice of such abatement having taken place shall be given in the district to which the petition relates, and within the prescribed time after the notice is given any person who might have been a petitioner in respect of the election to which any petition relates may apply to a Court or Judge in and at the prescribed manner, time, and place, to be substituted as a petitioner.

The Court or a Judge may, if it or he think fit, substitute as a petitioner any such applicant who is desirous of being substituted, and on whose behalf security to the same amount is given as is required in the case of a new petition.

182 If before the trial of any Election Petition under this Act any of the following events happen in the case of the respondent; (that is to say)—

(1.) If he dies;

(2.) If he gives, in and at the prescribed manner and time, notice to the Court that he does not intend to oppose the petition: Notice of such event having taken place shall be given in the District to which the petition relates; and within the prescribed time after the notice is given any person who might have been a petitioner in respect of the election to which the petition relates may apply to the Court or a Judge to be admitted as a respondent to oppose the petition, and such person shall upon such application be admitted accordingly, either with the respondent, if there be a respondent, or in place of the respondent: and any number of persons not exceeding three may be so admitted.

183 A respondent who has given the prescribed notice that he does not intend to oppose the petition shall not be allowed to appear or act as a party against such petition in any proceedings thereon, and shall not sit or vote in the Council or Assembly until the Council or Assembly, as the case may be, has been informed of the report on the petition, and the Court shall in all cases in which such notice has been given in the prescribed time and manner, report the same to the Governor.
A.D. 1806.

General costs of petition.

184 All costs, charges, and expenses of and incidental to the trial of an Election Petition shall be defrayed by the parties to the petition in such manner and in such proportions as the Court may determine, regard being had to the disallowance of any costs, charges, or expenses which may, in the opinion of the Court, have been caused by vexatious conduct, unfounded allegations, or unfounded objections on the part either of the petitioner or the respondent, and regard being had to the discouragement of any needless expense by throwing the burden of defraying the same on the parties by whom it has been caused, whether such parties are or not on the whole successful.

The costs may be taxed in the prescribed manner, but according to the same principles as costs between attorney and client are taxed in a suit in the Supreme Court in Equity, and such costs may be recovered in the same manner as the costs of an action at law, or in such other manner as may be prescribed.

Bond when to be enforced, &c.

185 If any petitioner in an Election Petition presented under this Act neglects or refuses for the space of One month after demand to pay to any person summoned as a witness on his behalf, or to the respondent, any sum certified to be due to him for his costs, charges, and expenses, and if such neglect or refusal be within One year after such demand proved to the satisfaction of the Supreme Court, every person who has entered into a bond relating to such petition under the provisions of this Act shall be held to have made default in his said bond.

If election declared void, Governor to issue fresh Writ.

186 If upon the hearing of any special case or petition it is determined by the Court that any person was not duly elected who has been returned as elected by the Returning Officer, the person so decided and declared to have been not duly elected shall, upon the receipt of the certificate by the Governor, cease to be a Member of the Council or Assembly, as the case may be, and vacate his seat accordingly; and if it is determined as aforesaid that any person has been duly elected who has not been returned by the Returning Officer, the person so decided and declared to be duly elected shall, upon the receipt of such certificate by the Governor, as the case may be, be and be sworn a Member of the Council or Assembly, as the case may be, and take his seat accordingly; and if it is determined as aforesaid that any election for any District has been absolutely void, which the Court is hereby authorised and empowered to do, the Governor, on the same being certified to him as aforesaid, shall, within Seven days after the receipt of such certificate by him, issue a new Writ for the holding of another Election for such District.

Returning Officer if complained of to be respondent.

187 Where an Election Petition under this Act complains of the conduct of a Returning Officer, such Returning Officer shall, for all the purposes of this Act except the admission of respondents in his place, be deemed to be a respondent.

Petition complaining of no Return.

188 A Petition under this Act complaining of no Return may be presented to the Supreme Court, and shall be deemed to be an Election Petition within the meaning of this Act; and the Court may make such Order thereon as the Court thinks expedient for compelling a Return to be made, or may allow such Petition to be heard by the Court in manner hereinafore provided with respect to ordinary Election Petitions.
189 On the trial of a Petition under this Act complaining of an undue Return and claiming the seat for some person, the respondent may give evidence to prove that the election of such person was undue in the same manner as if he had presented a Petition complaining of such Election.

190 No electoral expense shall be incurred by or on behalf of a Candidate except in respect of the matters mentioned in Part I. of the Schedule (25.) hereof, and no electoral expense by or on behalf of a Candidate shall be in excess of any maximum amount in that behalf specified in Part II. of such Schedule (25.).

191 Any Candidate who knowingly acts in contravention of the preceding Section shall be guilty of an illegal practice.

192 Every payment made by any Candidate, or on his behalf, in respect of any electoral expense shall, except where less than Forty Shillings, be vouched for by a bill stating the particulars, and by a receipt.

193—(1.) Within Thirty days after the day on which the declaration of the Poll shall take place, every Candidate at that election shall transmit to the Returning Officer of the District a true Return in the form in Schedule (26,) to this Act, or to the like effect, containing, as respects the Candidate—

i. A statement of all electoral expenses, together with all bills and receipts respecting the same; 

ii. A statement of all disputed and unpaid claims of which the Candidate is aware.

(2.) The Return so transmitted to the Returning Officer shall be accompanied by a declaration made by the Candidate before a Justice of the Peace in the form set forth in Schedule (27.) of this Act; and any Candidate who shall fail to comply with the provisions of this Section shall be guilty of an illegal practice.

194 Where the Return and Declaration have not been transmitted by a successful Candidate or, being transmitted, contain some error or false statement, then, if the Candidate applies to a Judge of the Supreme Court in Chambers, who is hereby authorised to inquire into the matter, and shows that the failure to transmit such Return and Declaration, or either of them, or any part thereof, or any error or false statement therein, has arisen by reason of his illness, or by reason of inadvertence or of any reasonable cause of a like nature, and not by reason of any want of good faith on his part, then such Judge may make such Order permitting such Accounts to be transmitted or to be corrected, as to the Judge seems just, and may acquit such Candidate of an illegal practice.

195 The Return and Declaration (including the accompanying documents) sent to the Returning Officer shall, at all reasonable times
during Three months next after they are received, be open for inspection by any person, on payment of a fee of Two Shillings; and the Returning Officer shall, at any time during which such Return is open for inspection, furnish copies thereof, or any part thereof, at the price of Sixpence for every Seventy-two words.

196 All persons, as well as Agents or others, who have any bills, charges, or claims upon any Candidate for or in respect of any Election, shall send in such bills, charges, or claims within One month from the day of the declaration of the Election to such Candidate, or to some authorised Agent of such Candidate acting on his behalf, otherwise such persons shall be barred of their right to recover such claims, and every or any part thereof; Provided always, that in case of the death within the said month of any person claiming the amount of such bill, charge, or claim, the legal representative of such person shall send in such bill, charge, or claim within One month after obtaining probate or letters of administration, or confirmation as executor, as the case may be, or the right to recover such claim shall be barred as aforesaid.

197 No person shall pay or agree to pay any expenses at any Election, or any sum of money whatever, in order or with a view to procure or promote the Election of any person to serve in Parliament save to the Candidate at such Election, other than as excepted and allowed by this Act; and every person who pays or agrees to pay any such expenses or money as aforesaid, save as aforesaid, shall become liable to a penalty of Fifty Pounds, and double the money so paid or agreed to be paid, to be recovered in an action of debt by anyone who sues for the same: Provided that, if upon the trial of any action to recover any such penalty or penalties it appears to the Judge who tries the same that any such payment has been made or agreed to be made without any corrupt or improper intention, the Judge may, if he thinks fit, reduce such penalty or penalties to any sum not less than Two Pounds, and may also, if he thinks fit, direct that the plaintiff shall not be entitled to costs of such action.

198 Every Candidate shall, before or at the Nomination, or as soon after as conveniently may be, declare to the Election Auditor in writing the name or names of his Agent or Agents for Election expenses, who shall be appointed in writing, and that he has not appointed and will not appoint any other Agent without in like manner declaring the same to the Election Auditor, and no other than such Agents shall have authority to expend any money or incur any expenses of or relating to the Election, in the name or on behalf of the Candidate; and every such Agent shall, as soon as conveniently may be after his appointment as aforesaid, make and subscribe before a Justice of the Peace the Declaration contained in the Schedule (28.).

199 In case any person is nominated as a Candidate at any Election without his previous authority and consent, the persons nominating such Candidate shall be liable to pay, and shall pay, the lawful expenses of the Election of such Candidate, in like manner and upon the same terms and conditions as by this Act provided concerning the payment of Election expenses by a Candidate at such Election.
Every Member returned to serve in the Parliament of Tasmania shall, before he takes his seat in the Legislative Council or House of Assembly, as the case may be, make and subscribe before the Governor, or some person authorised by the Governor to receive such Declaration, the Declaration upon honor contained in the Schedule (29.).

It shall be lawful for the Governor to delegate to any other person the performance of any act or thing which by this Act he is empowered to perform; Provided always, that any such delegation shall be made under the hand of the Governor and the Seal of the Colony, and be duly announced by Proclamation in the Gazette.

It shall be lawful for the Governor to appoint such additional Officers in any Electoral District as may be necessary to ensure the carrying into effect the several provisions of this Act.

Where any delay occurs in the return of a Writ or Writs from any part of the Colony, and by the non-return of such Writ or Writs the number of Members of the Legislative Council or House of Assembly is not complete on the day whereon the Council and House of Assembly are summoned to assemble for the dispatch of business, it shall be competent for the Legislative Council and the House of Assembly respectively to proceed to business, if duly summoned for such purpose, notwithstanding the non-return of any Writ or Writs on or before the day whereon such Writs are made returnable: Provided always, that the number of Members deficient in consequence of the non-return of such Writ or Writs shall not exceed Two in the Legislative Council and Four in the House of Assembly.

No Election for any District shall be held to be void in consequence solely of any delay in the holding of any Election at the time appointed, or in the return of the Writ, or in consequence of any impediment of a mere formal nature: Provided, that such Election shall, within Thirty days from the day on which such Election was held, be declared by the Governor in Council not to be invalid for any such cause as aforesaid: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, within the period of Twenty days before or after the day appointed for the holding of any Election, to extend the time allowed for the holding of such Election, or for the return of the Writ issued for the same, and to adopt or cause to be adopted such measures as may be necessary to remove any obstacle by which the due course of any such Election may be impeded, and to supply any deficiency that may otherwise affect the same: Provided also, that any measures so adopted by the Governor in Council shall be duly notified by Proclamation in the Gazette.

No misnomer or inaccurate description of any person, place, or thing named or described in the Schedule to this Act, or in any List of Electors or Electoral Roll, or in any Notice required by this Act, shall in anywise prevent or abridge the operation of this Act with respect to such person, place, or thing, provided that such person, place, or thing
Penalty on Officers neglecting duty.

If any Clerk of the Peace, Returning Officer, or Deputy Returning Officer after having accepted office as such, or any other person appointed or enjoined to perform any duty, matter, or thing under this Act, wilfully neglects or refuses to perform any of the duties, matters, or things which by the provisions of this Act he is so appointed, enjoined, or required to perform, every such Clerk of the Peace, Returning Officer, or Deputy Returning Officer, or other person shall for every such offence, in addition to any other punishment or penalty by this Act imposed, forfeit and pay a penalty of not less than Twenty Pounds nor more than One hundred Pounds; and any such penalty shall be recoverable with full costs of suit by any person who sues for the same within Three months after such neglect or refusal as aforesaid by action of debt in the Supreme Court, or if the sum sued for be in amount within the jurisdiction of any Court of Inferior jurisdiction, in such Court of Inferior jurisdiction; and such penalty when recovered shall be paid and apportioned as follows: one moiety thereof to the person so suing for the same, and the other moiety thereof to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for the public uses of the Colony.

Every person who may, under the provisions of this Act, be, or be appointed, a Returning Officer, or be appointed a Deputy Returning Officer, or to any other office under this Act, shall, before he enters on the performance of the duties of such office, make and subscribe the Declaration set forth in the Schedule (30.) before a Justice of the Peace; and any person neglecting to make such Declaration shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be recovered in a summary way.

All Declarations made and subscribed under this Act, except the Declarations to be made by Members of Parliament, shall be transmitted by the Justice of the Peace or other person before whom the same are made and subscribed, on the first opportunity, to the Chief Secretary.

Every person taking any oath or making any affirmation under this Act who wilfully swears or affirms falsely shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and be liable to be dealt with accordingly.

Any person making and subscribing a Declaration under this Act who wilfully declares falsely, or who having made any such Declaration wilfully does any act in contravention of or contrary to the true intent and meaning of such Declaration, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor.

Any person who counterfeits any Ballot-paper, or any signature thereto, or name therein, shall be deemed guilty of Forgery, and be liable to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding Seven years.

In any action to recover any penalty under this Act it shall be lawful for the Court or any Judge thereof, if the Court or Judge thinks fit, to order that the Plaintiff in such action shall give security for costs, or that all proceedings therein be stayed.
213 If any action is brought against any person for any matter or thing done under the authority or in pursuance of this Act, such person may plead the general issue, and give this Act and the special matter in evidence.

214 All moneys received for copies of Lists of Electors, Electoral Rolls, and other documents under this Act shall form part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

215—(1.) Upon the Royal Assent to this Act being proclaimed in Tasmania, the Returning Officer for the Assembly District of Hobart shall forthwith make out an Electoral Roll for the said Assembly District of Hobart, and shall insert therein the name of every Elector whose name is upon the Electoral Roll for the Electoral District of South Hobart, or the Electoral Roll for the Electoral District of North Hobart, or the Electoral Roll for the Electoral District of West Hobart, as such three last-mentioned Districts were severally defined by “The Electoral Act, 1890.”

(2.) The Returning Officer for the Assembly District of Hobart shall at the same time prepare a Polling List for such District according to the Polling-places set forth in the Schedule (4.) to this Act, in the same manner as the Court of Revision is directed to prepare Polling Lists under the provisions of this Act.

216 If a Writ for the Election of Members for the Assembly District of Hobart shall be issued before the Returning Officer shall have prepared an Electoral Roll for that District as hereinbefore directed, the Electoral Rolls for the Electoral Districts of South Hobart, North Hobart, and West Hobart, as the three last-mentioned Districts were defined by “The Electoral Act, 1890,” shall be used for the purposes of such Election, and every Elector whose name is on any one of the three last-mentioned Electoral Rolls shall be entitled to vote at such Election: Provided that no Elector shall be entitled to vote more than once at any such Election.

217—(1.) Upon the Royal Assent to this Act being proclaimed in Tasmania the Returning Officer for the Assembly District of Launceston shall forthwith make out an Electoral Roll for the said Assembly District of Launceston, and shall insert therein the name of every Elector whose name is upon the Electoral Roll for the Electoral District of South Launceston, or on the Electoral Roll for the Electoral District of North Launceston, as such two last-mentioned Districts were severally defined by “The Electoral Act, 1890.”

(2.) The Returning Officer for the Assembly District of Launceston shall at the same time prepare a Polling List for such District according to the Polling-places set forth in the Schedule (4.) to this Act, in the same manner as the Court of Revision is directed to prepare Polling Lists under the provisions of this Act.

218 If a Writ for the Election of Members for the Assembly District of Launceston shall be issued before the Returning Officer shall have prepared an Electoral Roll for that District as hereinbefore directed, the Electoral Rolls for the Electoral Districts of South Launceston and North Launceston, as the two last-mentioned Districts were defined by “The Electoral Act, 1890,” shall be used for the purposes of such Election: Provided that no Elector shall be entitled to vote more than once at any such Election.
A.D. 1896.

Returning Officer to prepare Two Electoral Rolls from existing Roll for Wellington.

Polling Lists to be prepared.

Returning Officer to prepare Two Electoral Rolls from existing Roll for East Devon.

Polling Lists to be prepared.

Returning Officer to prepare Two Electoral Rolls from existing Roll for Kingborough.

Electoral.

219.—(1.) Upon the Royal Assent to this Act being proclaimed in Tasmania, the Returning Officer for the Electoral District of Wellington, as such District was defined by “The Electoral Act, 1890,” shall forthwith make out two Electoral Rolls by dividing the existing Electoral Roll for the said District of Wellington into two Electoral Rolls, and in one of such Rolls he shall place the names of all the Electors upon such first-mentioned Electoral Roll whose names have been placed upon such Roll as being resident in or owning or occupying property in the Electoral District of Wellington as defined by this Act, and in the other of such Rolls he shall place the names of all the Electors upon such first-mentioned Electoral Roll whose names have been placed upon such Roll as being resident in or owning or occupying property in the Electoral District of Waratah as defined by this Act.

(2.) The Returning Officer shall at the same time prepare Polling Lists for the Electoral Districts of Wellington and Waratah according to the Polling-places set forth in the Schedule (4.) to this Act, in the same manner as the Court of Revision is directed to prepare Polling Lists under the provisions of this Act.

220.—(1.) Upon the Royal Assent to this Act being proclaimed in East Devon, as such District was defined by “The Electoral Act, 1890,” shall forthwith make out two Electoral Rolls by dividing the existing Electoral Roll for the said District of East Devon into two Electoral Rolls, and in one of such Rolls he shall place the names of all the Electors upon such first-mentioned Electoral Roll whose names have been placed upon such Roll as being resident in or owning or occupying property in the Electoral District of Devonport as defined by this Act, and in the other of such Rolls he shall place the names of all the Electors upon such first-mentioned Electoral Roll whose names have been placed upon such Roll as being resident in or owning or occupying property in the Electoral District of Latrobe as defined by this Act.

(2.) The Returning Officer shall at the same time prepare Polling Lists for the Electoral Districts of Devonport and Latrobe according to the Polling-places set forth in the Schedule (4.) to this Act, in the same manner as the Court of Revision is directed to prepare Polling Lists under the provisions of this Act.

221.—(1.) Upon the Royal Assent to this Act being proclaimed in Tasmania, the Returning Officer for the Electoral District of Kingborough, as such District was defined by “The Electoral Act, 1890,” shall forthwith make out two Electoral Rolls by dividing the existing Electoral Roll for the said District of Kingborough into two Electoral Rolls, and in one of such Rolls he shall place the names of all the Electors upon such first-mentioned Electoral Roll whose names have been placed upon such Roll as being resident in or owning or occupying property in the Electoral District of Kingborough as defined by this Act, and in the other of such Rolls he shall place the names of all the Electors upon such first-mentioned Electoral Roll whose names
have been placed upon such Roll as being resident in or owning or occupying property in the Electoral District of Queenborough as defined by this Act.

(2.) The Returning Officer shall at the same time prepare Polling Lists for the Electoral Districts of Kingborough and Queenborough according to the Polling-places set forth in the Schedule (4.) to this Act, in the same manner as the Court of Revision is directed to prepare Polling Lists under the provisions of this Act.

222 If a Writ for the Election of a Member for the Assembly District of Waratah, or Wellington, or Devonport, or Latrobe, or Kingborough, or Queenborough shall be issued before the Returning Officer shall have prepared the Electoral Roll for such District as hereinbefore directed, the Electoral Roll for the Electoral District of Wellington, or East Devon, or Kingborough, as the case may be, as such District was defined by “The Electoral Act, 1890,” shall be used for the purposes of such Election; and every Elector whose name is on such Roll as last aforesaid as being resident in or owning or occupying property in either of the Districts for which such Roll is hereinbefore directed to be used, shall be entitled to vote at any such Election as aforesaid of a Member of the House of Assembly for the District in which such Elector resides or owns or occupies such property.

223—(1.) When the Electoral Rolls and Polling Lists for the several Electoral Districts of Launceston, Waratah, Wellington, Devonport, and Latrobe have been prepared as are hereinbefore mentioned, the respective Returning Officers shall sign the same and forward them to the Clerk of the Peace at Launceston, who shall forthwith deal with them in the manner prescribed by this Act.

(2.) When the Electoral Rolls and Polling Lists for the several Electoral Districts of Hobart, Kingborough, and Queenborough have been prepared as are hereinbefore mentioned, the respective Returning Officers shall sign the same and forward them to the Clerk of the Peace at Hobart, who shall forthwith deal with them in the manner prescribed by this Act.

224 Such Electoral Rolls and Polling Lists shall upon receipt thereof by the Clerk of the Peace, signed by the Returning Officer as aforesaid, be deemed to be the Electoral Rolls and Polling Lists for the respective Districts for which they purport to be, and the persons whose names are inserted in such Electoral Rolls shall be the persons who are entitled to vote at any Election of a Member for such Electoral Districts which may take place with respect to such Electoral Districts between the day upon which such Electoral Rolls are received by the Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid and the Eleventh day of April, One thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

225 For the purpose of preparing the Electoral Rolls which shall come into force on the Eleventh day of April in the year One thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven for the Electoral Districts of Hobart, Launceston, Kingborough, Queenborough, Devonport, Latrobe, Wellington, and Waratah, the Lists of Claimants prepared in accordance with Part II. of this Act for any previous Electoral Districts in which any of the Districts first aforesaid were included shall be respectively
regarded and taken to be Lists of Claimants for the Electoral Districts first aforesaid; and the Electoral Rolls prepared by the Returning Officers of the Districts first aforesaid under the provisions for that purpose contained in Part VII. of this Act shall be regarded and taken to be the Electoral Rolls for those Districts respectively within the meaning of Part II. of this Act.

The operation of this Act shall cease on the Thirty-first day of December, in the year Eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, unless the same shall be previously extended by an Act of the Parliament of Tasmania.

SCHEDULE.

(1.)

ACTS TO BE REPEALED.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of Act.</th>
<th>Title of Act.</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

(2.)

NAMES OF ELECTORAL DISTRICTS FOR THE RETURN OF MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, AND NUMBER OF MEMBERS TO BE RETURNED BY SUCH DISTRICTS.

Northern Council Districts.

Launceston .......................... Two Members.
Meander ................................ One Member.
Mersey .................................. One Member.
North Esk ............................ One Member.
Russell ................................ One Member.
South Esk ............................. One Member.
Tamar .................................. One Member.
Westmorland .......................... One Member.

Southern Council Districts.

Buckingham .......................... One Member.
Cambridge ............................. One Member.
Derwent ............................... One Member.
Hobart ................................. Three Members.
Huon .................................... One Member.
Macquarie ............................. One Member.
Pembroke ............................... One Member.
NAMES OF ELECTORAL DISTRICTS FOR THE RETURN OF A.D. 1896 MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY, AND NUMBER OF MEMBERS TO BE RETURNED BY SUCH DISTRICTS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Northern Assembly Districts</th>
<th>Number of Members</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Campbell Town</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cressey</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deloraine</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Devonport</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evandale</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fingal</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>George Town</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrobe</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Launceston</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Longford</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ringarooma</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selby</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waratah</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wellington</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Devon</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westbury</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Southern Assembly Districts</th>
<th>Number of Members</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Brighton</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumberland</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Franklin</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glenorchy</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hobart</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kingborough</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maynooth</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Norfolk</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oatlands</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Queenborough</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorell</td>
<td>One Member.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3.)

DESCRIPTIONS AND BOUNDARIES OF ELECTORAL DISTRICTS.

**Northern Council Districts.**

**LAUNCESTON.**

Comprises the City of Launceston.

**MEANDER.**

Comprises the Assembly Districts of Deloraine and Latrobe as hereinafter described.

**MERSEY.**

Comprises the Assembly Districts of West Devon and Devonport as hereinafter described.

**NORTH ESK.**

Comprises the Assembly Districts of Selby and Evandale as hereinafter described.

**RUSSELL.**

Comprises the Assembly Districts of Wellington and Waratah as hereinafter described.

**SOUTH ESK.**

Comprises the Assembly Districts of Fingal and Ringarooma as hereinafter described.

**TAMAR.**

Comprises the Assembly Districts of Westbury and George Town as hereinafter described.

**WESTMORLAND.**

Comprises the Assembly Districts of Longford and Cressey as hereinafter described.
Southern Council Districts.

BUCKINGHAM.
Comprises the Assembly Districts of Glenorchy and Quecnborough as hereinafter described.

CAMBRIDGE.
Comprises the Assembly Districts of Brighton and Richmond as hereinafter described.

DERWENT.
Comprises the Assembly Districts of Cumberland, Montagu, and New Norfolk as hereinafter described.

HOBART.
Comprises the City of Hobart.

HOBART.
Comprises the Assembly Districts of Franklin and Kingborough as hereinafter described.

MACQUARIE.
Comprises the Assembly Districts of Campbell Town and Oatlands as hereinafter described.

PEMBROKE.
Comprises the Assembly Districts of Sorell and Glamorgan as hereinafter described.

Northern Assembly Districts.

CAMPBELL TOWN.
Comencing at the southern branch of River Macquarie on Tooms Lake and bounded by the south-western and south-eastern shores of that lake to the north-east angle of Lot 14, thence southerly along the eastern boundary of that lot to the southern boundary of Lot 374, by that boundary and a continued easterly line of 40 chains, thence northerly to the south-west angle of Lot 252, by the south and east boundaries of that lot and a line from its north-east angle to the south-east angle of Lot 152, by the eastern and part of the northern boundaries of that lot, by the eastern boundary of Lot 300, by a north-west line from the north-east angle of that lot for about four miles, thence westerly for about a quarter of a mile to the south-east angle of Lot 247, by the southern and western boundary of that lot, by part of the southern and by the west boundary of Lot 1427 and the western boundary of 1000 acres granted to George Meredith to the Elizabeth River, by that river westerly, by the east and part of the north boundaries of Lot 107, by the east boundary of 400 acres granted to T. Parramore, a grant of 800 acres to Thomas Parramore, and Lot 110 and by part of the north boundary of the said lot and the eastern boundaries of Lots 111 and 112, by part of the northern boundary of the last-mentioned lot and the eastern boundary of Lot 30 and a line from thence to the south-east angle of Lot 308, and by the east and north boundaries of that lot, thence by a continued westerly line to the south-east angle of 2913 acres purchased by J. Martin, by the south boundary of 3011 acres purchased by C. Markey, thence by a line to the south-east angle of Lot 881 purchased by Sherwin and Hart, by the south boundary of that lot and by part of the north boundary of Lot 105, by the east and south boundaries of Lot 504, by the south-east and by part of the south-west boundary of Lot 708 purchased by Thomas Hill, by the south-east boundary of Lot 893 to the west boundary of the Parish of Eastbourne, by that boundary to Salisbury Rivulet, by that rivulet to the South Esk River, by that river after crossing the same to a point opposite the north-east angle of 1500 acres located to E. Wedge, thence after crossing the South Esk River by the east boundary of that land, by the east and south-east boundaries of Lot 617 purchased by E. D. Wedge, thence by a north-westerly line to the east line of land purchased by George Alston, by the north-east boundary of that land, by the north-east boundary of 1008 acres purchased by Thomas Archer, thence by the south-east boundary of the Parish of Branner to the Macquarie River, by that river to a point opposite the west boundary of the Parish of Lincoln, thence after crossing the Macquarie River by the west boundary of that parish to the north-west boundary of land located to John Montague, by part of the north, by the east, by a south, again by an east, and again by part of a south boundary of that location, by the south-east boundary of the Wesleyan Mission property to the Lake River, by that river to Woods' Lake, thence by an easterly line to the north-east angle of Lot 504 purchased by A. F. Kemp, thence by part of the western shore of Lake Sorell to a rivulet, by that rivulet to Lake Crescent, by the western, southern, and part of the eastern shores of that lake to the north-west angle of Lot 750 purchased by James Wilson Agnew, by the north boundary of that lot and of Lot 182, thence by an easterly line to the source of Mill Brook, by that brook and by Blackman's River to the Macquarie River at its confluence, and thence by that river and the southern branch thereof to the point of commencement.
CRESSY.

Comencing at the west boundary of the Parish of Lincoln on the Macquarie River, and bounded by that boundary and by part of the north, by the east, and south boundaries of 2530 acres located to J. Moutage, and by the south-east boundary of the Wesleyan Mission property to the Lake River, thence by that river to the Dubool Rivulet, thence by that rivulet and by a line along the summit of the Great Western Mountains and by a westerly line to the east boundary of Lot 361, by part of that boundary and by a continued northerly line to the source of Quamby's Brook, by that brook to the south-west boundary of Lot 2 purchased by C. R. Princep, by that boundary and by the west and south boundaries of land granted to C. R. Princep, by the south boundary of 1422 acres granted to T. Retby to the River Liffey, by that river to a point opposite the north boundary of 4520 acres granted to C. Swanston and J. W. Gedlow, thence after crossing the river, by that boundary and by an east boundary of that grant to West Lagoon, by the northern and eastern sides of that lagoon to the western boundary of the Parish of Longford, by that boundary and by the southern boundary of that parish to the Macquarie River aforesaid, and thence by that river to the point of commencement.

DELORAINE.

Comencing at the River Mersey and bounded by the north boundary of the Parish of Ashgrove to the River Rubicon, thence by the north boundary of the Parish of Parkham for a distance of six miles, thence by a southerly line to the west angle of land purchased by P. Daley, thence by the eastern boundary of the Parish of Malling to the north-east boundary of 80a. 2r. 26p. purchased by T. Larcome, thence by a south-easterly line to the north angle of 103 acres purchased by S. A. Larcome, thence by the south-west boundaries of lands purchased by H. Reading, H. Burrows, and G. Johnson respectively to the Meander River, by that river to the division boundary of the Parish of Exton and Calstock, by that boundary to Quamby's Brook, by that brook to its source, thence by a southerly line for a distance of about eight miles, thence by a westerly line to the River Meander, thence by that river to its source, thence by a line to Lake Julian, by a line from thence to Lake Pillans, thence by a southerly line to Lake Ada, thence by a line westerly line for a distance of twenty-four miles or thereabouts, thence by a northerly line to the source of the River Forth, by that river to the Van Diemen's Land Company's Road, by that road to the River Mersey, and thence by that river to the point of commencement.

DEVONPORT.

Comencing at the north-east angle of the Town of Devonport on Bass Strait, by the east, and by a south boundary of that town to Port Frederick, by the eastern shore of that port to the River Mersey, by that river to the Van Diemen's Land Company's Road, by that road to the River Forth, by that river to the north boundary of the Parish of Barrington, by that boundary to the River Don, by that river to Bass Strait aforesaid, and thence by that strait to the point of commencement.

EVANDALE.

Comencing at the source of the North Esk River and bounded by that river to its junction with St. Patrick's River, thence by St. Patrick's River to the watercourse supplying the City of Launceston, by that watercourse to Distillery Creek, by that creek to the North Esk River, thence by that river to the south-east boundary of land granted to R. C. Gunn, by that boundary, by part of the north-west and by the south-west boundary of land located to W. E. Lawrence to the Main Road from Launceston to Hobart, thence by that road to the Town of Perth, by the north and east boundaries of that town to the South Esk River, thence by that river to the Main Road from Launceston to Hobart aforesaid, thence by that road to the north boundary of the Parish of Eskdale, by that boundary and by the north-west boundary of that parish to the north angle of Lot 8 purchased by Thomas Archer, thence by the north-east boundary of that lot and of 1400 acres purchased by George Altou and by a southerly line to the south angle of Lot 617 purchased by E. D. Wedge, thence by the south-east and east boundaries of that lot and by the east boundary of a location to E. Wedge to the South Esk River, by that river after crossing the same to Ben Lomond Rivulet, by that rivulet to its source, by a line from thence to the lake on Ben Lomond Mountain, thence by a line to the point of commencement.
Electoral.

A.D. 1896.

FINGAL.

Commencing at Doctor's Creek on the sea and bounded by that creek to the north boundary of the Town of Seymour, by that boundary to the north-west angle thereof, thence by a south-westly line to the north-east boundary of a grant of 100 acres to R. Hepburn, by the east boundary of that grant, thence by a south-westerly line to the summit of the range lying to the south of St. Paul's River, by the top of that range to the south-east angle of Lot 307, by the south boundary of that lot, by the south boundary of Lot 305, and by a continued westerly line to the south-east angle of 291a. 3r. 0p. purchased by J. Markey, by the boundary of 3011 acres purchased by C. Markey, thence by a line to the south-east angle of Lot 888 purchased by Sherwin and Hart, by the south boundary of that lot and by part of the north boundary of Lot 894, by the east and south boundary of Lot 708 purchased by Thomas Hill, by the south-east boundary of Lot 823 to the west boundary of the Parish of Eastbourne, by that boundary to Salisbury Rivulet, by that rivulet to the South Esk River, by that river after crossing the same to Ben Lomond Rivulet, by that rivulet to its source, by a line from thence to the lake on Ben Lomond Mountain, by a line to the source of the North Esk River, thence by a line to Mount Maurice, thence by a southerly line to a point about two miles south-east from that point, thence by a northerly line to Mount Mount, thence by a northerly line to Section 3927, by the east and north boundaries of that section, and by the east boundary of Section 301, thence by a northerly line to Section 1005, by the east boundary of that section, and by a northerly line to Main Creek at the north-west angle of Section 109, by part of the south and by the east boundary of Section 1056 and by a northerly line to the north-east angle of Section 1458, thence by a continued northerly line for a distance of 20 chains or thereabouts, thence by a north-easterly line to the Weld River at the south-west angle of Section 1497-87M, thence by an easterly line to the Frone River and crossing that river to the south-east angle of Lot 128, thence by a north-easterly line passing through the north-east angle of Section 106M, to the Wynford River, thence by a south-easterly line to the south boundary of the Town Reserve of Seaton, by that boundary to the sea aforesaid, and thence by the sea southerly to the point of commencement.

GEORGE TOWN.

Bounded by the south-west boundaries of the Parishes of Stockport, Phillips Norton, and Wells, commencing at Bagley Head on Bass Strait and extending to the Supply River, thence by that river to the Town of Exeter, by the south boundary of that town to the River Tamar, thence by a line crossing that river to the Macquarie Rivulet, by that rivulet and by a line forming the division boundary of Lots 311 and 518 purchased by M. C. Friend and by a continued north-easterly line along the Town of Exeter to the north-west angle of Lot 823, thence by a continued line to River's River, thence by a north-easterly line to the Little Forester River at a point about one mile southerly from the Forks, thence by that river to Bass Strait aforesaid, and thence by Bass Strait to the point of commencement.

LATROBE.

Bounded by Bass Strait from the north-east boundary of the Town of Devonport to Bagley Head, thence by the south-west boundary of the Parish of Stockport and by the west and part of the south boundary of the Parish of Phillips Norton, thence by the north-west boundary of the Parish of Winkleigh to Franklin Rivulet, by that rivulet and by the north-west boundaries of the Parishes of Goodleigh and A'-grove to the River Mersey, by that river to a south boundary of the Town of Devonport, and thence by that boundary and by the east boundary of that town to the point of commencement.

LANCESTON.

Commencing at a point opposite a mark on the north-western side of the South Esk River, such mark being also opposite the extremity of the north-east side of Hill-street produced, thence in a south-westery direction along that river to Dalrymple-street, thence south-easterly along that street to Peel-street, thence north-easterly along that street to the main road leading to the City of Hobart, thence crossing that road, thence north-westerly by that road to Melbourne-street, thence north-easterly by the south-eastern side of Melbourne-street to High-street, thence crossing that street, thence north-easterly along the north-eastern side of the last-mentioned street to Saint David's street, thence north-easterly along the south-eastern side of that street to Patterson's Plains Road, thence crossing that road, thence south-easterly by a line extending to the road leading to the bridge, thence north-easterly along
that road to a location to Alexander Riley, thence north-westernly along that location, a location to Richard Somerton, and a location to James Steele extending to Goderich-street, thence north-easterly by the south-eastern side of that street, thence crossing that street to the burial-ground, thence along the burial-ground to a location to Peter Archer Mulgrave, thence north-easterly by the south-eastern side of that location to the North Esk River, thence crossing that river, thence following the downward course of that river to the south-western boundary of land belonging to the representatives of the late John Lamont, thence on the north-east by part of that land until it joins a location of 35 acres to Isaac Tibbs, thence on the north-west by Tibbs' location, a location to Edward Lynd, and a location to John Tibbs, thence by the south-eastern, south-western, and north-western boundaries of that location until it joins Samuel Marsh's location, thence by the north-eastern boundary of the Launceston Swamp and extending to John Brown's location, thence by the south-eastern boundary of that location to the River Tamar, thence crossing that river to high-water mark, thence by high-water mark to the South Esk River aforesaid, thence by the last-mentioned river to the said first-mentioned mark on the north-western side thereof, and thence crossing the South Esk River to the point of commencement.

LONGFORD.

Commencing at the south-western boundary of the City of Launceston on the South Esk River and bounded by south-western and south-eastern boundaries of that city to the Main Road from Launceston to Hobart, thence by that road to the Town of Perth, by the north and east boundaries of that town to the South Esk River, thence by that road to the Main Road from Launceston to Hobart aforesaid, thence by that road to the north boundary of the Parish of Invermay, thence by the north and south-western boundaries of that parish to the south-eastern boundary of the Parish of Bronte, thence by that boundary to Macquarie River, by that river until opposite the south boundary of the Parish of Longford, thence after crossing the Macquarie River by the south and west boundaries of that parish to West Lagoon, by the eastern and northern sides of that lagoon, by the west, the north, by a north-eastern and by a north-western boundary of 1813 acres granted to J. Robertson and W. D. Grubh, by part of the south-west and by the north-western boundary of a grant to H. Clayton to the South Esk River aforesaid, and thence by that river after crossing the same to the point of commencement.

RINGAROOI.

Commencing at the mouth of the Little Forester River on Bass Strait and bounded by that river to a point about one mile southerly from the Forks, thence by a south-easterly line to the north-east angle of Lot 2054, thence by a south-easterly line passing through Mount Maurice to a point distant two miles southerly from Mount Victoria, thence by a northerly line to that mount, thence by a northerly line to Section 3207, by the east and north boundaries of that section and by the east boundary of Section 301, thence by a northerly line to Section 1006, by the east boundary of that section and by a northerly line to Main Creek at the north-west angle of Section 199, by part of the south and by the east boundary of Section 1961 and by a northerly line to the north-east angle of Section 1453, thence by a continued northerly line for a distance of 20 chains, thence by a north-easterly line to the Weeld River at the south-west angle of Section 1497-875, thence by an easterly line to the Prone River and crossing that river to the south-east angle of Lot 128, thence by a north-easterly line passing through the north-east angle of Section 1053 to the Wyniford River, thence by a south-easterly line to the south boundary of the Town Reserve of Senon, by that boundary to the sea, and thence by the sea northerly to Banks Strait, and thence by that strait and by Bass Strait aforesaid to the point of commencement.

SELBY.

Commencing at the source of the North Esk River and bounded by that river to its junction with St. Patrick's River, thence by St. Patrick's River to the Watercourse supplying the City of Launceston, by that watercourse to Distillery Creek, by that creek to the North Esk River, thence by that river to the south-east boundary of land granted to R. C. Gunn, by that boundary and by the north-east and south-east boundaries of the City of Launceston to the North Esk River aforesaid, by that river and by the south boundaries of the Town of Invermay to the River Tamar, by that river to the South Esk River, by that river after crossing the same to the south angle of

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Lot 129 purchased by William Barnes, by the south-west boundary of that lot, by the south-west boundaries of locations to R. Maylor and G. F. Storey respectively, by the south-west and north-west boundaries of Lot 59 purchased by W. S. Button, and by a south-west and part of the north-east boundary of Lot 2321 purchased by John Thomson, thence by the south-west boundary of Lot 710 purchased by William Griffiths and by the south-west and north-west boundary of that part of the south-east boundary of the Parish of St. Michael's to the north-east boundary of 47 acres purchased by M. McLeay, by that boundary, by part of the east and part of the north boundary of 291 acres purchased by M. McLeay, by the east boundary of 19 acres purchased by H. Morrison, by the north-east boundary of 33 acres purchased by R. 1er. 10 acres purchased by E. Carroll, by part of the south-east, the north-east, and north-west boundary of 101a. 1r. 20p. purchased by M. Carroll, by part of the north-east boundary of 42a. 1r. 30p. purchased by J. W. Page, by the north-east boundary of 42a. 3r. 20p. purchased by J. Coulton, by part of the south-east, the north-east, and south-west, and part of the north boundary of 100 acres purchased by S. Beston, by the south-west and by part of the south-east and by part of the north boundary of 24 acres purchased by J. Flaherty, by the north-east boundary of 50a. 1r. 34p. purchased by J. Flaherty, by the north-west and part of the south-west boundary of 47a. 2r. 18p. purchased by C. R. Millar to the south-west boundary of the Parish of St. Michael's aforesaid, thence by that boundary to the supply river, thence by that river to the town of Exeter, by the south boundaries of that town to the river Tamar, thence by a line crossing that river to Macquarie Rivulet, by that rivulet and by a line forming the division boundary of Lots 311 and 318 purchased by M. C. Friend and by a continued north-easterly line along the town of Upway to the east angle of Lot 832, thence by a continued line to Pipe's River, thence by a north-easterly line to the Little Forester River at a point on mile southerly from the Forks, thence by a south-easterly line to the north-east angle of Lot 2533, thence by a south-easterly line to Mount Maurice, and thence by a south-easterly line to the point of commencement.

WARATAH.

Bounded by Bass Strait from the River Cam to the River Blythe, by that river to the north boundary of the Van Diemen's Land Company's Surrey Hills Block, by part of the north and by an east boundary of that block, thence by a continued southerly line to the Canning River, by that river to the Marchioness River, by that river to the sea, thence by the sea to the Arthur River, by that river, by the Hellyer River, and by an easterly line to the north boundary of the Surrey Hills Block, by that boundary to the St. Mary's River, and thence by that river and by the River Cam aforesaid to the point of commencement.

WELLINGTON.

Bounded by Bass Strait from Cape Grim to the River Cam, by that river and the St. Mary's River to the Van Diemen's Land Company's Surrey Hills Block, by part of the north boundary of that block and by a continued westerly line to the Hellyer River, by that river to the Arthur River, by that river to the sea, and by the sea to the point of commencement.

The Islands in Bass Strait lying to the west of the 147th degree of longitude form part of this District.

WEST DEVON.

Commencing at the River Blythe on Bass Strait and bounded by that river to the north boundary of the Van Diemen's Land Company's Surrey Hills Block, by part of the north and by an east boundary of that block, thence by a continued southerly line to the Canning River, thence by a due east line for a distance of 8 miles or thereabouts, thence by a northerly line to the source of the River Forth, by that river to the north boundary of the Parish of Barrington, by that boundary to the River Don, by that river to Bass Strait aforesaid, and thence by that strait to the point of commencement.

WESTBURY.

Commencing at the south angle of Lot 123 purchased by William Barnes on the South Esk River and bounded by that river to the north angle of 1705 acres granted to Henry Clayden, by the north-west and part of the south-west boundaries of that grant, by a south-east and by part of a south-west boundary of 2569 acres granted to E. Dunbar, by a south and by an east boundary of Lot 126 purchased by H.
Clayton, by the east and south boundaries of 500 acres located to T. Collicot to the River Liffey, by that river after crossing the same to the south-east angle of 1422 acres granted to Thomas Reibey, by the south boundary of that land, by the south and part of the west boundary of 2443 acres granted to C. R. Prinsep, by the south-west boundary of Lot 2 purchased by C. R. Prinsep to Quamby's Brook, by that brook to the Parish of Exton, thence by the division boundary of the Parishes of Exton and Calstock to the Meander River, by that river to the Parish of Mallong, by the south-west boundaries of land purchased by G. Johnson, H. Burrows, and H. Reading respectively and by a continued north-westerly line to the east angle of 53a. 2r. 26p. purchased by T. Larcombe, by the north-east boundary of that land to the Parish of Mallong aforesaid, thence by the eastern and northern boundaries of that parish to the River Rubicon, by the River Rubicon to the Kangaroo Rivulet, thence by the north-west boundaries of the Parishes of Goolleagh and Winkleigh north-easterly to the south-west angle of a grant to William Barnes on Anderson's Creek, thence by the south-west boundaries of the Parishes of Wells and St. Michael's to the north angle of 25 acres purchased by J. T. Millar, by part of the south-west, by the north-west, and by part of the north-east boundary of 47a. 2r. 18p. purchased by C. R. Millar, thence by the south-east boundary of 56a. 1r. 34p. purchased by J. F. Fishbery, by the north and part of the east boundary of 25 acres purchased by M. Flaherty, by the north and east and west boundaries of 24a. 3r. 15p. purchased by M. Flaherty, by part of the north, by the north-east, and by part of the south-east boundary of 100a. 0r. 33p. purchased by S. Beaton, by the north-east boundary of land purchased by J. Coalston, by part of the north boundary of land purchased by J. W. Page, by a north-west, by a north-east, and by part of the south-east boundary of 101a. 0r. 25p. purchased by M. Carrol, by the north-east boundary of land purchased by E. Carrol, by the east boundary of 10 acres purchased by H. Morrison, by part of the north and by the east boundary of 22i acres purchased by M. McLeay, by part of the north and by part of the east boundary of 50 acres purchased by M. McLeay, by the north-east boundary of 47 acres purchased by M. McLeay to the boundary of the Parish of St. Michael's aforesaid, thence by that boundary and by the boundary of the Parish of Stanley to the east angle of Lot 4314 purchased by R. McKay, by part of the south-east boundary of that lot, by the north-east boundary of 100 acres purchased by J. Thomson, by a north-east, by a south-east, and again by a north-east boundary of Lot 4353 purchased by M. O'Halloran and others to a rivulet, by that rivulet to the south-west boundary of 1000 acres located to G. F. Storey, by that boundary, by the south-west boundaries of 800 acres located to R. Mayler, and by the south-west boundary of Lot 123 aforesaid to the point of commencement.

Southern Assembly Districts.

BRIGHTON.

Commencing at the south-west angle on the River Derwent of Lot 5 purchased by Thomas George Gregson, and bounded by the south and part of the north-east boundaries of that lot and by the north-west boundary of Lot 879 purchased by said Thomas George Gregson to Risdon Brook, by that brook to the east angle of Lot 877 purchased by William Abbott, by the north-east boundary of that lot, by the north-east and part of the north-west boundary of 500 acres granted to James Robertson, and by part of the west boundary of Lot 881 purchased by William Gunn to the Parish of Drummond, thence by the southern, eastern, and northern boundaries of that parish and by the south and west boundaries of the Parish of Yarlington to the east boundary of Lot 239, by that boundary to the north-west angle of lots originally surveyed for Pensioners, by the north-eastern boundaries of those lots, by the north-east boundaries of lots purchased by Charles Denny and William Rumney respectively, thence by a north-westerly line to the south-west angle of Lot 43 purchased by J. Robertson, thence by the south-west boundary of that lot, by the south boundary of Lot 128 purchased by G. Stokell, by part of the south-east and by the north-east boundary of Lot 2514 purchased by J. Biedee, by a north-east, a south-east, and again by a north-east boundary of Lot 252 purchased by J. Biedee, by part of the south-east and by the north-east boundary of 3170 acres granted to George Meagher to the south angle of 1280 acres granted to G. Mercer, thence by a westerly line to the south-east angle of 1900 acres granted to E. P. Butler, by the south, the west, and part of the north-west boundary of that grant, by the south and the south-
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Electoral.

West boundaries of Lot 141 purchased by J. Jones, by a north-east and a north-west boundary of Lot 140 purchased by J. Bisdee, by the north-east boundary of Lot 139 purchased by G. Butler to the River Jordan, thence by that river southerly to the south boundary of 500 acres granted to Thomas Hooper, by the south boundary of that land and by a continued westerly line for a distance of one mile or thereabouts, thence by a southerly line passing along the east boundaries of 100 acres purchased by D. Wylie, and of 320 acres purchased by J. and C. Wylie to the north boundary of Lot 476, by part of the north and by the west boundaries of that lot, by the west boundary of Lot 477 purchased by J. Clarke, by the southern boundaries of Lots 2870 and 2869 purchased by A. Morrison and others, by the southern boundary of Lot 2238 purchased by William Langdon, and by part of the southern boundary of Lot 2837 also purchased by H. Hopkins and others, to the eastern boundary of Lot 864 purchased by Edward Bisdee, thence by the eastern boundary of that lot, by part of the northern and by the eastern boundaries of Lot 69 purchased by Thomas Willison, by part of the northern and eastern boundaries of Lot 863 purchased by W. M. Orr, by a continued southerly line for a distance of twenty chains or thereabouts, thence by an easterly line for a distance of one hundred chains or thereabouts, thence by a south-easterly line to the west angle of 00 acres purchased by J. E. Howard, by the south-west boundary of that land, by a continued south-easterly line passing along the north-eastern boundary of 15a. 3r. 29p. purchased by J. Smith to the north-west boundary of the Parish of Wallace, by part of that boundary and by part of the south-west boundary of that parish to the south angle of 84½ acres purchased by W. Caville, by a south-east boundary of 2290a. 1r. 10p. purchased by Maria Parsons, thence by a south-easterly line to Platform Bluff, thence by a south-easterly line to the north angle of 50 acres purchased by J. Smith, by the north-east boundary of that land, by the north-east boundary of land purchased by C. Aitken, by the south-west boundary of 50 acres purchased by J. Scott, by the south-west boundary of land purchased by G. Williams, by a north-west boundary of Lot 864, by the north-east boundary of 29 acres purchased by A. Long, by a north-east boundary of 156 acres purchased by W. H. Wise, thence by a south-easterly line through a grant to Swanston and Pittairn to the north angle of a grant to A. Davies, by the north-east boundary of that grant to the River Derwent aforesaid, and thence by that river to the point of commencement.

CUMBERLAND.

Commencing at the south-west angle of 500 acres granted to T. Hooper on the River Jordan, and bounded by the south boundary of that land and by a continued westerly line for a distance of one mile or thereabouts, thence by a southerly line passing along the east boundaries of 100 acres purchased by J. and C. Wylie to the north boundary of Lot 476, by part of the north and by the western boundaries of that lot, by the west boundary of Lot 477 purchased by John Clarke, by the southern boundaries of Lots 2870 and 2869 purchased by A. Morrison and others, by the southern boundary of Lot 2238 purchased by William Langdon, and part of the southern boundary of Lot 2237 purchased by H. Hopkins and others to the eastern boundary of Lot 864 purchased by Edward Bisdee, thence by the eastern boundary of that lot, by part of the northern and eastern boundaries of Lot 69 purchased by Thomas Willison, by part of the northern and eastern boundaries of Lot 863 purchased by William Morgan Orr, and by a continued southerly line for a distance of twenty chains or thereabouts, thence by an easterly line for a distance of one hundred chains or thereabouts, thence by a south-easterly line to the west angle of 60 acres purchased by J. E. Howard, by the south-west boundary of that land, by a continued south-easterly line passing along the north-eastern boundary of 15a. 3r. 29p. purchased by J. Smith to the north-west boundary of the Parish of Wallace, by part of that boundary and by part of the south-west boundary of that parish to the south angle of 84½ acres purchased by W. Caville, by a south-east boundary of 2290a. 1r. 10p. purchased by Maria Parsons, thence by a south-easterly line to Platform Bluff, thence by the north-east boundary of the Parish of Lansdowne to the River Derwent, by that river a north-east boundary of the County of Camburland, by that boundary to Lake Pedder, by the southern and western shores of that lake to the Serpentine River, by that river to the Gordon River, by that river to the Franklin River, by that river to the Canning River, by that river to its source, thence by a line to Lake Augusta, thence by a north-easterly line to the Canning River, by that river for a distance of about eight miles, thence by a due easterly line to Lake Ada, thence by a northerly line to Pillar's Lake, thence by a line to Lake Julian, thence by a line to the source of the Mounsey River, thence by an easterly line along the summits of the Great Western Mountains to the source of the Dubbool Rivulet, by that rivulet to the Lake River, by that river to
Wood's Lake, thence by an easterly line to the north-east angle of Lot 504 purchased by A. F. Kemp, thence by part of the western shores of Lake Sorell, by a rivulet to Lake Crescent, by that lake to the west boundary of the Parish of Exmouth, by that boundary to the Exe Rivulet, by that rivulet to the River Jordan aforesaid, and thence by that river to the point of commencement.

FRANKLIN.

Commencing at the most western point of Bruny Island, thence by a northerly line to a rock known as The Butts, thence by a line to One Tree Point on the Huon River, thence by that river, leaving the Egg Islands on the west, to the Weld River, by that river to the south-west boundary of the County of Gippsland, by that boundary to Lake Pedder, by the southern shores of that lake to the Serpentine River, by that river to the Gordon River, by that river to the Sprent River, by that river to the south-east corner of Lot 35, by a line from that corner to the mouth of the Rivulet, by that rivulet to the sea, by the sea to Whale Head near South-east Cape, thence by a line to the point of commencement.

GLAMORGAN.

Bounded on the east by the sea from Doctor's Creek at the north boundary of the Town of Seymour to the south-west boundary of Lot 91 near Cape Bernier, by that boundary and by a line to the north-east angle of 50 acres purchased by S. B. Olding, by the north boundary of that land and of Lot 2920 and by a line to the north-east angle of 90a. 1r. 24p., purchased by W. Haytt, thence by the north boundary of that lot and by the north and west boundaries of Lot 274 to the Currajong Rivulet, thence by that rivulet to the Brushy Plains River, by that river to the Kingsaroon Creek, by that creek to the north boundary of Lot 604, by that boundary and by its south-west boundary and by the south-east boundary of Lot 35 to the east boundary of land purchased by A. Dare, by part of the east and by the north-west boundary of that land, by the north-west boundary of land purchased by G. Phipps, by the north-west and by part of the west boundary of land purchased by S. Phipps, thence by a south-westerly line to the south-east angle of Lot 500 purchased by C. O. Parsons, by the east boundary of that lot and by the north boundaries of Lots 555 and 567, by the east and part of the north boundary of Lot 36, by the east boundaries of Lots 6 and 7 purchased by C. O. Parsons and by a line to the south-east angle of Lot 79 purchased by Richard Lewis, by the east boundary of that lot to Prosser's River, by that river to the south-east angle of 24 acres purchased by W. Brown, by the south boundary of that land and by the south and part of the west boundary of Lot 501, by part of the east by the south and part of the west boundary of 20a. 1r. 14p. purchased by A. Dumo, thence by the north boundary of the Parish of Kilmanhans to White Kangaroo Rivulet, thence by a north-easterly line to the south angle of Lot 3123, thence by a north-easterly line passing along the south-east boundaries of Lots 3129, 3127, 265, 254, 263, a grant to D. Smithfield, and through a grant to S. Page to Little Swanport River, by that river to a point opposite the south angle of Lot 822, thence after crossing that river by the south-west and north-west boundaries of that lot, by part of the south-west and by the north-west boundary of a grant of 500 acres to G. Marshall, by the back boundaries of Lots 235, 236, 289, and 123, by the south-east boundary of Lot 183, &c., respectively to Townsend Lake, by the south-east shore of that lake to the north-west angle of Lot 14, thence southerly along the eastern boundary of that lot to the southern boundary of Lot 374, by that boundary and a continued easterly line of 40 chains, thence northerly to the south-west angle of Lot 202, by the south and east boundaries of that lot and a line from its north-east angle to the south-west angle of Lot 192, by the eastern and part of the northern boundaries of that lot, by the eastern boundary of Lot 369, by a north-west line from the north-east angle of that lot for about four miles, thence westerly for about a quarter of a mile to the south-east angle of Lot 247, by the southern and western boundaries of that lot, by part of the southern and by the west boundary of Lot 1427 and the western boundary of 1000 acres granted to George Meredith to the Elizabeth River, by that river westerly, by the east and part of the north boundaries of Lot 107, by the east boundary of 400 acres granted to T. Parramore, a grant of 800 acres to Thomas Parramore, and Lot 110, and by part of the north boundary of the said lot and the eastern boundaries of Lots 111 and 112, by part of the northern boundary of the last-mentioned lot and the eastern boundary of Lot 39 and a line from thence to the south-east angle of Lot 308, and by the eastern boundary of that lot and by the southern and eastern boundaries of Lot 307 to the summit of the range lying to the south of the St. Paul's River, by the summits of that range to the south-east angle of a grant to R. Hepburn, by the east boundary of that grant and by a north-easterly
line from thence to the north-west angle of the Town of Scevmour, and thence by the north boundary of that town and by Doctor's Creek to the point of commencement.

Schouten Island, Maria Island, and all other Islands adjacent to the coast between Doctor's Creek and Cape Bernier shall form part of this District.

GLENORCHY.

Commencing at the junction of the Black Snake Rivulet with the River Derwent, and bounded by that rivulet and by a southerly line to the north-west angle of 24a. 1r. 17p. purchased by R. Howell, by the west boundary of that lot, by part of the north and by the west boundary of 47a. 2r. 27p. purchased by J. Watson, by part of the north, by the west, and by the south boundary of land purchased by H. Cronau, by part of the west boundary of land purchased by A. Priestley, by a southerly line to the north-west angle of 244 acres of that lot, by the west boundary of 39 acres purchased by G. Peedle, by part of the north and by the west boundary of 100 acres formerly selected by J. H. R. Crockettshank, thence by a south-westerly line to the east angle of 95 acres purchased by Edward Mac, by the south-east boundary of that land to the Sorell River, thence by a southerly line to the north boundary of the north-eastern boundary of that land, by the north and by the west boundary of 15 acres purchased by John White, by part of the north and by the west, and south boundaries of land purchased by M. Rihat, by part of the west and by part of the south boundary of land purchased by R. Rihat, by the west boundary of land purchased by E. Moore, by part of the east and by part of the north boundary of land purchased by J. H. R. Pentzlin, thence by a south-easterly line to the south-west angle of 15 acres purchased by W. Carlsen, by the west and south boundaries of 47a. 3r. 28p. purchased by G. Ackroyd, and by a continued easterly line to the south-east angle of 90 acres of land formerly selected by C. T. and T. C. Pentzlin, thence by a south-easterly line to the Trigonometrical Station on Mount Wellington, by a south-east and part of an east boundary of 3960 acres granted to J. Allport and T. Young, by the south and the south-east boundaries of land granted to Susan Ross and Valentine Griffiths to Poet's Road, by that road to the City of Hobart, by the south-west, and the north-east boundaries of that city to the River Derwent aforesaid, and thence by that river to the point of commencement.

HOBART.

Commencing at the south-east angle of a grant to George Franklin on the Wellington or Sandy Bay Rivulet, and bounded by that rivulet to its confluence with the River Derwent, by that river and Sullivans' Cove to the northern side of the Hobart Rivulet at its confluence with the former, continuing thence along high-water mark of the River Derwent to a point immediately opposite the north-east angle of the Hobart Slaughter Yards, being a continuation of the line of the north-eastern boundary of the said yards, from that said point; at high-water mark in a westerly direction to the north-east angle of the Slaughter Yards, thence north-westerly by the north-eastern boundary of the said Slaughter Yards to the north angle thereof, thence in a south-westerly direction by the north-western boundary of the said Slaughter Yards to the public road leading to the Slaughter Yards, and continuing the same line across that road to the north-eastern boundary of the Royal Engineers' Yard, thence in a south-easterly direction along that said boundary to the north-east angle of the said Royal Engineers' Yard, thence south-westerly by the south-eastern boundary of the Royal Engineers' Yard to the southern boundary of land in the occupation of the Hobart Gas Company, thence north-westerly along that said boundary to the northern angle of the said land in the occupation of the Hobart Gas Company, thence north-easterly by a straight line across the entrance of the road leading from Macquarie-street to the Royal Engineers' Yard to the south-western angle of land formerly in the occupation of the Territorial Police, from thence to the angle of intersection formed by the northern building-line of Park-street with the road leading to the Queen's Domain from Macquarie-street, thence along the north and north-eastern building-line of Park-street (crossing Liverpool-street) to a point on the south-western boundary of the Queen's Domain at Park-street and directly opposite the south-east building-line of Clare-street, thence south-westerly along the said south-eastern building-line of Clare-street (crossing Park-street and Letitia-street) to the eastern side of Argyle-street, thence by a continuation of that line across Argyle-street to the south-eastern angle.
of a grant to James Milne Wilson, thence from the south-eastern angle of this grant to the eastern side of Commercial Road, thence by a continuation of that line across Commercial Road to the south-eastern angle of a grant to John Dunn, thence by the south-eastern boundary of that grant to the New Town Road, thence by a continuation of that line across the New Town Road to the north angle of a grant to Janet McTavish, thence by the north-west boundary of that grant to a point on the northern side of the Elphinston Road, thence in a south-easterly direction crossing Elphinston Road and across Mount Stuart Road to the west angle of a grant to John Swan, thence by the south-western boundary of that grant and also by the south-western boundary of a grant to John Dunn to the north-west side of Arthur-street, thence by the north-western building-line of Arthur-street in a south-westerly direction to the south-western side of Knocklofty Terrace, thence by the south-western side thereof to Poet's Road, and crossing the same, to an allotment granted to William Harris, thence by part of the north-western and by the north-eastern boundary of that grant and a continued south-easterly line (after crossing Salutator Ross Glen) along the north-eastern boundaries of locations to Joseph Bowden and Peter Dudgeon (crossing Forest Road) and extending to the Hobart Rivulet, thence by that rivulet in a south-westery direction (after crossing the same) to a point intersected by a continuation of a line directly along the centre of Glen-street to Macquarie-street, and continuing across that street to a point intersected by the centre line of Washington-street, thence southerly along the centre of that street to a point intersected by a straight line parallel to and distant Two hundred feet southwards from the southern building-line of D'Arcy-street, thence in a south-easterly direction along that parallel line with D'Arcy-street to Holbrook Place (Upper), and continuing across that roadway in the same line to a point in the centre thereof, thence in a northerly direction along the centre of Holbrook Place to a point intersected by a line in continuation of the south boundary of a grant to George Frankland, thence easterly by that continued line to the south-west angle of that grant, and by the south boundary of that said grant to the point on the western bank of the Sandy Bay Rivulet to the point of commencement.

KINGBOROUGH.

Commencing at the source of the Weld River and bounded by an easterly line along the summit of the tiers to the source of the Mountain River, thence by a line to the source of the North-West Bay River, thence by that river to North-West Bay, by the northern shores of that bay to Pearson's Point, thence by a line to Kelly's Point, thence by the eastern and southern shores of Bruny Island to the most western point thereof, thence by a northerly line to a rock known as the Butts, thence by a line to One Tree Point on the Huon River, thence by that river leaving the Egg Islands on the west to the Weld River aforesaid, and thence by that river to the point of commencement.

MONTAGU.

Bound by the sea from the Pianon River to the Mainwaring River, by that river to its source, from thence to the source of the Sprent River, by that river to the Gordon River, by that river to the Franklin River, by that river to the Collingwood River, by that river to its source, thence by a line to Lake Augusta, thence by a north-easterly line to the Canning River, by that river to the Macquarie River, by that river to the Mackintosh River, by that river to the Pianon River aforesaid, and thence by that river to the point of commencement.

NEW NORFOLK.

Commencing at the junction of the Black Snake Rivulet with the River Derwent, and bounded by that rivulet and by a southerly line to the north-west angle of 24a., 1r. 17p. purchased by R. Howell, by the west boundary of that lot, by part of the north and by the west boundary of 47a. 2r. 27p. purchased by J. Watson, by part of the north, by the west, and by the south boundary of land purchased by H. Cronin, by part of the west boundary of land purchased by A. Priestley, by a southerly line to the north-west angle of 22½ acres purchased by W. Farley, by the west boundary of that lot, by the west boundary of 46 acres purchased by G. Peddle, by part of the north and by the west boundary of 100 acres formerly selected by J. H. R. Cruckshank, thence by a south-westerly line to the east angle of 95 acres purchased by Edward Mace, by the south-east boundary of that land to the Sorell River, thence by a southerly line to the north boundary of 50 acres purchased by H. Fehlberg, by part of the north and west boundaries of that land, by the north and west boundaries of 30 acres purchased by John White, by part of the north boundary of land purchased by F. J. Gall, by part of the east, by the north, and by part of the west boundary of land.
A.D. 1896.

purchased by M. Triebell, by the north and west boundaries of land purchased by C. L. Triebell, by part of the north and by part of the west boundary of 60 acres purchased by John White, by the north, the west, and south boundaries of land purchased by M. Riut, by part of the west and by part of the south boundary of land purchased by R. Riut, by the west boundary of land purchased by E. Moore, by part of the east and by part of the south boundary of land purchased by John Nicholson, by the east boundaries of lands purchased by John Kellay and Alexander Riddoch respectively, by part of the west and by the south boundary of land formerly selected by Jene Petersen, by a north-easterly line to the south-west angle of 15 acres purchased by W. Cahlen, by the west boundary of 47a. 3r. 28p. purchased by G. Ackroyd, thence by a southerly line to the source of the Mountain River, thence by a westerly line along the summit of the tiers to the source of the Russell's Falls River, by that river to the River Derwent, by that river after crossing the same to the east angle of 802 acres granted to R. Barker, by the north-western boundary of the Parish of Lansdowne to Platform Bluff, thence by a south-easterly line to the north angle of 50 acres purchased by G. and T. and C. Aitken, by the north-east boundary of that land, by the north-east boundary of land purchased by C. Aitken, by the south-west boundary of land purchased by J. Snit, by part of the north-west and by the south-west boundary of land purchased by G. Williams, by a north-east boundary of Lot 6469, by the north-east boundary of 29 acres purchased by A. Long, by a north-east boundary of 150 acres purchased by W. H. Wise, thence by a south-easterly line through a grant to Swanston and Pleasen to the near angle of a grant to A. Davies, by the north-east boundary of that grant to the River Derwent, and thence by that river to Bridgewater Causeway, by that causeway and by the right bank of the River Derwent aforesaid to the point of commencement.

OATLANDS.

Commencing at the north angle of Lot 130 purchased by Gamaliel Butler on the River Jordan, and bounded by the north-east boundary of that lot, by the north-west and north-east boundaries of Lot 140 purchased by John Bidee, the north and south-east boundaries of a grant of 400 acres to John Bidee, by the western and southern boundaries of a grant of 1900 acres to Edward Paine Butler, by a line from its south-east angle to the west angle of a grant of 2450 acres to George Mercer, by the south-west boundary of that grant and by parts of the north-west and south-west boundaries of a grant to George William Guest, by the north-west and south-west boundaries of a grant to Edward Paine Butler and J. W. Woolley and by part of the south-west boundary of Lot 104 purchased by George Stokell, by part of the north west, the south-west, and part of the south-east boundaries of Lot 128 also purchased by George Stokell, by the north-east boundary of Lot 43 purchased by J. Robertson, by the north boundary of Lot 583 purchased by Michael McGuire, by part of the Coal Mine Rivulet, by that rivulet and by the north boundary of the Coal Reserve to a road forming the west boundary of Lot 442 purchased by Michael McGuire, by that road and by the north boundary of that lot to the Coal Rivulet, thence by that rivulet southerly to the north-east boundary of 123, 235, 259, and 25p. purchased by M. Delany, by that boundary and by an easterly line to the south-east angle of land purchased by R. Duggan, thence by an easterly line for a distance of 130 chains or thereabouts, thence by a north-easterly line to the south angle of Lot 3129, thence by a north-easterly line passing al upon the south-west boundaries of Lots 3124, 3127, 205, 354, 233, a grant to D. Stannfeld, and through a grant to S. Page to Little Swanport River, by that river to a point opposite the south angle of Lot 892, thence after crossing that river by the south-west and north-west boundaries of that lot and by part of the south-west and by the north-west boundary of a grant to George Marshall, by the back boundaries of Lots 235, 239, 239, and 123, by the south-east boundary of Lot 183, &c. to Tooms Lake, by the south-western shore of that lake to the southern branch of the Macquarie River, by that branch to the Macquarie River, by that river to Blackman's River, by that river to Mill Brook, by that brook to its source, and thence by a westerly line to the north-east angle of Lot 182, by the north boundary of that lot and by the north boundary of Lot 7750 to Lake Crescent, by the eastern and southern shores of Lake Crescent to the west boundary of the Parish of Exmouth, by that boundary to the Exe Rivulet, by that rivulet to the River Jordan aforesaid, and thence by that river to the point of commencement.

QUEENBOROUGH.

Commencing at the source of the Mountain River, thence by a northerly line to the south-west angle of 47a. 3r. 28p. purchased by G. Ackroyd, by the south boundary of that land and by part of the south boundary of 50 acres formerly selected by C. T. and T. C. Pentzlin to the south-east angle thereof, thence by a south-easterly line to
the Trigonometrical Station on Mount Wellington, by a south-east and by part of an east boundary of 2699 acres granted to J. Allport and T. Young, by the south and by the south-east boundaries of land granted to Susan Ross and Valentine Griffiths to Poet's Road, by that road to the City of Hobart, by the south-west and by the south boundary of that city to Sandy Bay Rivulet, by that rivulet to the River Derwent, by that river to Pearson's Point, by the northern shores of North West Bay to North West Bay River, by that river to its source, and thence by a line to the point of commencement.

RICHMOND.

Commencing at the east angle of Lot 878 purchased by Wm. Abbott on Risdon Brook, by that brook to the east angle of Lot 877 purchased by Wm. Abbott, by the north-east boundary of that lot, by the north-east and part of the north-west boundaries of a grant of 600 acres to James Robertson and by part of the west boundary of Lot 881 purchased by William Gunn to the Parish of Drummond, thence by that parish and by the southern and western boundaries of the Parish of Yarralung to the south-west angle of Lot 678, by the west boundary of that lot and of Lots 677 and 676, by the north-east boundary of the last-mentioned lot, the north-east boundaries of 62 acres and 100 acres purchased by C. Denny and W. Rumney respectively, thence north-westerly to the south-west angle of Lot 43 purchased by J. Robertson, by the south-west, north-west, and north-east boundaries of that lot and the north boundary of Lot 589 purchased by M. M'Shane to the Cool Mine Rivulet, by that rivulet and by the north boundary of the Coal Reserve to a road forming the west boundary of Lot 442 purchased by Michal McGuir, by that road and by the north boundary of that lot to the Coal River, thence by that river southerly to the north-east boundary of 12a. 3r. 22p. purchased by Michael Delaney, by that boundary and by an easterly line to the north boundary of 20a. 1r. 20p. purchased by J. Casey, by that boundary and by an easterly line to the south boundary of 50 acres purchased by R. Duggan, by that boundary and by a continued easterly line for a distance of 130 chains or thereabouts, thence southerly to the north-west angle of the Parish of St. Ninian, thence north-easterly to the south-west angle of Lot 43 purchased by J. Robertson, by the north boundary of that parish to the west boundary of Lot 20. 1r. 14p. purchased by A. Daniels, by part of the west, by the south, and by part of the east boundary of that land, by the west and by the south boundary of Lot 201, by the south boundary of 24 acres purchased by W. Brown to Proser's River, by that river to the east boundary of Lot 73 purchased by Richard Lewis, by that boundary and by a line to the north-east angle of Lot 7 purchased by C. O. Parsons, by the east boundary of that lot and of Lot 6 also purchased by C. O. Parsons, by the north and by the east boundaries of Lot 66 to the north-west angle of Lot 1477 purchased by Askia Morrison, thence southerly to the south-east angle of Lot 566 purchased by C. O. Parsons, thence southerly to the north-west angle of 40 acres purchased by W. Hodgson on the Sorell Rivulet, by that rivulet to the east angle of Lot 2538 purchased by Wm. Hodgson, by the south and south-west boundaries of that lot, by the north-west and south-west boundaries of Lot 44 purchased by Wm. Hodgson to the north-west boundary of the Orielton Estate, by the north-west, south-west, and south boundaries of that estate to the Orielton Rivulet aforesaid, by that rivulet to Pittwater, by Pittwater to a point distant 1 chain in a northerly direction from the Sorell Causeway on Medway Point, thence by a south-westerly line to the opposite shore near the Bluff (such line being distant 1 chain northerly from the said Causeway), from thence to the Main Road from Sorell, by that road to the north boundary of a grant to George Mercer, by that boundary to Kangaroo Rivulet, by that rivulet to Kangaroo Bay, and thence by that bay and by the River Derwent to the south boundary of Lot 5 purchased by T. G. Gregson, by that boundary and by part of the north-east boundary of that lot, and thence by the south-east boundary of Lot 878 purchased by W. Abbott to the point of commencement.

SORELL.

Commencing at the south-west boundary of Lot 91 on the sea, and bounded by that boundary and by a line to the north-east angle of 39 acres purchased by S. H. Olding, by the north boundary of that land and of Lot 2520 and by a line to the north-east angle of Lot 24p. purchased by W. Hyett, by that boundary and by the north boundary of that lot and by the north and west boundaries of Lot 274 to the Carrajong Rivulet, thence by that rivulet to the Brushly Plains River, by that river to the Ringarooma Creek, by that creek to the north boundary of Lot 694, by that boundary and by its south-west boundary and by the south-east boundary of Lot 36 to the east boundary of land purchased by A. Dare, by part of the east and by the north-west boundary of that land, by the north-west boundary of land purchased by G. Phipps, by the north-west and by part of the west boundary of land purchased by S. Phipps,
A.D. 1836.

Electoral.

thence by a south-westerly line to the south-east angle of Lot 566 purchased by C. O. Parsons, thence southerly to the north-west angle of 40 acres purchased by W. Hodgson on the Sorell Rivulet, by that rivulet to the east angle of Lot 2385 purchased by W. Hodgson, by the south and south-west boundaries of that lot, by the north-west and south-west boundary boundaries of that estate to the Orieltion Rivulet aforesaid, by that rivulet to Pittwater, by Pittwater to a point distant one chain in a northerly direction from the Sorell Causeway on Medway Point, thence near the Bluff (such line being distant from thence to the Main Road from Sorell, by that road to the north boundary of a grant to George Mercer, by that boundary to Kangaroo Rivulet, by that rivulet to the River Derwent, by that river to Storm Bay, by Storm Bay to Cape Pillar, thence by the sea to the point of commencement. Franklin Island, the Derwent Lighthouse, and all the Islands in Norfolk Bay, form part of this District.

The words "Lot" and "Section" as used in the foregoing descriptions shall be hold to mean and intend the several lots and sections respectively numbered and described as the same appear and are delineated in the chart or charts in the Office of the Minister of Lands and Works of this Colony; and wherever in such descriptions a river or other stream, or a road, street, or way is described to be the boundary of any district, a line drawn down the middle of such river or other stream, or road, street, or other way, shall be deemed to be such boundary.

(4.)

POLLING-PLACES FOR THE COUNCIL DISTRICTS.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>DISTRICTS</th>
<th>POLLING-PLACES</th>
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<td>North Esk</td>
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<td>St. Leonards.</td>
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<td>Upper Piper's River.</td>
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<td>Public Buildings, Launceston.</td>
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### Electoral Districts

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<td>Mersey</td>
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<td>8. Town Hall, Hobart.</td>
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<td>Russell</td>
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<td>Tamar</td>
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<td>5. Alford, Lower Piper River.</td>
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<td>Westmorland</td>
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<td>5. Public Buildings, Launceston.</td>
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### Southern Districts

| Buckingham | 1. Glenorchy. |
|           | 3. Cascade Road. |
|           | 4. Town of Queenborough. |
|           | 5. Town Hall, Hobart. |
|           | 2. Broad Marsh. |
|           | 3. Pontville. |
|           | 4. Richmond. |
|           | 5. Jerusalem. |
|           | 6. Town Hall, Hobart. |
| Derwent   | 1. New Norfolk. |
|           | 2. Bothwell. |
|           | 3. Ouse. |
|           | 4. Hamilton. |
|           | 5. Macquarie Plains. |
|           | 7. Strahan. |
|           | 8. Zeehan. |
| Hobart    | 1. Town Hall, Hobart. |
|           | 2. Upper Macquarie-street. |
## DISTRICTS

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<tr>
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<td>Campbell Town</td>
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<td>1. Campbell Town</td>
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<td>5. Isla, near Barton</td>
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<td>8. Town Hall, Hobart</td>
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<td>DISTRICTS</td>
<td>POLLING-PLACES</td>
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</table>
| West Devon     | 1. Ulverstone.  
               | 2. Castra Road.  
               | 3. Penguin Creek.  
               | 4. Hamilton-on-Forth.  
               | 5. Don.  
               | 7. Town Hall, Hobart. |
| Evandale       | 1. Evandale.  
               | 2. St. Leonards.  
               | 3. Deddington.  
               | 4. Lynington.  
               | 5. Blessington.  
               | 7. Town Hall, Hobart. |
| Fingal         | 1. Fingal.  
               | 2. Avoca.  
               | 3. St. Mary's.  
               | 4. Mathins.  
               | 5. Falmouth.  
               | 6. George's Bay (St. Helen's).  
               | 8. Waldborough.  
               | 11. Town Hall, Hobart. |
| George Town    | 1. George Town.  
               | 2. Beaconsfield.  
               | 3. Piper's River, near Police Station.  
               | 4. Leifroy.  
               | 5. Public Buildings, Launceston.  
               | 6. Town Hall, Hobart. |
| Latrobe        | 1. Latrobe.  
               | 2. Heidelberg.  
               | 4. Wesley Vale.  
               | 7. Town Hall, Hobart. |
| Launceston     | 1. Albert Hall, Launceston. |
| Longford       | 1. Longford.  
               | 2. Perth.  
               | 3. Franklin Village.  
               | 4. Hadspen.  
               | 5. Public Buildings, Launceston.  
               | 6. Town Hall, Hobart. |
| Ringarooma     | 1. Braxholme.  
               | 2. Ringarooma Port.  
               | 4. Moorina.  
               | 5. Gladstone.  
               | 7. Alberton.  
               | 8. Scottsdale.  
               | 10. Upper Ringarooma.  
               | 11. Pioneer.  
               | 13. Town Hall, Hobart. |
## Electoral

<table>
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<tr>
<th>DISTRICTS</th>
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<tr>
<td>Selby</td>
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<td></td>
<td>2. Lilydale.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Dighton.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Line.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Turner's Marsh.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Roeveyn's.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>7. Internay.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8. Palersonia.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Waratah.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Hurdlewood.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Sherpart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7. Town Hall, Hobart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wellington</td>
<td>1. Stanley.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Montagu River.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Wynyard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Smearts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Retention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westbury</td>
<td>1. Westbury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Winkleigh.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Frankford.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Carrick.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Glengarry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Rosevale.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Southern Districts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DISTRICTS</th>
<th>POLLING-PLACES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Brighton</td>
<td>1. Pontville.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Kenton.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. North Bridgewater.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Broad Marsh.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Melton Mowbray.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Town Hall, Hobart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumberland</td>
<td>1. Hamilton.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Ouse Police Station.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Ellendale.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7. Hollow Tree.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8. Osterley.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DISTRICTS</td>
<td>POLLING-PLACES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Franklin</td>
<td>1. Franklin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Upper Huon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Dover (Port Esperance).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Surges Bay.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7. Southport.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8. Recherche.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glamorgan</td>
<td>1. Swansea.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Bicheno.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Mayfield, near Lisdillon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Triabuna.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7. Woodlade.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8. Seymour.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glenorchy</td>
<td>1. Glenorchy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Town Hall, Hobart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hobart</td>
<td>1. Town Hall, Hobart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kingborough</td>
<td>1. Oyster Cove.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Woodbridge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Huonville.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Lovett (Port Cygnet).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7. Garden Island Creek.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10. Town Hall, Hobart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montagu</td>
<td>1. Ringville.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Zeehan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Strahan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Dunns.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Queenstown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8. Town Hall, Hobart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Norfolk</td>
<td>1. New Norfolk Court House.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Glenor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Town Hall, Hobart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oatlands</td>
<td>1. Oatlands.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Jericho.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Parattah.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Tunnack.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Tunbridge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7. Rhynndastown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8. Town Hall, Hobart.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Electoral.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DISTRICTS</th>
<th>POLLING-PLACES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Queenborough</td>
<td>1. Sandy Bay.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Cascade Road.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Near River View Inn, Brown's River Road.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. North West Bay.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7. Fern Tree.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8. Town Hall, Hobart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond</td>
<td>1. Richmond.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Jerusalem.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Campania.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Bellerive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Town Hall, Hobart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorell</td>
<td>1. Sorell.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Bellerive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. South Arm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Koonys.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Carnarvon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7. Nugent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8. Rokeby.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(5.)

**RETURNING OFFICERS.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Council District</th>
<th>Rural Municipality.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Buckingham</td>
<td>Glenorchy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambridge</td>
<td>Brighton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derwent</td>
<td>New Norfolk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Esk</td>
<td>Evandale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Esk</td>
<td>Fingal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Macquarie</td>
<td>Oatlands</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meander</td>
<td>Deloraine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Penambrooke</td>
<td>Sorell</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pembroke</td>
<td>Westbury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westmorland</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assembly District</th>
<th>Rural Municipality.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Brighton</td>
<td>Brighton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campbell Town</td>
<td>Campbell Town</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumberland</td>
<td>Bothwell</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deloraine</td>
<td>Deloraine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evandale</td>
<td>Evandale</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fingal</td>
<td>Fingal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glamorgan</td>
<td>Glamorgan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glenorchy</td>
<td>Glenorchy</td>
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<tr>
<td>Longford</td>
<td>Longford</td>
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<tr>
<td>New Norfolk</td>
<td>New Norfolk</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oatlands</td>
<td>Oatlands</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond</td>
<td>Richmond</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sorell</td>
<td>Sorell</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westbury</td>
<td>Westbury</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RETURNING OFFICER'S DECLARATION.

I, A.B., the Returning Officer of the Electoral District of

RETURNING OFFICER'S DECLARATION.  
I, A.B., the Returning Officer of the Electoral District of do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare, that I will faithfully assist in all elections of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for the said district; and that I will not in any manner interfere with any elector when filling up his ballot-paper at any such election, or attempt to ascertain the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom any elector votes at any such election; and in case I should become acquainted with the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom any elector votes, then that I will not disclose to any person whomsoever the fact so coming to my knowledge, nor by any word or action directly or indirectly aid in discovering the same, except in answer to any question which I am legally bound to answer, or in compliance with the provisions of "The Electoral Act, 1896."

A.B.

ANNUAL NOTICE TO BE GIVEN BY THE CLERK OF THE PEACE AT HOBART.

I HEREBY give notice that all Persons entitled to vote in the Election of Members to serve in the Parliament of Tasmania, whose names are not upon the Electoral Roll now in force for the Electoral District in respect of which they claim to vote, or who, being upon such Roll, do not retain the same qualification or continue in the same Place of Abode as described in such Roll, or who claim to be entitled to vote in respect of an income, salary, or wages qualification, and who are desirous to have their Names inserted in the Electoral Roll about to be made for such District, are hereby required to deliver or transmit to the Returning Officer of the Electoral District in respect of which they claim to vote, on or before the Twenty-fourth day of November in this year, a Notice in writing by them signed, in which their Name and Surname at full length, their Place of Abode, and the particulars of their Qualification, must be legibly written.

Dated this day of 18

A.B.

Clerk of the Peace at Hobart.

ANNUAL NOTICE TO BE GIVEN BY THE RETURNING OFFICER OF EACH LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL DISTRICT.

I HEREBY give notice, that every Person entitled to vote in the Election of a Member [or Members] to serve in the Legislative Council of the Parliament of Tasmania for the Electoral District of whose name is not upon the Electoral Roll now in force for that District, or who, being upon such Roll, does not retain the same Qualification or continue in the same Place of Abode as described in such Roll, and who is desirous to have his Name inserted in the Electoral Roll about to be made for such District, is hereby required to deliver or transmit to me at (Office or Place of business of the Returning Officer) on or before the Twenty-fourth day of November in this year, a Notice in writing, signed by him, in which his Name and Surname at full length, his Place of Abode, and the particulars of his Qualification, must be legibly written, according to the Form hereunder set forth. Any Person whose name is upon the present Electoral Roll may also make his claim, if he thinks fit, but it is not necessary that he should do so if he has the same Qualification and Place of Abode now described in the Roll.

Dated this day of 18

C.D.

Returning Officer for the Electoral District of
Notice of Claim (Legislative Council.)

To the Returning Officer of the Electoral District of

I HEREBY give you notice, that I claim to have my Name inserted in the List of Electors for the Electoral District of , and that the particulars of my Name, Place of Abode, and Qualification are stated in the Columns below.

Dated this day of ,

G.H.

Surname and Christian Name of the Claimant at full length.

Place of Abode. (Stating Number of House, if any).

Nature of Qualification.

If qualified in respect of Freehold Estate—the Street or other Place where Property situate, and Number of House, if any, and Name or Description of Property, its Annual Value, and Name of occupying Tenant, if any.

If qualified in respect of Occupancy—the Street or other Place where Property situate, and Number of House, if any, and Name or Description of Property, its Annual Value, and Name of Owner.

If qualified as a Graduate—the University at which Degree taken, and the Year in which Degree conferred. Or if qualified as an Associate of Arts—the Year in which Degree conferred.

If qualified as a Barrister or Solicitor—the Date of Admission.

If qualified as a Medical Practitioner—the Date of Qualification acquired.

If qualified as an Officiating Minister of Religion—the Sect, and when, and where, and by whom ordained or appointed, and where officiating.

If qualified as an Officer of Her Majesty's Land or Sea Forces or a Retired Officer of the Volunteer Force of Tasmania—the Branch of the Service, and when and where last on actual Service.

(9.)

ANNUAL NOTICE TO BE GIVEN BY THE RETURNING OFFICER OF EACH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

I HEREBY give notice, that every Person entitled to vote in the Election of a Member [or Members] to serve in the House of Assembly of the Parliament of Tasmania for the Electoral District of whose name is not upon the Assessment or Valuation Roll then in force within that District, and who is desirous to have his name inserted in the Electoral Roll about to be made for such District in respect of an Income, Salary, or Wages Qualification, is hereby required to deliver or transmit to me at [Office or Place of Business of the Returning Officer] on or before the Twenty-fourth day of November in this year, a Notice in writing, signed by him in the presence of a witness, in which his Name and Surname, at full length, his Place of Abode, and the particulars of his Qualification, must be legibly written, according to the Form hereunder set forth.

Dated this day of ,

C.D., Returning Officer for the Electoral District of
Notice of Claim. (House of Assembly.)

To the Returning Officer of the Electoral District of

I, the undersigned, hereby give you notice that I claim to have my name inserted in the List of Electors for the Electoral District of

And I certify that I am of the age of Twenty-one years, that I reside in the said Electoral District, and am in receipt of income, salary, or wages at the rate of Forty Pounds sterling a year, and that I have received income, salary, or wages equal to Twenty Pounds sterling during the period of Six months next before the First day of November instant. And I further certify that I have resided in Tasmania for the period of Twelve months next before the said First day of November instant.

Surname and Christian Name of the Claimant in full length.
Place of Abode (stating Number of House, if any).
Nature of Qualification (state whether Income, Salary, or Wages).
Name of Employer, if any.
Polling-place at which Claimant wishes to vote.

Dated this day of November, 18 . (Signed)
Witness

—

LIST OF CLAIMANTS.
The List of Persons claiming to be entitled to vote in the Election of a Member [or Members] to serve in the Parliament of Tasmania for the Electoral District of

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Margin for entering Returning Officer's Objections.</th>
<th>Surname and Christian Name of each Claimant at full length.</th>
<th>Place of Abode.</th>
<th>Nature of qualification.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

If qualified in respect of Freehold Estate—the Street or other Place where Property situate, and Number of House, if any, and Name or Description of Property, its Annual Value, and Name of occupying Tenant, if any.

If qualified in respect of Occupancy—the Street or other Place where Property situate, and Number of House, if any, and Name or Description of Property, its Annual Value, and Name of Owner.

If qualified as a Graduate—the University at which Degree taken, and the Year in which Degree conferred; or, if qualified as an Associate of Arts—the Year in which Degree conferred.

If qualified as a Barrister or Solicitor—the Date of Admission.

If qualified as a Medical Practitioner—the Date when qualification acquired.

If qualified as an Officiating Minister of Religion—the Scotchland when, and where, and by whom ordained or appointed, and where officiating.

If qualified as an Officer of Her Majesty's Land or Sea Forces, or a Retired Officer of the Volunteer Forces of Tasmania—The Branch of the Service, and when and where last on actual Service.

If qualified in respect of Salary of £40 per annum—state Name of Employer, and Date of Appointment.

C.D.
Returning Officer of the Electoral District of
NOTICE OF OBJECTION TO BE GIVEN TO THE RETURNING OFFICER.

To the Returning Officer of the Electoral District of

I HEREBY give you notice, that I object to the Name of the Person mentioned and described below being retained in the List of Electors for the Electoral District of

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Surname and Christian Name of the Person objected to, as described in the List of Electors.</th>
<th>Place of Abode as described in List.</th>
<th>Nature of Qualification as described in List.</th>
<th>Particulars as described in List.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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</tbody>
</table>

Dated this day of 18 G.H. [Place of Abode.]

NOTICE OF OBJECTION TO BE GIVEN TO PERSONS OBJECTED TO, AND TO THE OCCUPYING TENANT OF THE QUALIFYING PROPERTY, IF ANY, BY ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE RETURNING OFFICER.

To Mr. [here insert the Name and Place of Abode of the Person objected to as described in the List; and in the case of Notice to the Tenant of the Qualifying Property insert his Name and Place of Abode as described in the List.]

Take notice, that at the next Court of Revision for the Electoral District of

I intend to object to your Name [in the Notice to the Tenant, instead of the words "your Name," insert the Name of the Person objected to] being retained in the List of Electors for the Electoral District of on the ground that

Dated this day of 18 G.H. [Place of Abode.]

LIST OF PERSONS OBJECTED TO, TO BE PUBLISHED BY THE RETURNING OFFICER.

The following Persons have been objected to as not being entitled to have their Names retained in the List of Electors for the Electoral District of

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Surname and Christian Name of each Person objected to as described in the List.</th>
<th>Place of Abode as described in List.</th>
<th>Nature of Qualification as described in List.</th>
<th>Particulars as described in List.</th>
<th>Grounds of Objection.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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</tbody>
</table>

C.D.

Returning Officer of the Electoral District of
COUNCIL DISTRICTS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Districts</th>
<th>Place of holding Courts of Revision</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Russell</td>
<td>Court House, Burnie.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mersey</td>
<td>Court House, Hamilton-on-Forth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meander</td>
<td>Court House, Deloraine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tamar</td>
<td>Court House, Westbury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westmorland</td>
<td>Court House, Longford.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Esk</td>
<td>Court House, Evandale.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Esk</td>
<td>Court House, Fingal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Macquarie</td>
<td>Court House, Oatlands.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambridge</td>
<td>Court House, Oatlands.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pembroke</td>
<td>Court House, Oatlands.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derwent</td>
<td>Court House, New Norfolk.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buckingham</td>
<td>Court House, Glenorchy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Huon</td>
<td>Court House, Franklin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hobart</td>
<td>Town Hall, Hobart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Launceston</td>
<td>Town Hall, Launceston.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Districts</th>
<th>Place of holding Courts of Revision</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Waratah</td>
<td>Court House, Burnie.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wellington</td>
<td>Court House, Hamilton-on-Forth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Devon</td>
<td>Court House, Hamilton-on-Forth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Devonport</td>
<td>Court House, Devonport.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrobe</td>
<td>Court House, Latrobe.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deloraine</td>
<td>Court House, Deloraine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Launceston</td>
<td>Town Hall, Launceston.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salby</td>
<td>Invermay.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>George Town</td>
<td>Court House, George Town.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westbury</td>
<td>Court House, Westbury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Longford</td>
<td>Court House, Longford.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cressy</td>
<td>Police Station, Cressy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evandale</td>
<td>Court House, Evandale.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fingal</td>
<td>Court House, Fingal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ringarooms</td>
<td>Court House, Ellesmere.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campbell Town</td>
<td>Court House, Campbell Town.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oatlands</td>
<td>Court House, Oatlands.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brighton</td>
<td>Court House, Pontville.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumberland</td>
<td>Court House, Bothwell.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Norfolk</td>
<td>Court House, New Norfolk.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glamorgan</td>
<td>Court House, Glamorgan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorell</td>
<td>Court House, Sorell.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Queenborough</td>
<td>Court House, Port Cygnet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kingborough</td>
<td>Court House, Franklin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hobart</td>
<td>Town Hall, Hobart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montagu</td>
<td>Court House, Zeehan.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FORM OF ELECTORAL ROLL.

The Electoral Roll of the Electoral District of

for the Year

commencing the Eleventh day of April, 1896, and ending on the Tenth day of

April, 1896.

<table>
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ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF

I hereby give notice, that I have received a Writ under the hand of His Excellency the Governor, dated the day of instant (or ultimo, for the Election of (a) fit and proper person (s) to serve as the (or a) Member of the Electoral District of the House of Assembly (or Legislative Council) of Tasmania. The period within which Candidates may be nominated for election at such Election will be from the day of to the day of, inclusive, up to 4 o'clock P.M. of the last-named day. Written Nominations of Candidates, such Nominations to be accompanied by the written consent of such Candidates to be nominated, will be received by me at, up to In the event of such Election being contested, a Poll will be taken on the day of, instant (or next), from 8 A.M. to 6 P.M., at the Polling-places named hereunder:

Dated

Returning Officer for the Electoral District of

---

(17.)

We, the undersigned Electors of the Electoral District of, do hereby nominate [stating Christian and Surname], of [state occupation], as a fit and proper person to represent the said District in the Legislative Council [or House of Assembly].

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Surname and Christian Name of Electors as described in the Roll.</th>
<th>Place of Abode as described in the Roll.</th>
<th>Nature of Qualification as described in the Roll.</th>
<th>Usual Signature of Electors.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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</tbody>
</table>

I, the above-named, consent to become a Candidate at the Election for the said District of
(18.)

SCRUTINEER'S DECLARATION.

I, A.B., a Scrutineer appointed by X.Y., a Candidate [or by C.D. and E.F., the persons nominating X.Y. as a Candidate] at the ensuing Election of a Member [or Members] of the Legislative Council [or House of Assembly, as the case may be], for the Electoral District of do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that I will faithfully assist in the said Election, and that I will not in any manner interfere with any Elector when filling up his Ballot-paper, or attempt to ascertain the name or names of the Candidate or Candidates for whom any Elector votes; and in case I should become acquainted with the name or names of the Candidate or Candidates for whom any Elector votes, then that I will not disclose to any person whatsoever the fact so coming to my knowledge, nor by any word or action directly or indirectly aid in discovering the same except in answer to any questions which I am legally bound to answer, or in compliance with the provisions of “The Electoral Act, 1896.”

A.B.

(19.)

FORM OF BALLOT-PAPER.

[Here the Candidates' Names only will be printed in Alphabetical order.]

(20.)

DEPUTY RETURNING OFFICER'S DECLARATION.

I, A.B., one of the Deputy Returning Officers at the ensued Election of a Member [or Members] of the Legislative Council [or House of Assembly, as the case may be] for the Electoral District of do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that I will faithfully assist in the said Election, and that I will not in any manner interfere with any Elector when filling up his Ballot-paper, or attempt to ascertain the name or names of the Candidate or Candidates for whom any Elector votes; and in case I should become acquainted with the name or names of the Candidate or Candidates for whom any Elector votes, then that I will not disclose to any person whatsoever the fact so coming to my knowledge, nor by any word or action directly or indirectly aid in discovering the same except in answer to any questions which I am legally bound to answer, or in compliance with the provisions of “The Electoral Act, 1896.”

A.B.

(21.)

QUESTIONS TO BE PROPOSED TO A PERSON TENDERING HIS VOTE.

Are you the same person whose name appears as [here specify the name contained in the Electoral Roll] in the Electoral Roll now in force for the Electoral District of [here specify Electoral District]?

Have you already voted, either here or elsewhere, at the present Election?

(22.)

OATH AS TO IDENTITY, AND NOT HAVING PREVIOUSLY VOTED.

I, A.B., do swear that I am the same person whose name appears as [here specify name] in the Electoral Roll now in force for the Electoral District of [here specify Electoral District]; and that I have not before voted, either here or elsewhere, at the present Election. So help me God.
(23.)
OATH AGAINST BRIBERY.
I, A.B., do swear that I have not received or had by myself, any person whatever in trust for me, or for my use or benefit, or for the use or benefit of any member of my family or kindred, or of any friend or dependent, directly or indirectly, any sum or sums of money, office, place of emolument, gift, or reward, or any promise or security for any money, office, employment, place of emolument, gift, or reward, by way of consideration, expressed or implied, for giving my vote at this Election. So help me God.

(24.)
PERSONS LEGALLY EMPLOYED FOR PAYMENT.
1. One Election Agent, and no more.
2. One Clerk and no more.
3. Three Scrutineers for each Polling-place and no more, except as provided for in Section 94.
4. Any person employed as Cab-driver, Cab-owner, or any person letting out for hire any vehicle employed at any Election.

(25.)
PART I.
1. The expenses of printing, advertising, publishing, issuing, placarding, and distributing addresses and notices.
2. The expenses of stationery, messages, postage, and telegrams.
3. The expenses of holding public meetings and hiring halls for that purpose.
4. The expenses of Committee-rooms.
5. One Agent for any Electoral District.
6. One Clerk for any Electoral District.
7. Three Scrutineers at each Polling-place and no more, except as provided for in Section 94.
8. The expenses of conveying voters to the poll.

PART II.
Maximum Scale.
The Electoral Expenses (other than the Candidate's personal expenses and the fee paid to the Agent for his personal services) and the expenses of advertising shall not, in respect of all matters referred to in Part I., items 1 to 8, both inclusive, exceed in the whole the maximum amount as follows:

If the number of electors on the Electoral Roll does not exceed 500, the maximum amount shall be £100; and if the number of electors exceed 500, an additional £5 for every 100 electors or any fractional part of 100 on the Electoral Roll above 500.

(26.)
FORM OF RETURN OF ELECTORAL EXPENSES.
I, A.B., Candidate at the Election for the District of on the day of make the following Return respecting my Electoral Expenses at the said Election:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXPENDITURE</th>
<th>£</th>
<th>s.</th>
<th>d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paid G.H. as agent at voting-place</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paid to clerk for days' services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paid to the following persons in respect of goods supplied or work and labour done</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paid hire of rooms for holding public meetings</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paid hire of rooms for holding committee meetings</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paid for miscellaneous matters</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

In addition to the above, I am aware of the following disputed and unpaid claims, viz.:

By T.U., for

(Signed) A.B.
(27.) FORM OF DECLARATION AS TO ELECTORAL EXPENSES.

I, having been a Candidate at the Election for the on the day of do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that the Return of Electoral Expenses transmitted by me to the Returning Officer for the District of to the best of my knowledge and belief, is correct:

And I further solemnly and sincerely declare that, except as appears from that Return, I have not, and, to the best of my knowledge and belief, no person has made on my behalf any payment, or given, promised, or offered any reward, office, employment, or valuable consideration, or incurred any liability, on account of or in respect of the conduct or management of the said Election:

And I further solemnly and sincerely declare that I have paid the sum of Pounds, and no more, for the purpose of the said Election, and that, except as specified in the said Return, no money security, or equivalent for money, has to my knowledge or belief, been paid, advanced, given, or deposited by anyone to any other person for the purpose of defraying any expenses incurred on my behalf on account of or in respect of the conduct or management of the said Election.

Declared by the above-named declarant, on the day of 18 at (Signed) E.F., Justice of the Peace.

(28.) ELECTION AGENT’S DECLARATION.

I, A.B., being appointed an Agent for Election Expenses by X.Y., a Candidate at this Election, do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that I have not knowingly made, authorised, or sanctioned, and that I will not knowingly make, authorise, or sanction, any payment on account of this Election otherwise than through the Election Auditor, save as excepted and allowed by “The Electoral Act, 1896.”

A.B.

(29.) MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT’S DECLARATION.

I, A.B., do hereby declare, upon my honour, that I have not paid, nor will I pay, nor have I authorised, nor will I authorise any person to pay for me, or on my behalf, any other moneys than such as are allowed by “The Electoral Act, 1896,” in any way expended in reference to my Election as a Member of this House for the Electoral District of ; and I do also declare, upon my honour, that I have done no act unduly to influence any Elector in the vote which he has given at such Election.

A.B.

(30.) OFFICER’S DECLARATION ON APPOINTMENT.

I, A.B., do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that I accept the office of and I do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that I will faithfully perform the duties of the same to the best of my understanding and ability.

A.B.
**APPENDIX A.**

**EXAMPLES OF MARKING BALLOT-PAPERS.**

(i.) Where there are **NINE** Candidates for **SIX** Seats.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Austin</th>
<th>Dickens</th>
<th>Fielding</th>
<th>Gissing</th>
<th>Lytton</th>
<th>Meredith</th>
<th>Richardson</th>
<th>Scott</th>
<th>Thackeray</th>
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<td>Richardson</td>
<td>Scott</td>
<td>Thackeray</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(ii.) Where there are **SIX** Candidates for **FOUR** Seats.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Burns</th>
<th>Dryden</th>
<th>Milton</th>
<th>Pope</th>
<th>Shakespeare</th>
<th>Wordsworth</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
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</table>

**APPENDIX B.**

**EXAMPLES OF AN ELECTION OF MORE THAN ONE MEMBER FOR THE SAME DISTRICT.**

Suppose there are Four Members to be elected, and there are Six Candidates, and the total number of valid votes polled is 3000.

In accordance with the directions contained in Section 115, the number of valid votes (3000) will be divided by the number of Members to be elected (4), and the result (750) will be the quota of votes required to elect a Member.

First Count.

A has 800 first votes.

B has 420 first votes.

C has 180 first votes.

D has 780 first votes.

E has 720 first votes.

F has 100 first votes.

A and D are declared elected, and the surplus of A's first votes is transferred to the other candidates, who are marked 2 on the same ballot-papers (in pursuance of Sect. 115 sub-Sect. V.) in such a manner that each of the other candidates receives the same proportion of such surplus votes as all the papers on which his name is marked with the figure 2 in the parcel bear to the whole 800 ballot-papers in the said parcel.

A has 50 surplus votes, and as E is marked 2 on 640 out of the 800 papers, and F is marked 2 on 160, it follows that E is entitled to four-fifths and F to one-fifth of the surplus. The Returning Officer will therefore transfer 40 of A's surplus votes to E, and the remaining 10 of A's surplus votes to F.

D has a surplus of only 30 votes, and, following the same course, 20 of his surplus ballot-papers are found to be transferable to B, and the remaining 10 to C.
The numbers on the Second Count will then be as follows:—

A, 800 - 50 votes transferred to other candidates = 750 (elected).
B, 420 + 20 votes transferred from the surplus votes of D = 440.
C, 180 + 10 votes transferred from the surplus votes of D = 190.
D, 780 - 30 votes transferred to other candidates = 750 (elected).
E, 720 + 40 votes transferred from the surplus votes of A = 760 (elected).
F, 100 + 10 votes transferred from the surplus votes of A = 110.

The numbers on the Third Count will therefore stand as follows:—

A ......................... 750 (elected)
B, 440 + 10 votes transferred from E's surplus on the Second Count = 450
C ......................... 190
D ......................... 750 (elected)
E ......................... 750 (elected)
F ......................... 110

The numbers on the Fourth Count will therefore be as follows:—

A ......................... 750 (elected)
B, 450 + 80 votes transferred from F = 530 (elected)
C, 190 + 30 votes transferred from F = 220
D ......................... 750 (elected)
E ......................... 750 (elected)

Only three candidates have succeeded up to the present time in obtaining the requisite quota of votes, and it therefore becomes necessary to reduce again the number of candidates by excluding the one who is lowest on the poll as it now stands. The lowest candidate is C, and he is excluded, leaving only the same number of candidates as there are Members to be elected, viz., A, B, D, and E, who are therefore declared elected, and the election is closed.