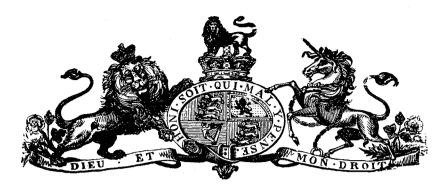
TASMANIA.



1900.

ANNO **SEXAGESIMO-QUARTO**

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ,

No. 8.

AN ACT for consolidating Enactments re- A.D. 1900. lating to the Construction of Acts of Parliament, and for further shortening the Language used in Acts of Parliament.

[22 September, 1900.]

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of *Tasmania*, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

1 This Act may be cited as "The Interpretation Act, 1900."

Short title.

2 The Act described in the Schedule to this Act is hereby repealed. Repeal.

Schedule.

Re-enactment of Existing Rules.

3 In this Act and in every Act heretofore passed, and in every Act Interpretation hereafter to be passed, unless the contrary intention appears—

The word "Act" shall include Act of Council, and the words "Act."

"Act of Council" shall include Act:

"Act of Council" shall include formulas to Manualism

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females: Words in the singular shall include the plural, and words in 52 & 53 Vict.

c. 63, s. 1.

the plural shall include the singular: The word "Governor" shall include the person for the time Singular and being lawfully administering the Government of Tasmania, plural.

Ib., s. 1. "Governor."

A.D. 1900.

" Month." 52 & 53 Vict. c. 63, s. 3.

" Land."

"Oath,"

"affidavit,"

" swear"

Ib., s. 3.

Application of penal Acts to bodies corporate. 1b., s. 2.

and the word "Governor" shall mean the Governor acting with the advice of the Executive Council:

The word "month" shall mean calendar month:
The word "land" shall include messuages, tenements, and

hereditaments, houses and buildings of any tenure: The words "oath" and "affidavit" shall, in the case of persons allowed by law to affirm or declare instead of swearing, include affirmation and declaration, and the word "swear" shall, in the like case, include affirm and declare:

In the construction of every enactment relating to an offence punishable on indictment or on summary conviction, the expression "person" shall include a body corporate, and where any forfeiture or penalty is payable to a party aggrieved it shall be payable to a body corporate in every case where that body is the party aggrieved.

Acts to be divided into Sections; each a substantive enactment. *Ib.*, s. 8. Ib., s. 9.

4—(1.) Every Act shall be divided into Sections if it contains more enactments than one, and every Section of an Act shall have effect as a substantive enactment without introductory words.

(2.) Every Act passed after the Fifth day of August, One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, shall be a public Act, and shall be judicially noticed as such unless the contrary is expressly provided by the Act.

(3.) Any Act may be altered, amended, or repealed in the same Session of Parliament.

(4.) A copy of every Act printed or purporting to have been printed by the authority of the Government shall be admitted in evidence, and it shall not be necessary to prove that it was printed by such authority.

Amendment or repeal of Acts in same Session. Ib., s. 10. Copies of Acts printed by authority admissible in evidence.

Effect of repeal in Acts passed since 5th August, 1853. Ib., s. 11.

5—(1.) Where an Act passed after the Fifth day of August, One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, whether before or after the commencement of this Act repeals a repealing enactment, it shall not be construed as reviving any enactment previously repealed unless words are inserted or added reviving that enactment.

(2.) Where an Act passed after the Fifth day of August, One thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, repeals wholly or partially any former enactment and substitutes other provisions for the enactment repealed, the repealed enactment shall remain in force until the substituted provisions come into operation.

Citation of Acts. *Ih.*, s. 35 (1.).

6—(1.) In any Act, instrument, or document, an Act may be cited by reference to the Short Title, if any, of the Act, or by reference to the year or regnal year in which the Act was passed and the number, if any, of the Act, and any enactment may be cited by reference to the Section or Sub-section of the Act in which the enactment is contained.

Ib., s. 35 (3.)

(2.) In any Act passed after the commencement of this Act a description or citation of a portion of another Act shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including the words, Sections, or other parts mentioned or referred to as forming the beginning and the end respectively of the portion comprised in the description or citation.

7 Whenever by any Act, any act, matter, or thing is directed or A.D. 1900. authorised to be done or performed on a certain day, and that day shall happen to be Sunday, Good Friday, or Christmas Day, every such act, matter, or thing shall and may, unless otherwise directed by Sunday, &c such Act, be done and performed on the day next following such be done on Sunday, Good Friday, or Christmas Day.

When things to be done fall on a Sunday, &c., may

8 Unless otherwise expressly provided, every Schedule annexed to Schedules to be any Act shall be deemed and taken to be part and parcel of the Act to deemed part of which it is so annexed, and shall have the same operation and effect as Act. if the matters therein contained had been enacted in the body of the s. 11.

New General Rules of Construction.

9 Where an Act passed after the commencement of this Act Meaning of authorises or requires any document to be served by post, whether the service by post. expression "serve," or the expression "give," or "send," or any other 52 & 53 Vict. expression is used, then, unless the contrary intention appears, the service shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying, and posting a letter containing the document, and, unless the contrary is proved, to have been effected at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

10 Where any Act, whether passed before or after the commence- Construction of ment of this Act, confers power to make, grant, or issue any instrument statutory rules, (that is to say, any Order in Council, order, proclamation, warrant, &c. scheme, letters patent, rules, regulations, or by-laws), expressions used in the instrument, if it is made after the commencement of this Act, shall, unless the contrary intention appears, have the same respective meanings as in the Act conferring the power.

11 Where an Act passed after the commencement of this Act Meaning of power confers a power to make any rules, regulations, or by-laws, the power given by an Act shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including to make By-laws. a power exerciseable in the like manner, and subject to the like consent 1b., s. 32 (3.). and conditions, if any, to rescind, revoke, amend, or vary the rules, regulations, or by-laws.

12—(1.) Where an Act passed after the commencement of this Act Construction or confers a power or imposes a duty, then, unless the contrary intention provisions as to appears, the power may be exercised, and the duty shall be performed exercise of powers from time to time as occasion requires.

(2.) Where an Act passed after the commencement of this Act 52 & 53 Vict. confers a power or imposes a duty on the holder of an office as such, c. 63, s. 32. then, unless the contrary intention appears, the power may be exercised, and the duty shall be performed by the holder for the time being of the office.

13 Where an act or omission constitutes an offence under Two or Provisious as to more Acts, or both under an Act and at common law, whether any offences under such Act was passed before or after the commencement of this Act, the offender shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be liable to be laws.

The prosecuted and punished under either or any of those Acts or at common law, but shall not be liable to be punished twice for the same offence.

A.D. 1900.

Measurement of distances. Ib., s, 34.

"Commencement."

1b, s. 36.

14 In the measurement of any distance for the purposes of any Act passed after the commencement of this Act, that distance shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be measured in a straight line on a horizontal plane.

15 - (1.) In this Act and in every Act passed, either before or after the commencement of this Act, the expression "commencement," when used with reference to an Act, shall mean the time at which the Act comes into operation.

(2.) Where an Act or any Order in Council, order, warrant, scheme, letters patent, rules, regulations, or by-laws made, granted, or issued under a power conferred by any such Act is expressed to come into operation on a particular day, the same shall be construed as coming into operation immediately on the expiration of the previous day.

Exercise of statutory power between passing and commencement of Act. *Ib.*, s. 37.

16 Where an Act passed after the commencement of this Act is not to come into operation immediately on the passing thereof, and confers power to make any appointment, or to make, grant, or issue any instrument (that is to say, any Order in Council, order, warrant, scheme, letters patent, rules, regulations, or by-laws), or to give notices, to prescribe forms, or to do any other thing for the purposes of the Act, that power may, unless the contrary intention appears, be exercised at any time after the passing of the Act so far as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of bringing the Act into operation at the date of the commencement thereof; subject to this restriction, that any instrument made under such power shall not, unless the contrary intention appears in the Act, or the contrary is necessary for bringing the Act into operation, come into operation until the Act comes into operation.

Definitions for the future.

" British possession."

" Person." *Ib.*, s. 19.

"Statutory declaration."

Ib., s. 21.

47 Vict. No. 19,

s. 75.

"Writing."

" Writing."

- "Sovereign,"
 "Crown."
 52 & 53 Vict.
 c. 63, s. 30.
- "Rules of Court." 52 & 53 Viet. c. 63, s. 14.

17 In every Act passed after the commencement of this Act the following expressions, unless the contrary intention appears, shall have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them, namely—

- the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them, namely—

 1. The expression "British possession" shall mean any part of Her Majesty's dominions, exclusive of the United Kingdom, and, where parts of such dominions are under both a central and a local legislature, all parts under the central legislature shall, for the purpose of this definition, be deemed to be one British Possession:
 - II. The expression "person" shall include any body of persons corporate or unincorporate:

111. The words "statutory declaration" shall mean a declaration made by virtue of The Statutory Declarations Act, 1837:

iv. Expressions referring to writing shall be construed to include references to printing, lithography, photography, and other modes of representing and reproducing words in a permanently visible form:

v. References to the Sovereign reigning at the time of the passing of the Act or to the Crown shall be construed as references to the Sovereign for the time being, and this

Act shall be binding on the Crown:

vi. The expression "Rules of Court," when used in relation to any court, shall mean rules made by the authority having for the time being power to make rules or orders regulating the practice and procedure of such court, and the power

to make Rules of Court shall include a power to make A.D. 1900. such rules for the purposes of any Act passed after the commencement of this Act, and directing or authorising anything to be done by Rules of Court.

vii. The expression "financial year," used respecting any matters "Financial year." relating to the Consolidated Revenue or moneys provided 52 & 53 Vict. by Parliament, or to the Treasury, or to taxes or finance, c. 63, s. 22. or to accounting or reporting to the Treasurer about public moneys, shall mean the Twelve months ending the last day of December.

18—(1.) Where this Act, or any Act passed after the commence. Effect of repeal ment of this Act, repeals and re-enacts, with or without modification, in future Acts. any provisions of a former Act, references in any other Act to the provisions so repealed shall, unless the contrary intention appears, beconstrued as references to the provisions so re-enacted.

(2.) Where this Act, or any Act passed after the commencement of this Act, repeals any other enactment, then, unless the contrary intention appears, the repeal shall not-

1. Revive anything not in force or existing at the time at which the repeal takes effect; or

II. Affect the previous operation of any enactment so repealed, or anything duly done or suffered under any enactment so repealed; or

III. Affect any right, privilege, obligation, or liability acquired, accrued, or incurred under any enactment so repealed;

IV. Affect any penalty, forfeiture, or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any enactment so repealed; or

v. Affect any investigation, legal proceeding, or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability,

penalty, forfeiture, or punishment as aforesaid; and any such investigation, legal proceeding, or remedy may be instituted, continued, or enforced, and any such penalty, forfeiture, or punishment may be imposed as if the repealing Act had not been passed.

19 The provisions of this Act respecting the construction of Acts Saving for passed after the commencement of this Act shall not affect the con- past Acts. struction of any Act passed before the commencement of this Act, although it is continued or amended by an Act passed after such commencement.

SCHEDULE.

An Act for shortening and explaining the language used in Acts of Council, legal 17 Vict. No. 1. proceedings, deeds, and other documents.

> JOHN VAIL, GOVERNMENT PRINTER, TASMANIA.

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